INDICATIONS.

THREATENING TONIGHT AND SUNDAY.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

SUGGESTION.

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ESTABLISHED 1833. FORT WAYNE, IND., SATURDAY, DEC. 7, 1901. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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HIS KNOWLEDGE OFFICIAL

MAY BE CITED TO APPEAR ON CONTEMPT CHARGE.

Washington, Dec. 7.—There was an interesting and unusual proceeding today in the state department, when attorneys representing parties to a New York law suit sought to compel the testimony of Secretary Hay. The case was an action for libel brought against a New York newspaper by Carl Fischer Hansen, a Danish banker resident in New York, and in it is involved Captain Dirkfeldt Christmas. These persons were said to be interested as agents in the attempt to sell the Danish West Indian islands to the United States government and the publication which forms the basis of the libel suit is said to have reflected upon their competency.

Some days ago Secretary Hay had notice that his testimony had been called for by the defense before the New York state court and this morning Mr. Charles J. Shearn, counsel for the newspaper in question, appeared at the state department with United States Commissioner Frank Blackistone, of this city, and a stenographer. Robertson Honey, of New York, appeared as counsel for Hansen. The parties were received by Secretary Hay in the diplomatic room, the secretary being accompanied by Judge Penfield, solicitor of the state department, as his counsel.

The examination did not last long; in fact, there was no examination in substance. The counsel for the newspaper attempted to propound some questions touching the negotiations that had occurred between Secretary Hay and the Danish agents in 1899-1900. The secretary flatly refused to answer these and through Judge Penfield announced his reasons for so doing to be that he had no personal knowledge of the matters at issue. Whatever knowledge he possessed had been acquired in his capacity of secretary of state and not as an individual. Moreover, the information sought to be elicited was a privileged communication to the government of the United States and to make this public would be highly prejudicial to the interests of the country.

Having formally noted the secretary's refusal and the character of his answer the commissioner and counsel withdrew. It is their purpose to state the facts to the New York state court with a view to having the secretary brought before that court on a charge of contempt.

It appears that the same parties have examined or sought to examine Senator Lodge and Admiral Bradford, chief of the equipment bureau of the navy department, who has had much to do with the negotiations looking to the acquisition of coaling stations by the United States government. It is gathered that neither of these witnesses gave any testiony material to the suit. Senator Lodge, it is said, never having heard of Hansen and Admiral Bradford being acquainted with none of the facts sought to be developed by the defense as bearing upon the alleged libel.

Secretary Hay has had very little to do with the parties in this case. He saw Captain Christmas for about five minutes on the occasion of the officers' visit to Washington, but Mr. Hansen he does not know. The officials of the state department feel secure in their position in resistance to the court's order, finding strong precedent for it in a controversy that arose between President Jefferson and Chief Justice Marshall over a similar application for a mandamus.

BROOKSIDE STOCK IN CHICAGO.

The Galloway cattle from Brookside farm which are being exhibited at the Chicago live stock exposition, figured quite prominently in the awards made yesterday. In class 59 for cows over three years, "Adella of Flamboro" was awarded third and third was also secured by "Ethelinda of Blackhaw," in class 60 for heifers two years old and under three. In class 62, for heifers under one year, "Scottish Princess" took first place. This heifer also received the highest award in class 66, as junior champion female and grand champion.

DRANK POISONED MILK.

Master Victor Robbe, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Robbe, of East Superior street, has been seriously ill for several weeks as the result of drinking poisoned milk, but he is now considered out of danger. The poisoning is thought to have been due to ptomaines.

MISSION WILL CLOSE.

Father Gartland will close his mission for men at St. Patrick's church with a service tomorrow evening. He will officiate at the 10 o'clock mass tomorrow. Father Gartland's subject last evening was "The Last Judgment." The men's sodality of the church will receive several new members at the service tomorrow night.

CARS WILL COME TOMORROW

CURRENT WILL BE TURNED ON NEW ELECTRIC LINE.

Regular Schedule on Southwestern Will Follow a Few Days Later—Stations and Fares.

The first of the interurban cars propelled by electricity will roll into Fort Wayne tomorrow over the new Fort Wayne and Southwestern line from Huntington. For several weeks at irregular intervals cars have been sent over the line with a steam engine as the motive power, but at the company's offices in this city it is stated that the electric current will be turned on tomorrow, and for several days the line will be thoroughly tested.

The hanging of the trolley wires as far as the track has been laid was completed today, and some time during Sunday forenoon the first of the electric cars will come in over the line on Taylor street as far as Broadway. There will be no attempt to place a regular schedule into effect for several days, or until the cars and other machinery has been given a thorough test and has gotten into good running order.

The date for the formal opening will be arranged later, but it will not be long deferred, and cars will then run hourly between Fort Wayne and Huntington, from 6 a. m. to 10 p. m., making the trip in one hour flat. The stations established between Fort Wayne and Huntington, together with the rates of fare in force from Fort Wayne, are as follows: Canal, 5c; Sprankles, 10c; Bash, 15c; Aboit, 20c; Roanoke, 25c; Mardenis, 30c; Conduit street, Huntington, 35c; Huntington, 40c.

There have been so many applications for positions as motormen and conductors upon the new line that the company has been compelled to place upon its office door a notice that no further work can be given out. For the present the cars are to be in charge of experienced men from other interurban lines of the company, but as soon as the line is in good working order local workmen will be substituted.

ED ETCHEY PREVENTS A FIRE

THREW A BLAZING LOUNGE INTO THE STREET.

His Prompt Action Saved a Brooklyn Avenue Residence from Destruction.

The prompt action of a young man named Ed Etchey prevented the probable destruction of a house on Brooklyn avenue by fire Friday evening.

Etchey, who was walking along the street, noticed upon the window of the house the reflection of flames which appeared too extensive to come from a stove, and he promptly pushed open the front door. A large couch in the room was blazing furiously. No members of the family were about and Etchey quickly grasped the burning mass and hurried it out into the dooryard, where the flames were quickly extinguished.

The loss will be about $35. The fire department was not called out.

Messrs. Homer Hollopeter and Justus Pierce, formerly with the Fort Wayne Iron works, have taken positions with the Davis Medical company. Miss Bessie Davis has taken a position as stenographer with the company.

MAKES THEM FREE

JUDGE DUNNE DISCHARGES NEWSPAPER MEN.

NOT GUILTY OF CONTEMPT

HEARST'S NEWSPAPER WINS A VICTORY IN COURT.

HANECY SENTENCED THEM

LAWRENCE AND CANFIELD ARE ACQUITTED.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Andrew M. Lawrence, managing editor of Hearst's Chicago American, and H. S. Canfield, a reporter, who were sentenced by Judge Hanecy to forty and thirty days, respectively, in the county jail for contempt of court, were discharged from custody by Judge Dunne today.

In granting a writ of habeas corpus to the relators the court said that the case hinged on whether the case on which the Chicago American commented had been disposed of by Judge Hanecy or was still pending.

Judge Dunne held that the case in question had been fully disposed of by Judge Hanecy when he gave his decision from the bench. The fact that the clerk had not entered the order when the comment on the decision was printed and published therefore does not show that the case was still pending.

The act of entering the order on the record was merely a ministerial act, Judge Dunne said.

JUDGE DUNNE'S RULING.

Judge Dunne admitted that the articles and cartoon which Judge Hanecy objected to were clearly calculated to intimidate and coerce the court, had the court not already rendered its decision. Judge Dunne admitted that the cartoon in evidence was probably libelous, and the articles possibly so.

Harsh criticism, Judge Dunne remarked, is one of the incidents and burdens of public life. "I see no reason," he said, "why a judge should be offered a different remedy for attacks in the public prints than a president, or a governor, or a congressman. Criticism of a public official, if just, will do good; if unjust, will do no harm."

In concluding, the court said: "I am clearly of the opinion that the language used in open court by Judge Hanecy amounted to a final order disposing of the case under consideration, and that being a final order, under the doctrine of 'contempt' as laid down in this state by our supreme court in the case of Storey vs. the people, that the relators had a right to comment and criticise that decision, even to the extent of libeling the honorable and respected judge who, rendered that opinion without exposing themselves to prosecution for contempt of court."

Following is Judge Hanecy's comment on Judge Dunne's decision:

"Judge Dunne had the powers to decide, but he did not have the right. Any judge has the power to let every prisoner out of the penitentiaries, but they have not the right, nor does anybody expect that they will."

HISTORY OF CASE.

The contempt case and the habeas corpus hearing which followed grew out of an effort made by the Chicago American to secure an order so quo warranto proceedings to compel the People's Gas, Light and Coke company to show by what right they operated in Chicago.

Judge Hanecy refused to allow the quo warranto proceeding and following this refusal the American printed articles and a cartoon strongly intimating that the judge had been unduly influenced and that when he again came up for election he would discover that the people had no confidence in him.

Judge Hanecy cited Lawrence and Canfield, with others of the paper, for contempt and found Lawrence and Canfield guilty. W. R. Hearst, owner of the paper; Clare Briggs and Homer Davenport, cartoonists, have not been within the jurisdiction of the court, and the contempt charge still pends against them. The evidence heard by Judge Hanecy was reviewed before Judge Dunne.

TOOK SOME PREMIUMS.

H. H. Schnelker, of New Haven, who was in the city this morning, has just returned from Chicago, where he had a number of fine Gereford cattle on exhibition at the fat stock show. Six cattle were shown, and upon these Mr. Schnelker took five ribbons, as follows: Second on fat steer, fifth on three-year-old heifer, fourth on two-year-old heifer, fourth on yearling heifer and third on eighteen-month-old bull. The fat steer was also entered in the beef test, but the awards had not been made when Mr. Schnelker left the city. Allen county cattle made a splendid showing in competition with the prize stock of the entire world.

WILL BE GIVEN TIME.

Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 7.—The creditors of the Pittsburg Construction and Manufacturing company, and West & Wilson, the contractors, who last Monday made a voluntary assignment to the Prudential Trust company, of this city, have unanimously agreed to an extension. The concerns have contracts for fifty buildings, whose construction is under way, approximating $280,000. The statement presented to the creditors showed assets of $150,000 in excess of liabilities.

RANKIN LEASES WAYNE CLUB

FURNISHINGS WERE PLACED ON SALE TODAY.

Bid of $1,212 Was Accepted—Opening Awaits Court's Disposition of the Matter.

R. O. Rankin, well known as the former proprietor of the Wayne hotel, has concluded terms for the lease of the Wayne club, but the date of the opening of the institution depends very largely upon the decision of the court with reference to the sale of the furnishings in the building, which were placed on sale this morning.

At 10 o'clock H. J. Miller, trustee for the creditors, was on hand to open the sale, but no bidders appeared. He was notified that the prospective purchasers were in consultation and asked that the sale be deferred until 11:30 o'clock, which was done. At that hour quite a crowd was present in the lobby of the building when Judge Vesey, for the trustee, asked for a bid upon the furnishings, which had been appraised at about $2,000.

E. C. Shell, of the Pape Furniture company, acting for Mr. Rankin's ganization, offered $1,112 for that portion of the goods covered by the Hamilton bank's mortgage, or $1,212 for the total amount of furnishings in the building. Judge Vesey believed the property ought to bring more, but later the sale was concluded at those figures. The matter has now been referred to Judge Chapin, referee in bankruptcy.

Mr. Rankin's lease contemplates that the Tippecanoe club shall occupy one portion of the building, though in no way controlling the club affairs, which he will manage himself.

DR. WISHARD TO LECTURE.

Dr. J. G. Wishard, of Indianapolis, will lecture tomorrow morning in the First Presbyterian church, in the absence of Rev. D. W. Moffat, who is in Washington. Dr. Wishard spent ten years in Teheran, the capital of Persia, in the interest of Presbyterian missions, and his lecture will cover his experiences while in that country. The morning service at the First church will be the annual thank offering services of the Woman's Missionary society and a special musical program will be rendered by the choir. Dr. Wishard will address the Sunday school previous to the morning service and will exhibit the decorations conferred on him by the shah of Persia. Dr. Wishard is a lecturer of note and his address will be of great interest.

IT WILL BE MINSTRELS.

The committee in charge of the Elks' annual charity entertainment has practically decided that the offering this year will be in the nature of a minstrel show, which will be given in January. Several professional stars will be engaged to assist the local burnt cork lights, and the show will be one of the best ever given in the city by local talent.

REV. S. C. DICKEY HOME.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 7.—The Rev. S. C. Dickey, of the Winona assembly has returned from Europe, where he has been securing speakers for the bible conference to be held at Winona lake, Aug. 17 to 27, next year. The trip occupied six weeks, during which speakers were engaged at Liverpool, Edinburg, Bristol and other continental cities.

Miss Clara Froegler very pleasantly entertained the Daisy Chain club last evening.

A TERRIBLE CRIME

IS CHARGED TO A WOMAN OF PAYNE, OHIO.

MURDER OF A LITTLE GIRL

HURRIED LITTLE ONE INTO HER COFFIN.

BODY IS LATER EXHUMED

GIRL'S FATHER ALSO UNDER ARREST.

Payne, Ohio, Dec. 7.—Mrs. Ida Cheney and George Franklin, a farmer living about four miles from this place, are in jail at Paulding, charged with the murder of Franklin's six-year-old daughter, Opal.

Franklin's wife died about three years ago and about a year ago he employed the Cheney woman as a housekeeper. They are now awaiting the verdict of the coroner, and as the evidence is thought strong against the woman, they doubtless will be held to the grand jury.

Feeling here is quite bitter against the woman, whose brutal treatment of the little girl whose death she is thought to have caused was long a subject of indignant gossip.

The Cheney woman has been Franklin's housekeeper since the death of his wife, three years ago, and it is alleged she has always treated the little girl cruelly. To the neighbors' complaints, however, the father had always been indifferent. Friday, of last week, Ida Cheney went to a neighbor's and reported that the child had been seized with convulsions while alone in the house and had died.

When the neighbors went to the Franklin home they found the little corpse already prepared for burial in her ordinary clothes. They wanted to put on a shroud, but the housekeeper would not hear to it, and, as the father acquiesced, the child was buried last Sunday. But the matter came to the knowledge of the prosecuting attorney, who had the remains exhumed by the coroner yesterday. The body was found to be badly bruised, and there was a mark on the skull of a blow sufficient to have caused a fatal concussion. The Cheney woman was immediately arrested for murder and is now in jail.

The Cheney woman is about thirty years old and has not borne a good reputation in the place. Whether she is the widow or wife is not known, nor is anything known about her antecedents. Her abuse of the little girl was a matter of common talk about the town.

THE CORONER'S VERDICT.

The verdict as returned by the coroner, D. Charles W. Gordon, of Latty, is as follows:

"The child came to its death by violence at the hands of unknown persons. Evidence in the case must decide as to the guilt or innocence of the parties under arrest, or whosoever connected with the crime."

LOCAL LINES.

W. H. Drier and family returned last evening from Madison, where they were called by the death of Mr. Drier's mother.

C. A. Pfeiffer has returned from Chicago, where he attended the live stock exhibition. He was the guest of A. N. Fitzsimmons.

Quarantine was this morning removed from the residence of William Kayser, 220 West Jefferson street, where scarlet fever has existed.

The Southside Aid society will be entertained Monday afternoon by Mrs. G. H. Loesch, at her home, 52 Washington boulevard. She will be assisted by Mrs. N. G. Flagle.

The regular meeting of the Relief Union will be held Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and the meeting of the Home for Emergencies will be held at 2:30 of the same day.

Summit City lodge, No. 36, A. O. U. W., initiated one candidate on Thursday night and received twelve applications for membership. The annual election occurs next Thursday night.

Last evening the "Howling Time" glee club was organized at the home of T. H. Habercom, on East Lewis street. About thirty "singers," most of them from the high school, compose the club.

A flagstaff about thirty feet in length has been removed from the Railroad Y. M. C. A. building at the corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets, owing to the fact that it threatened to wreck that portion of the building on [illegible] it was [illegible]

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HIS KNOWLEDGE OFFICIAL

MAY BE CITED TO APPEAR ON CONTEMPT CHARGE.

Washington, Dec. 7.—There was an interesting and unusual proceeding today in the state department, when attorneys representing parties to a New York law suit sought to compel the testimony of Secretary Hay. The case was an action for libel brought against a New York newspaper by Carl Fischer Hansen, a Danish banker resident in New York, and in it is involved Captain Dirkfeldt Christmas. These persons were said to be interested as agents in the attempt to sell the Danish West Indian islands to the United States government and the publication which forms the basis of the libel suit is said to have reflected upon their competency.

Some days ago Secretary Hay had notice that his testimony had been called for by the defense before the New York state court and this morning Mr. Charles J. Shearn, counsel for the newspaper in question, appeared at the state department with United States Commissioner Frank Blackistone, of this city, and a stenographer. Robertson Honey, of New York, appeared as counsel for Hansen. The parties were received by Secretary Hay in the diplomatic room, the secretary being accompanied by Judge Penfield, solicitor of the state department, as his counsel.

The examination did not last long; in fact, there was no examination in substance. The counsel for the newspaper attempted to propound some questions touching the negotiations that had occurred between Secretary Hay and the Danish agents in 1899-1900. The secretary flatly refused to answer these and through Judge Penfield announced his reasons for so doing to be that he had no personal knowledge of the matters at issue. Whatever knowledge he possessed had been acquired in his capacity of secretary of state and not as an individual. Moreover, the information sought to be elicited was a privileged communication to the government of the United States and to make this public would be highly prejudicial to the interests of the country.

Having formally noted the secretary's refusal and the character of his answer the commissioner and counsel withdrew. It is their purpose to state the facts to the New York state court with a view to having the secretary brought before that court on a charge of contempt.

It appears that the same parties have examined or sought to examine Senator Lodge and Admiral Bradford, chief of the equipment bureau of the navy department, who has had much to do with the negotiations looking to the acquisition of coaling stations by the United States government. It is gathered that neither of these witnesses gave any testiony material to the suit. Senator Lodge, it is said, never having heard of Hansen and Admiral Bradford being acquainted with none of the facts sought to be developed by the defense as bearing upon the alleged libel.

Secretary Hay has had very little to do with the parties in this case. He saw Captain Christmas for about five minutes on the occasion of the officers' visit to Washington, but Mr. Hansen he does not know. The officials of the state department feel secure in their position in resistance to the court's order, finding strong precedent for it in a controversy that arose between President Jefferson and Chief Justice Marshall over a similar application for a mandamus.

BROOKSIDE STOCK IN CHICAGO.

The Galloway cattle from Brookside farm which are being exhibited at the Chicago live stock exposition, figured quite prominently in the awards made yesterday. In class 59 for cows over three years, "Adella of Flamboro" was awarded third and third was also secured by "Ethelinda of Blackhaw," in class 60 for heifers two years old and under three. In class 62, for heifers under one year, "Scottish Princess" took first place. This heifer also received the highest award in class 66, as junior champion female and grand champion.

DRANK POISONED MILK.

Master Victor Robbe, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Robbe, of East Superior street, has been seriously ill for several weeks as the result of drinking poisoned milk, but he is now considered out of danger. The poisoning is thought to have been due to ptomaines.

MISSION WILL CLOSE.

Father Gartland will close his mission for men at St. Patrick's church with a service tomorrow evening. He will officiate at the 10 o'clock mass tomorrow. Father Gartland's subject last evening was "The Last Judgment." The men's sodality of the church will receive several new members at the service tomorrow night.

CARS WILL COME TOMORROW

CURRENT WILL BE TURNED ON NEW ELECTRIC LINE.

Regular Schedule on Southwestern Will Follow a Few Days Later—Stations and Fares.

The first of the interurban cars propelled by electricity will roll into Fort Wayne tomorrow over the new Fort Wayne and Southwestern line from Huntington. For several weeks at irregular intervals cars have been sent over the line with a steam engine as the motive power, but at the company's offices in this city it is stated that the electric current will be turned on tomorrow, and for several days the line will be thoroughly tested.

The hanging of the trolley wires as far as the track has been laid was completed today, and some time during Sunday forenoon the first of the electric cars will come in over the line on Taylor street as far as Broadway. There will be no attempt to place a regular schedule into effect for several days, or until the cars and other machinery has been given a thorough test and has gotten into good running order.

The date for the formal opening will be arranged later, but it will not be long deferred, and cars will then run hourly between Fort Wayne and Huntington, from 6 a. m. to 10 p. m., making the trip in one hour flat. The stations established between Fort Wayne and Huntington, together with the rates of fare in force from Fort Wayne, are as follows: Canal, 5c; Sprankles, 10c; Bash, 15c; Abcit, 20c; Roanoke, 25c; Mardenis, 30c; Conduit street, Huntington, 35c; Huntington, 40c.

There have been so many applications for positions as motormen and conductors upon the new line that the company has been compelled to place upon its office door a notice that no further work can be given out. For the present the cars are to be in charge of experienced men from other interurban lines of the company, but as soon as the line is in good working order local workmen will be substituted.

ED ETCHEY PREVENTS A FIRE

THREW A BLAZING LOUNGE INTO THE STREET.

His Prompt Action Saved a Brooklyn Avenue Residence from Destruction.

The prompt action of a young man named Ed Etchey prevented the probable destruction of a house on Brooklyn avenue by fire Friday evening.

Etchey, who was walking along the street, noticed upon the window of the house the reflection of flames which appeared too extensive to come from a stove, and he promptly pushed open the front door. A large couch in the room was blazing furiously. No members of the family were about and Etchey quickly grasped the burning mass and hurried it out into the dooryard, where the flames were quickly extinguished.

The loss will be about $35. The fire department was not called out.

Messrs. Homer Hollopeter and Justus Pierce, formerly with the Fort Wayne Iron works, have taken positions with the Davis Medical company. Miss Bessie Davis has taken a position as stenographer with the company.

MAKES THEM FREE

JUDGE DUNNE DISCHARGES NEWSPAPER MEN.

NOT GUILTY OF CONTEMPT

HEARST'S NEWSPAPER WINS A VICTORY IN COURT.

HANECY SENTENCED THEM

LAWRENCE AND CANFIELD ARE ACQUITTED.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Andrew M. Lawrence, managing editor of Hearst's Chicago American, and H. S. Canfield, a reporter, who were sentenced by Judge Haney to forty and thirty days, respectively, in the county jail for contempt of court, were discharged from custody by Judge Dunne today.

In granting a writ of habeas corpus to the relators the court said that the case hinged on whether the case on which the Chicago American commented had been disposed of by Judge Hanecy or was still pending.

Judge Dunne held that the case in question had been fully disposed of by Judge Haney when he gave his decision from the bench. The fact that the clerk had not entered the order when the comment on the decision was printed and published therefore does not show that the case was still pending.

The act of entering the order on the record was merely a ministerial act, Judge Dunne said.

JUDGE DUNNE'S RULING.

Judge Dunne admitted that the articles and cartoon which Judge Hanecy objected to were clearly calculated to intimidate and coerce the court, had the court not already rendered its decision. Judge Dunne admitted that the cartoon in evidence was probably libelous, and the articles possibly so.

Harsh criticism, Judge Dunne remarked, is one of the incidents and burdens of public life. "I see no reason," he said, "why a judge should be offered a different remedy for attacks in the public prints than a president, or a governor, or a congressman. Criticism of a public official, if just, will do good; if unjust, will do no harm."

In concluding, the court said: "I am clearly of the opinion that the language used in open court by Judge Hanecy amounted to a final order disposing of the case under consideration, and that being a final order, under the doctrine of 'contempt' as laid down in this state by our supreme court in the case of Storey vs. the people, that the relators had a right to comment and criticise that decision, even to the extent of libeling the honorable and respected judge who, rendered that opinion without exposing themselves to prosecution for contempt of court."

Following is Judge Hanecy's comment on Judge Dunne's decision:

"Judge Dunne had the powers to decide, but he did not have the right. Any judge has the power to let every prisoner out of the penitentiaries, but they have not the right, nor does anybody expect that they will."

HISTORY OF CASE.

The contempt case and the habeas corpus hearing which followed grew out of an effort made by the Chicago American to secure an order so quo warranto proceedings to compel the People's Gas, Light and Coke company to show by what right they operated in Chicago.

Judge Hanecy refused to allow the quo warranto proceeding and following this refusal the American printed articles and a cartoon strongly intimating that the judge had been unduly influenced and that when he again came up for election he would discover that the people had no confidence in him.

Judge Hanecy cited Lawrence and Canfield, with others of the paper, for contempt and found Lawrence and Canfield guilty. W. R. Hearst, owner of the paper; Clare Briggs and Homer Davenport, cartoonists, have not been within the jurisdiction of the court, and the contempt charge still pends against them. The evidence heard by Judge Hanecy was reviewed before Judge Dunne.

TOOK SOME PREMIUMS.

H. H. Schnelker, of New Haven, who was in the city this morning, has just returned from Chicago, where he had a number of fine Gereford cattle on exhibition at the fat stock show. Six cattle were shown, and upon these Mr. Schnelker took five ribbons, as follows: Second on fat steer, fifth on three-year-old heifer, fourth on two-year-old heifer, fourth on yearling heifer and third on eighteen-month-old bull. The fat steer was also entered in the beef test, but the awards had not been made when Mr. Schnelker left the city. Allen county cattle made a splendid showing in competition with the prize stock of the entire world.

WILL BE GIVEN TIME.

Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 7.—The creditors of the Pittsburg Construction and Manufacturing company, and West & Wilson, the contractors, who last Monday made a voluntary assignment to the Prudential Trust company, of this city, have unanimously agreed to an extension. The concerns have contracts for fifty buildings, whose construction is under way, approximating $280,000. The statement presented to the creditors showed assets of $150,000 in excess of liabilities.

RANKIN LEASES WAYNE CLUB

FURNISHINGS WERE PLACED ON SALE TODAY.

Bid of $1,212 Was Accepted—Opening Awaits Court's Disposition of the Matter.

R. O. Rankin, well known as the former proprietor of the Wayne hotel, has concluded terms for the lease of the Wayne club, but the date of the opening of the institution depends very largely upon the decision of the court with reference to the sale of the furnishings in the building, which were placed on sale this morning.

At 10 o'clock H. J. Miller, trustee for the creditors, was on hand to open the sale, but no bidders appeared. He was notified that the prospective purchasers were in consultation and asked that the sale be deferred until 11:30 o'clock, which was done. At that hour quite a crowd was present in the lobby of the building when Judge Vesey, for the trustee, asked for a bid upon the furnishings, which had been appraised at about $2,000.

E. C. Shell, of the Pape Furniture company, acting for Mr. Rankin's ganization, offered $1,112 for that portion of the goods covered by the Hamilton bank's mortgage, or $1,212 for the total amount of furnishings in the building. Judge Vesey believed the property ought to bring more, but later the sale was concluded at those figures. The matter has now been referred to Judge Chapin, referee in bankruptcy.

Mr. Rankin's lease contemplates that the Tippecanoe club shall occupy one portion of the building, though in no way controlling the club affairs, which he will manage himself.

DR. WISHARD TO LECTURE.

Dr. J. G. Wishard, of Indianapolis, will lecture tomorrow morning in the First Presbyterian church, in the absence of Rev. D. W. Moffat, who is in Washington. Dr. Wishard spent ten years in Teheran, the capital of Persia, in the interest of Presbyterian missions, and his lecture will cover his experiences while in that country. The morning service at the First church will be the annual thank offering services of the Woman's Missionary society and a special musical program will be rendered by the choir. Dr. Wishard will address the Sunday school previous to the morning service and will exhibit the decorations conferred on him by the shah of Persia. Dr. Wishard is a lecturer of note and his address will be of great interest.

IT WILL BE MINSTRELS.

The committee in charge of the Elks' annual charity entertainment has practically decided that the offering this year will be in the nature of a minstrel show, which will be given in January. Several professional stars will be engaged to assist the local burnt cork lights, and the show will be one of the best ever given in the city by local talent.

REV. S. C. DICKEY HOME.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 7.—The Rev. S. C. Dickey, of the Winona assembly has returned from Europe, where he has been securing speakers for the bible conference to be held at Winona lake, Aug. 17 to 27, next year. The trip occupied six weeks, during which speakers were engaged at Liverpool, Edinburg, Bristol and other continental cities.

Miss Clara Proegler very pleasantly entertained the Daisy Chain club last evening.

A TERRIBLE CRIME

IS CHARGED TO A WOMAN OF PAYNE, OHIO.

MURDER OF A LITTLE GIRL

HURRIED LITTLE ONE INTO HER COFFIN.

BODY IS LATER EXHUMED

GIRL'S FATHER ALSO UNDER ARREST.

Payne, Ohio, Dec. 7.—Mrs. Ida Cheney and George Franklin, a farmer living about four miles from this place, are in jail at Paulding, charged with the murder of Franklin's six-year-old daughter, Opal.

Franklin's wife died about three years ago and about a year ago he employed the Cheney woman as a housekeeper. They are now awaiting the verdict of the coroner, and as the evidence is thought strong against the woman, they doubtless will be held to the grand jury.

Feeling here is quite bitter against the woman, whose brutal treatment of the little girl whose death she is thought to have caused was long a subject of indignant gossip.

The Cheney woman has been Franklin's housekeeper since the death of his wife, three years ago, and it is alleged she has always treated the little girl cruelly. To the neighbors' complaints, however, the father had always been indifferent. Friday, of last week, Ida Cheney went to a neighbor's and reported that the child had been seized with convulsions while alone in the house and had died.

When the neighbors went to the Franklin home they found the little corpse already prepared for burial in her ordinary clothes. They wanted to put on a shroud, but the housekeeper would not hear to it, and, as the father acquiesced, the child was buried last Sunday. But the matter came to the knowledge of the prosecuting attorney, who had the remains exhumed by the coroner yesterday. The body was found to be badly bruised, and there was a mark on the skull of a blow sufficient to have caused a fatal concussion. The Cheney woman was immediately arrested for murder and is now in jail.

The Cheney woman is about thirty years old and has not borne a good reputation in the place. Whether she is the widow or wife is not known, nor is anything known about her antecedents. Her abuse of the little girl was a matter of common talk about the town.

THE CORONER'S VERDICT.

The verdict as returned by the coroner, D. Charles W. Gordon, of Latty, is as follows:

"The child came to its death by violence at the hands of unknown persons. Evidence in the case must decide as to the guilt or innocence of the parties under arrest, or whosever connected with the crime."

LOCAL LINES.

W. H. Drier and family returned last evening from Madison, where they were called by the death of Mr. Drier's mother.

C. A. Pfeiffer has returned from Chicago, where he attended the live stock exhibition. He was the guest of A. N. Fitzsimmons.

Quarantine was this morning removed from the residence of William Kayser, 220 West Jefferson street, where scarlet fever has existed.

The Southside Aid society will be entertained Monday afternoon by Mrs. G. H. Loesch, at her home, 52 Washington boulevard. She will be assisted by Mrs. N. G. Flagle.

The regular meeting of the Relief Union will be held Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and the meeting of the Home for Emergencies will be held at 2:30 of the same day.

Summit City lodge, No. 36, A. O. U. W., initiated one candidate on Thursday night and received twelve applications for membership. The annual election occurs next Thursday night.

Last evening the "Howling Time" glee club was organized at the home of T. H. Habercom, on East Lewis street. About thirty "singers," most of them from the high school, compose the club.

A flagstaff about thirty feet in length has been removed from the Railroad Y. M. C. A. building at the corner of Calhoun and Holman streets, owing to the fact that it threatened to wreck that porion of the building on which it was placed.

PEOPLE REALIZE

DANGER IN THAT COMMON DISEASE, CATARRH.

Because catarrhal diseases are so common and because catarrh is not usually fatal, people too often overlook and neglect it until some incurable ailment develops as a result of the neglect.

The inflamed condition of the membrane of the nose and throat makes a fertile soil for the germs of pneumonia and consumption—in fact, catarrhal pneumonia and catarrhal consumption are the most common forms of these dreaded diseases, which annually cause more than one quarter of the deaths in this country.

Remedies for catarrh are almost as numerous as catarrhal sufferers, but very few have any actual merit as a cure, the only good derived being simply a temporary relief.

There is, however, a very effective remedy recently discovered which is rapidly becoming famous for its great value in relieving and permanently curing all forms of catarrhal diseases, whether located in the head, throat, lungs or stomach.

This new catarrh cure is principally composed of gum derived from the Eucolyptus tree, and this gum possesses extraordinary healing and anti-septic properties. It is taken internally in the form of a lozenge or tablet, pleasant to the taste and so harmless that little children take them with safety and benefit.

Eucolyptus oil and the bark are sometimes used but are not so convenient nor so palatable as the gum.

Undoubtedly the best quality is found in Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, which may be found in any drug store, and any catarrh sufferer who has tried douches, inhalers and liquid medicines will be surprised at the rapid improvement after a few days' use of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, which are composed of the gum of the Eucolyptus tree, combined with other antiseptics which destroy the germs of catarrh in the blood and expel the catarrhal poison from the system.

Dr. Ramsdell, in speaking of catarrh and its cure, says: "After many experiments I have given up the idea of curing catarrh by the use of inhalers, washes, salves or liquid medicines. I have always had the best results from Stuart's Catarrh Tablets; the red gum and other valuable antiseptics contained in these tablets make them, in my opinion, far superior to any of the numerous catarrh remedies so extensively advertised. The fact that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold in drug stores, under protection of a trademark, should not prejudice conscientious physicians against them, because their harmless character make them a remedy which every catarrh sufferer may use with perfect safety and the prospect of a permanent cure.

For colds in the head, for coughs, catarrhal deafness and catarrh of the stomach and liver, people who have tried them say that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are a house hold necessity.

Borrow From Us
WE LOAN MONEY.

Perhaps you do not know just how to get or where to go for a little money. This partially explains.

We make loans of $10, $20, $30, $50, $100 on furniture, pianos, horses and buggies, wagons, etc.

Everything left in your possession and you have the use of the money and property. We give you from 1 to 12 months to pay the money back and the payments are so small you scarcely notice it. All our dealings private and confidential. Our manner of doing business fully explained if you will call at the office.

INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

Room 3, Arcade, upstairs.
Home phone 995.
Open Saturday evening from 7 to 9 o'clock.

BLUE—
Dishes Right from Japan. . . . .

Delicate patterns and just the right blue makes this ware much sought after.

We now have in a new lot, so can supply you by the dozen. We wish to call attention to our stock of Christmas novelties, which is more complete this year than ever before. New number,

819 Calhoun Street.

Lehman Book & News Co.

U. S. Stamps

The newest and finest premiums ever before given are coming in daily, and by Christmas time Uncle Sam Stamp patrons will all be delighted with what they can get for their stamps.

NAUGHTY FOLKS WAKE UP

SOMETHING DOIN' IN POLICE CIRCLES AGAIN.

Judge Louttit Faced by Choice Assortment of Delinquents Today —News of the Police.

The record of good conduct put up by Fort Wayne as a community was broken this morning when Judge Louttit was obliged to pass judgment in four cases. The prosecuting attorney who was present received a severe shock when John Dehr, after being fined $11 for drunkenness, without apparent malice, produced the required amount and paid his fine. It was the second time in about a month that anybody paid a fine in a state case involving the prosecutor's fee.

Bobby Dickson's friend had recovered sufficiently this morning to give his name to the clerk, which he stated was George Bergermeister. It will be observed by the careful critic that George has evidently forgotten how to spell his hind name—"Bergermeister" wouldn't go anywhere except in a Fort Wayne police court. Anyway, Mr. Bergermeister drew a prize calling for fifteen days.

Sadie Porter looked a bit abashed when the prosecutor accused her of having been drunk. She said, however, that she guessed there was some ground for suspicion, and rather than raise a fuss about it she would plead guilty. It was fifteen days for Sadie.

John Foster, a colored gentleman, declared that during twenty-two years as a tourist he had never encountered a brand of whisky that could put a professional in the clear in so short a time as the article he went up against in Fort Wayne yesterday afternoon. He did not deny having been drunk, but could not imagine how it happened. Judge Louttit allowed him fifteen days to collect his thoughts.

Officer Paul brought in a plain drunk this morning and locked him up. The man gave his name as Allen and he is the father of the more or less notorious Jack Allen, of Van Wert, arrested here several months ago on a specific charge of vagrancy and sent over on general principles.

Early morning milk thieves are still operating in the vicinity of the corner of Berry and Lafayette streets.

Photographer Perry reported to the police that he yesterday recovered his valuable hunting dog, reported stolen the day before. He found the dog in the country, about five miles from the city.

Louis Fox and Paul Stradler, two young lads found shooting air guns with dangerous effect, were taken into custody yesterday afternoon and were given a serious lecture by the officers in charge of the police station.

Officers were called to the residence of Dr. M. F. Porter last evening to look after supposed burglars or other enterprising investigators about the premises. A close search failed to reveal any signs of depredators.

William Ross, of Columbia City, editor of a poultry paper up there, did a pretty good job while he was in town early in the week. On Wednesday he managed to lay down about $60 worth of checks, which came back from Columbia City yesterday endorsed "no funds."

CELEBRATE FEAST OF LIGHTS.

There will be a children's service at the Jewish temple tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock in honor of Chanukka, or the Feast of Lights, celebrating the victory of Judas Maccabeus and his brethren over the Syrian tyrant Antiochus.

Wednesday evening there will be a children's festival, beginning at 8 o'clock, and the program will include musical and literary numbers, while the girls of the highest class will present a little play entitled, "Six Cups of Chocolate."

ADMIRAL SAMPSON VERY ILL.

Washington, Dec. 7.—It is authoritatively stated that there has been no marked change for the worse in the condition of Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson. However, he is now as he has been since he came to Washington, in very feeble health, and his chances for withstanding any serious strain upon his vitality are said to be slight.

HE IMPROVISES POETRY.

Altoona, Dec. 7.—Peter Lee, a telegraph operator who became erratic a few years ago after an illness, and who has since spent his time walking about town improvising poetry, happened into a hotel last night where two representatives of a well-known monthly magazine were stopping. Hearing Lee's weird rhymes, which seemed to spring from an interminable source, one of the magazine men got him into conversation while the other sat down on paper in shorthand the poems Lee was delivering. At the conclusion of the sitting, which lasted about an hour, the magazine men declared they had secured a valuable contribution to modern literature. They regard Lee's extemporized poems as better products than anything that has come from the pens of the best writers in a year and their word is out that the verses will soon appear under an explanatory note as to how they were secured. Lee, seeming by no means flattered, offered to fill the magazine with poems for an indefinite period. Before his illness Lee had never attempted a line of poetry. His productions are always oral, and on this account many of his best things have perished.

STRIKING THE RIGHT SPOT.

THAT'S THE GREAT SECRET OF FORT WAYNE PRAISE GIVEN TO DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS.

There comes times to every life when a lack of strength—failing appetite—poor circulation—weak heart action and many other symptoms may break in. They are not diseases—the person may not be laid up until they have existed a long time. The influence of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills is to create Nerve Force and immediately people find themselves getting well because Nerve Force controls every vital organ of the body.

Mr. John Mooney, of No. 186 Lafayette street, Fort Wayne, Ind., says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are a splendid medicine. My heart was very irregular, due to excessive tobacco using. The nervous system itself was profoundly impressed by the use of tobacco. I was told of the Nerve Pills and got some at Meyer Bros. & Co.'s drug store, No. 14 Calhoun street. The medicine so toned up the nervous system and strengthened me that the heart action became steady and strong—something it has not been for a long time. I am greatly pleased with the medicine."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

NOTED EDUCATOR DEAD.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 7.—Major Henry Fulton, a member of the faculty of the University of Colorado, is dead of heart disease. He was 55 years of age and was a native of Greece, N. Y. He served with distinction in the civil war, enlisting at the age of 15 years and spent one year in Libby prison.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Prof. Plumadore has returned from a business trip to Butler.

FOR THE LADIES.

Just received, new styles and patterns in ladies' cloths. Prices the lowest. Fit guaranteed. G. Schmidt, merchant tailor, 57 E. Berry street. 27-tf

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm

cures every kind of cough, la grippe, bronchitis, sore throat, croup, whooping cough, etc. Never deranges the stomach. At Druggists, 10 & 25c.

$850.00

Will buy a good new 5-room house, lot 32x150, on Wheeler street; $150 cash, balance at $7.00 a month. Will pay 10 per cent on your investment.

H. T. STAPLEFORD,
12-7-tf 226 W. Creighton Ave.

CUT TO PIECES.

From the amont of new goods that Rhoads, the cut rate druggist receives, you would think that he is opening up a new store, but if you watch the front door and see the number of people that carry away packages you will understand why he buys so much. But why should he not have a big trade when he saves you 25 per cent. on everything found in a first class drug store? Rhodes' prices are the lowest and his goods are the best. Remember the number, 97 roadway, southeast corner Washington. 4-7

SAVINGS BANK'S

If you cannot own a National Bank you can own a Tri-State Saving Bank. By depositing $1.00 with the association you can have a bank.

Every family should have one for their children.

5 per cent paid on these savings. Why take less?

TRI-STATE BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
G. W. PIXLEY, Pres.
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—THE—
Citizens Trust Company,
Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Deposits . . . . . .

One Dollar
—AND UP.—
LOANS—Made on farm and city property at low rates.

CALIFORNIA

Best Personally Conducted Tourist Excursions
LEAVE CHICAGO
Tuesdays and Thursdays
VIA THE
GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE
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Southern Route every Tuesday.

Daily First Class Sleeper Through Between Chicago and San Francisco
Crossing the best scenery of the Rockies and Sierra Nevadas by Daylight in both directions. Direct connection to and from Los Angeles. Best Dining Car Service through.
Write for information and literature to
FRANK L. MILLER, T. P. A.,
409 Rialto Bldg., - - - CHICAGO.
Nov30-eod-20t

Miss Belle Evans has taken a position as stenographer with W. F. Urbahns.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Norton, of 417 Lafayette street—a daughter.

BOYS' FOOTWEAR.

"That Boy of Mine Wears Out More Shoes than I Do,"

Is a Common Remark of Parents.

A boy takes four steps to a man's one. He doesn't know how to walk but is always on the run or jump. Mud and slush are the same as dry land to him. Notwithstanding all this, you put a $1.25 shoe on his foot and expect the same service from it as the father gets from a $3.50 shoe.

If you wish to keep your boy's feet dry and keep the doctor away, select a shoe with a genuine calf upper, with Rock Oak soles, and pay a reasonable price and there will be no complaint.

You can get such shoes at the

Hoosier Shoe Store.

TONIGHT!

Will wind up the last of the Great 25-Cent Package Deal.

Tonight Your Last Chance.

Be on hand early and get one of the choice packages. The Diamond Ring, Tea Set, Parlor Clock and Ladies' Gold Headed Silk Umbrella are still to be had. Besides these the windows contain many other expensive articles, such as Opera Glasses, Silver Fruit Stands, Cake Baskets, $1.25 Alarm Clocks, Solid Gold Rings, Knives, Forks, Ladles, Spoons, set of 6, etc.

Be on Hand Early. 25 cent for choice

J. L. SIEVERT,

Wholesale Jeweler, - - - 79 Calhoun Street.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.

CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
CORNER COURT AND MAIN STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificate and book deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

Loans made on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

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Charles A. Wilding,	David Studebaker.

PURCELL STABLES...

Frank Purcell's New Livery, Sale and Boarding Stables are established at 174 Harrison St. and are prepared to furnish the very best of rigs at reasonable prices; also the very best care given to boarders. Phone 978, also Rich Hotel phone 226.

THE BEST XMAS GIFT

For Wife, Daughter or Son....

would be a good piano. We can sell you an

Everett or a Harvard

both high grade, for CASH OR ON EASY PAYMENTS.

In Guitars, Mandolins, etc., we have everything that is new.

Hear our Phonographs and Victor Talking Machines. All prices. We have all the latest records.

Guy Conklin,

Opp. Cathedral. 156½ Calhoun.

..Troy Laundry..

Our process is the very latest, up-to-date, and we are always the first to adopt the new devices for improving our methods and grade of finished work. If not a patron already, try us and be convinced. Both 'phones, 160. 48 and 50 Pearl street.

F. L. Jones & Co., Props.

M. J. LORDIER,

Sanitary Plumber and Gas Fitter.
35 BAKER STREET.
Let us figure on your work.
Prices lowest. Workmanship the best.
Home Phone 1593 Main.

Holland Herring, Roll Mops, Bismarck Herring, Russian Sardines, Caviar, Kieler Sprotten, Hamburg Eels, Sap Sago Cheese, Imported Swiss Cheese, Dill Pickles, Pfeffernusse, Capres, Mustard, Braunschweiger Liver Sausage.
Frankfurter every Thursday.
Rappee Snuff.
AT STRODEL & SON,
NO. 13 HARRISON STREET.

SHIPMENT OF GENUINE TURKISH RUGS.

WE wish to announce that we have received a shipment of Genuine Turkish Rugs, imported direct, and that the public is most cordially invited to call and see the display any time up to Saturday night. Prices range from $100 to $800. Those who delight in this rare luxury will find something to feast their eyes upon. Also remember that we lead in Furniture, Carpets and House Outfittings, and that we have an exceptionally fine stock to show you for the Holiday trade. See window display at our big store, Nos. 111, 113, 115 Calhoun street.

To accommodate our customers, we will keep our store open every evening until Xmas.

SOLIDAY, HITE & CO.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com

FEW PEOPLE REALIZE

THE DANGER IN THAT COMMON DISEASE, CATARRH.

Because catarrhal diseases are so common and because catarrh is not rapidly fatal, people too often overlook and neglect it until some incurable ailment develops as a result of the neglect.

The inflamed condition of the membrane of the nose and throat makes a fertile soil for the germs of pneumonia and consumption—in fact, catarrhal pneumonia and catarrhal consumption are the most common forms of these dreaded diseases, which annually cause more than one quarter of the deaths in this country.

Remedies for catarrh are almost as numerous as catarrhal sufferers, but very few have any actual merit as a cure, the only good derived being simply a temporary relief.

There is, however, a very effective remedy recently discovered which is rapidly becoming famous for its great value in relieving and permanently curing all forms of catarrhal diseases, whether located in the head, throat, lungs or stomach.

This new catarrh cure is principally composed of gum derived from the Eucolyptus tree, and this gum possesses extraordinary healing and anti-septic properties. It is taken internally in the form of a lozenge or tablet, pleasant to the taste and so harmless that little children take them with safety and benefit.

Eucolyptus oil and the bark are sometimes used but are not so convenient nor so palatable as the gum.

Undoubtedly the best quality is found in Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, which may be found in any drug store, and any catarrh sufferer who has tried douches, inhalers and liquid medicines will be surprised at the rapid improvement after a few days' use of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, which are composed of the gum of the Eucolyptus tree, combined with other antiseptics which destroy the germs of catarrh in the blood and expel the catarrhal poison from the system.

Dr. Ramsdell, in speaking of catarrh and its cure, says: "After many experiments I have given up the idea of curing catarrh by the use of inhalers, washes, salves or liquid medicines. I have always had the best results from Stuart's Catarrh Tablets; the red gum and other valuable antiseptics contained in these tablets make them, in my opinion, far superior to any of the numerous catarrh remedies so extensively advertised. The fact that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold in drug stores, under protection of a trademark, should not prejudice conscientious physicians against them, because their harmless character make them a remedy which every catarrh sufferer may use with perfect safety and the prospect of a permanent cure.

For colds in the head, for coughs, catarrhal deafness and catarrh of the stomach and liver, people who have tried them say that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are a house hold necessity.

Borrow From Us
WE LOAN MONEY.

Perhaps you do not know just how to get or where to go for a little money. This partially explains.

We make loans of $10, $20, $30, $50, $100 on furniture, pianos, horses and buggies, wagons, etc.

Everything left in your possession and you have the use of the money and property. We give you from 1 to 12 months to pay the money back and the payments are so small you scarcely notice it. All our dealings private and confidential. Our manner of doing business fully explained if you will call at the office.

INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
Room 3, Arcade, upstairs.
Home phone 995.
Open Saturday evening from 7 to 9 o'clock.

BLUE—
Dishes Right from Japan.....

Delicate patterns and just the right blue makes this ware much sought after.

We now have in a new lot, so can supply you by the dozen. We wish to call attention to our stock of Christmas novelties, which is more complete this year than ever before. New number,

819 Calhoun Street.
Lehman Book & News Co.

U. S. Stamps

The newest and finest premiums ever before given are coming in daily, and by Christmas time Uncle Sam Stamp patrons will all be delighted with what they can get for their stamps.

NAUGHTY FOLKS WAKE UP

SOMETHING DOIN' IN POLICE CIRCLES AGAIN.

Judge Louttit Faced by Choice Assortment of Delinquents Today —News of the Police.

The record of good conduct put up by Fort Wayne as a community was broken this morning when Judge Louttit was obliged to pass judgment in four cases. The prosecuting attorney who was present received a severe shock when John Dehr, after being fined $11 for drunkenness, without apparent malice, produced the required amount and paid his fine. It was the second time in about a month that anybody paid a fine in a state case involving the prosecutor's fee.

Bobby Dickson's friend had recovered sufficiently this morning to give his name to the clerk, which he stated was George Bergermeister. It will be observed by the careful critic that George has evidently forgotten how to spell his hind name—"Bergermeister" wouldn't go anywhere except in a Fort Wayne police court. Anyway, Mr. Bergermeister drew a prize calling for fifteen days.

Sadie Porter looked a bit abashed when the prosecutor accused her of having been drunk. She said, however, that she guessed there was some ground for suspicion, and rather than raise a fuss about it she would plead guilty. It was fifteen days for Sadie.

John Foster, a colored gentleman, declared that during twenty-two years as a tourist he had never encountered a brand of whisky that could put a professional in the clear in so short a time as the article he went up against in Fort Wayne yesterday afternoon. He did not deny having been drunk, but could not imagine how it happened. Judge Louttit allowed him fifteen days to collect his thoughts.

Officer Paul brought in a plain drunk this morning and locked him up. The man gave his name as Allen and he is the father of the more or less notorious Jack Allen, of Van Wert, arrested here several months ago on a specific charge of vagrancy and sent over on general principles.

Early morning milk thieves are still operating in the vicinity of the corner of Berry and Lafayette streets.

Photographer Perry reported to the police that he yesterday recovered his valuable hunting dog, reported stolen the day before. He found the dog in the country, about five miles from the city.

Louis Fox and Paul Stradler, two young lads found shooting air guns with dangerous effect, were taken into custody yesterday afternoon and were given a serious lecture by the officers in charge of the police station.

Officers were called to the residence of Dr. M. F. Porter last evening to look after supposed burglars or other enterprising investigators about the premises. A close search failed to reveal any signs of depredators.

William Ross, of Columbia City, editor of a poultry paper up there, did a pretty good job while he was in town early in the week. On Wednesday he managed to lay down about $60 worth of checks, which came back from Columbia City yesterday endorsed "no funds."

CELEBRATE FEAST OF LIGHTS.

There will be a children's service at the Jewish temple tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock in honor of Chanukka, or the Feast of Lights, celebrating the victory of Judas Maccabeus and his brethren over the Syrian tyrant Antiochus.

Wednesday evening there will be a children's festival, beginning at 8 o'clock, and the program will include musical and literary numbers, while the girls of the highest class will present a little play entitled, "Six Cups of Chocolate."

ADMIRAL SAMPSON VERY ILL.

Washington, Dec. 7.—It is authoritatively stated that there has been no marked change for the worse in the condition of Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson. However, he is now as he has been since he came to Washington, in very feeble health, and his chances for withstanding any serious strain upon his vitality are said to be slight.

HE IMPROVISES POETRY.

Altoona, Dec. 7.—Peter Lee, a telegraph operator who became erratic a few years ago after an illness, and who has since spent his time walking about town improvising poetry, happened into a hotel last night where two representatives of a well-known monthly magazine were stopping. Hearing Lee's weird rhymes, which seemed to spring from an interminable source, one of the magazine men got him into conversation while the other set down on paper in shorthand the poems Lee was delivering. At the conclusion of the sitting, which lasted about an hour, the magazine men declared they had secured a valuable contribution to modern literature. They regard Lee's extemporized poems as better products than anything that has come from the pens of the best writers in a year and their word is out that the verses will soon appear under an explanatory note as to how they were secured. Lee, seeming by no means flattered, offered to fill the magazine with poems for an indefinite period. Before his illness Lee had never attempted a line of poetry. His productions are always oral, and on this account many of his best things have perished.

STRIKING THE RIGHT SPOT.

THAT'S THE GREAT SECRET OF FORT WAYNE PRAISE GIVEN TO DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS.

There comes times to every life when a lack of strength—failing appetite—poor circulation—weak heart action and many other symptoms may break in. They are not diseases—the person may not be laid up until they have existed a long time. The influence of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills is to create Nerve Force and immediately people find themselves getting well because Nerve Force controls every vital organ of the body.

Mr. John Mooney, of No. 186 Lafayette street, Fort Wayne, Ind., says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are a splendid medicine. My heart was very irregular, due to excessive tobacco using. The nervous system itself was profoundly impressed by the use of tobacco. I was told of the Nerve Pills and got some at Meyer Bros. & Co.'s drug store, No. 14 Calhoun street. The medicine so toned up the nervous system and strengthened me that the heart action became steady and strong—something it has not been for a long time. I am greatly pleased with the medicine."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

NOTED EDUCATOR DEAD.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 7.—Major Henry Fulton, a member of the faculty of the University of Colorado, is dead of heart disease. He was 55 years of age and was a native of Greece, N. Y. He served with distinction in the civil war, enlisting at the age of 15 years and spent one year in Libby prison.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Prof. Plumadore has returned from a business trip to Butler.

FOR THE LADIES.

Just received, new styles and patterns in ladies' cloths. Prices the lowest. Fit guaranteed. G. Schmidt, merchant tailor, 57 E. Berry street. 27-tf

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm cures every kind of cough, la grippe, bronchitis, sore throat, croup, whooping cough, etc. Never deranges the stomach. At Druggists. 10 & 25c.

$850.00

Will buy a good new 5-room house, lot 32x150, on Wheeler street; $150 cash, balance at $7.00 a month. Will pay 10 per cent on your investment.

H. T. STAPLEFORD,
12-7-tf 226 W. Creighton Ave.

CUT TO PIECES.

From the amount of new goods that Rhoads, the cut rate druggist receives, you would think that he is opening up a new store, but if you watch the front door and see the number of people that carry away packages you will understand why he buys so much. But why should he not have a big trade when he saves you 25 per cent. on everything found in a first class drug store? Rhodes' prices are the lowest and his goods are the best. Remember the number, 97 roadway, southeast corner Washington. 4-7

SAVINGS BANK'S

If you cannot own a National Bank you can own a Tri-State Saving Bank. By depositing $1.00 with the association you can have a bank.

Every family should have one for their children.

5 per cent paid on these savings. Why take less?

TRI-STATE BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.
G. W. PIXLEY, Pres.
C. A. WILDING, Sec.

THE
Citizens Trust Company,
Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Deposits.....
One Dollar
AND UP.
LOANS—Made on farm and city property at low rates.

CALIFORNIA
Best Personally Conducted Tourist Excursions
LEAVE CHICAGO
Tuesdays and Thursdays
VIA THE
GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE
AND SCENIC LINE
AND VIA
Southern Route every Tuesday.
Daily First Class Sleeper Through Between Chicago and San Francisco
Crossing the best scenery of the Rockies and Sierra Nevadas by Daylight in both directions. Direct connection to and from Los Angeles. Best Dining Car Service through.
Write for information and literature to
FRANK L. MILLER, T. P. A.,
400 Rialto Bldg., - - - CHICAGO.
Nov30-cod-20t

Miss Belle Evans has taken a position as stenographer with W. F. Urbahns.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Norton, of 417 Lafayette street—a daughter.

BOYS' FOOTWEAR.

"That Boy of Mine Wears Out More Shoes than I Do,"

Is a Common Remark of Parents.

A boy takes four steps to a man's one. He doesn't know how to walk but is always on the run or jump. Mud and slush are the same as dry land to him. Notwithstanding all this, you put a $1.25 shoe on his foot and expect the same service from it as the father gets from a $3.50 shoe.

If you wish to keep your boy's feet dry and keep the doctor away, select a shoe with a genuine calf upper, with Rock Oak soles, and pay a reasonable price and there will be no complaint.

You can get such shoes at the

Hoosier Shoe Store.

TONIGHT!
Will wind up the last of the Great 25-Cent Package Deal.

Tonight Your Last Chance.

Be on hand early and get one of the choice packages. The Diamond Ring, Tea Set, Parlor Clock and Ladies' Gold Headed Silk Umbrella are still to be had. Besides these the windows contain many other expensive articles, such as Opera Glasses, Silver Fruit Stands, Cake Baskets, $1.25 Alarm Clocks, Solid Gold Rings, Knives, Forks, Ladles, Spoons, set of 6, etc.

Be on Hand Early, 25 cent for choice

J. L. SIEVERT,
Wholesale Jeweler, - - - 79 Calhoun Street.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.
CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
CORNER COURT AND MAIN STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificate and book deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

Loans made on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

OFFICERS:
Henry C. Paul, President.
Samuel M. Foster, Vice President.
Andrew Hoffman, 2d Vice President.
Charles A. Wilding, Secretary.
William Paul, Ass't. Secretary.

DIRECTORS:
Samuel M. Foster, Andrew E. Hoffman
Charles S. Bash, John C. Peters,
George W. Pixley, William J. Vesey,
William E. Mossman, Louis Fox,
Henry C. Paul, John H. Reuss,
Charles A. Wilding, David Studebaker.

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Everett or a Harvard

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Frankfurter every Thursday.
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AT STRODEL & SON,
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To accommodate our customers, we will keep our store open every evening until Xmas.

SOLIDAY, HITE & CO.

MONDAY.

IT all depends upon what you want in a soap. If you require simply a dirt remover, almost any soap will do. But if you care at all about the thing which is to be washed, you must think twice before you act. Any soap will clean linens and muslins, but Ivory Soap leaves them as white as snow. Any soap will clean sheets and table cloths, but Ivory Soap leaves no coarse, strong odor. Try it once!

IT FLOATS.

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GARRETT MAN PETITIONS.

Charles E. Gordon, a locomotive engineer whose home is at Garrett, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the federal court in this city. His liabilities are scheduled at $2,586.70, with assets of $100. W. W. Sharpless, of Garrett, is attorney for the petitioner.

"My Rheumatism was Cured by using Dr. Menard's Rheumatic Bullets and I have no further use for crutches." Thousands of equally strong testimonials. 3 to 6 weeks' treatment $1.00. Cure guaranteed or money refunded. At leading druggists, or sent prepaid by Rheumatic Bullet Co. Lake & Clark Sts., Chicago. One Week's **Treatment Free.**

Elegant Bargains for Sale. . . . .

Two houses on 60 ft. lot rents for $13.00 per month.....$1320
10-room modern house on Baker street.....$3300
7-room house modern on south side $2300
3 cottages in Bloomingdale..... .....$1350, $1200, $1600
A 5-room cottage, almost new, central location, to trade in and will assume for larger house.
5-room cottage on Lafayette street $1650
7-room house on Holman St...$1675
50x150 lot on Suttenfield St., near Calhoun.....$1200
60x150 lot on East Suttenfield street, 6-room cottage.....$2100
10-room house, west end, lot 50x150, all clear.....$5500
8-room modern house, East Washington street.....$3050
Half lot on West Creighton avenue, near Calhoun St....$ 950
Two corner lots on South Harrison St., 50x150, each for..$1300
Two houses on corner lot, 50x150, south side.....$3200
and other bargains.
Call on

VAL ROCHOLL,
23 Court St. Office open Saturday evenings.
Office, 49 Main.
Residence, 1433 Main.

Money Advanced.

Salaried People.

The fact that you earn a regular salary and hold a permanent position with a good concern is sufficient inducement for us to advance you money. We will make you a loan on your own note without an endorser. Private and confidential.
Room 2, Arcade, upstairs.
Open Saturday evening from 7 to 9.

MONEY TO LOAN.

At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave property in your possession.
Payments arranged on the monthly installment plan to suit your convenience.
All business strictly confidential.

Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,
Room 2, (2nd floor) 44 Calhoun St., Over Morgentheim's Millinery Store;
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

THE EDISON PHONOGRAPH
All the latest Records,
Vocal and Instrumental.
PACKARD MUSIC HOUSE,
180 CALHOUN STREET.
COME IN AND HEAR.

DR. S. H. HAVICE.
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
SURGEON.
26 W. WAYNE ST.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Office hours are 9 to 12—1:30 to 4 p. m.

LIVE AND LET LIVE.

We don't sell shoes for that is the shoe dealer's business; we don't sell millinery, for that belongs to the milliner; we don't sell clothing, for that belongs to the clothier; we don't sell dry goods for that belongs to the dry goods merchant, but we do make a specialty of TOYS and we positively have the best and largest assortment in the city at the lowest prices. We are headquarters on Dolls, Doll Cabs, Go-Carts, Games, Wagons, Wheelbarrows, Sleighs and Coasters, Velocipedes, Books, Baskets, Toy Dishes, Desks, Iron Trains, Stoves, Drums, Rocking Horses, Mechanical Toys and countless other things to please and delight the little ones. We do no flim-flam business; all our goods are marked in plain figures. Call, see our stock and be convinced.

"TEMPLE OF ECONOMY,"
No. 9 East Main St.
7-9-11-13-16-18-20-21

Constipation always cured by Dr. Kay's Renovator. Guaranted to be a specific also for constipation, liver and kidneys. At druggists. Write for positive proof. Free sample, medical advice and book. Dr. B. J. Kay, Saratoga, N. Y.

Something for Xmas

That will make the housewife happy is a bag or barrel of Tresselt's Hungarian or Silver Dollar Flour. Your bread will be light and white, your cakes and pastry fine and the baking department of your household will be O. K. when the cook uses the well known home brands of flour—the Hungarian Process and Silver Dollar Patent. Buy them. Try them. Use them.

Dr. Bulson
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 55 WEST WAYNE STREET
FORT WAYNE.
PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF THE
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.

W. H. JOHNSTON
OSTEOPATH

Has moved to his new location, office rooms 24, 25, 26 Bass block, over First National bank. Has practiced over two years in Fort Wayne and can give the best of references. Licensed by the Indiana State Medical board and registered, to treat acute and chronic diseases. The only graduate of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., practicing in this city and immediate vicinity. Examination free Tuesday and Friday p. m. Home Phone. Office 1529, residence 1654. dec4-tf

LOCAL NEWS.

Homer VanMeter was at Monroeville yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Peters have returned from a visit in Chicago.

Mrs. Nina Jones, of Hastings, Mich., is visiting relatives in this city.

Mrs. Belle Kroper, of Wisconsin, visited friends in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Fisher are visiting Mrs. Fisher's mother in Indianapolis.

Mrs. Robert Wheeler entertained a few friends at pedro on Thursday evening.

Mrs. W. F. Watterson, of New York, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Usselman.

Mrs. F. F. Boltz has returned to her home in Bluffton, after a visit with friends in the city.

Mrs. R. C. Miller, of Greenville, Mich., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. VanNess.

Mr and Mrs. O. B. Fitch entertained a few friends Thursday evening, in honor of visiting guests.

Mrs. G. F. Trier will give a garden party at the Mulqueen Dancing academy next Thursday evening.

Barney Newman has returned from a business trip in the interest of the Merit Manufacturing company.

Charles Timmons, formerly of this city, was united in marriage to Miss Nellie Edwards at Ligonier yesterday.

Mr. Buckhurst, of Melbourne, Australia, is in the city the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Hicks, on his way home from England.

Ed Fox, private secretary to G. W. Beers, will return shortly from Trenton, N. J., to spend the holidays with friends in the city.

Mrs. Mary Whitlock, of Andover, Mass., who has been the guest of Mrs. J. M. Bassett for some time, left yesterday for her home.

Dr. J. R. White, a prominent Warsaw dentist, has returned home after a visit with his brother, Dr. R. Parks White, in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Mitchell, who have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. S. K. Blair, have returned to their home at Lima, Ohio.

Miss Solomon, sister to Bookkeeper Solomon, of the Rothschild Brothers, has returned to her home in New York, after a visit with her brother.

Jacob Wilhelm is lying critically ill at his home in Whitley county. Mr. Wilhelm is the father of Mrs. Mary DeWald and John and Frank Wilhelm, of this city.

Mrs. Eliza Brackenridge gave an informal afternoon company yesterday afternoon in honor of her daughter, Mrs. Harry Carey, of Omaha, Neb. The rooms were very prettily decorated for the occasion.

Huntington News-Democrat: "Mrs. A. C. Wilkerson and Mrs. Fred W. Grayston and son, Kendrick, went to Fort Wayne today to remain over Sunday at the H. A. Perfect home. Mr. Wilkerson will join them this evening."

Miss Emily Wright Bond, of this city, contributes to the December number of Mind (New York), a very readable article on "Man, His Own Oppressor." The journal is a metaphysical magizine, and Miss Hood has written a number of articles for its columns.

Waterloo Dawn: "Mrs. Ed Yates, of Fort Wayne, came up Saturday to spend Sunday and Monday with her grandmother, Mrs. Henry Franks, who has been sick. Mrs. Yates took Mrs. Franks with her to Fort Wayne, where she will remain until her health is better."

New Haven News: "Bert Gorrell, a former New Haven boy, but who has been in the west the past five or six years, is again a resident of Allen county, having moved his family to Fort Wayne. Bert is a telegraph operator and expects a position on one of the eastern roads soon."

A Madison township correspondent writes: "Christ Flaugh, well known in this township, and who has been making his home in Fort Wayne for a number of years, will make his home with his sister, Mrs. Lizzie Brouwer, this winter. Mr. Flaugh has been in poor health for over a year and at times is hardly able to get about."

A horse owned by G. S. Hale, of 2 Hillside avenue, inaugurated a lively runaway while hitched in front of the Postoffice drug store, on Clinton street, Friday evening. The animal came dashing down Main street and collided with the sign in front of Getz's cigar store, where it was captured by Officer Pageler. The vehicle was badly damaged, but no one was injured.

The regular semi-annual commission of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, holding services in the Temple theatre at 10:30 a. m., each Sunday, will take place tomorrow at that hour, a number of new members will be admitted, tenets of the church will be read and the Christian Science idea of true spiritual communion will be elucidated, the meeting will be one of unusual interest to outsiders as it will set forth the tenets and teachings of this denomination in a clearer light than others of the religious services. The Christian Science does not observe close communion, but invites participants not only from all sects and denominations, but from the world at large, outside the churches.

Old Coughs

New coughs are bad enough; old coughs are worse. They make you think of bronchitis or consumption. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures consumption. Not all cases, but very many. Your doctor will explain this to you. Talk with him about it.

"My mother had consumption for many years and was given up to die. Then she tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and was completely cured."—D. P. Jolly, Avoca, N. Y.

25c., 50c., $1.00. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Henry Pfeiffer, sr., is home from a business visit in Pittsburg.

Dr. C. B. Stemen attended a meeting of the board of directors of Purdue university yesterday.

Dr. A. P. Buchman was in Auburn yesterday in attendance on Judge Hartman, who is quite ill.

JUST ARRIVED.

1,000 Imported Mechanical Toys, from 25 cents up.
THE RANDALL WHEEL CO.,
Cor. Berry and Harrison.

DOLLS THAT COST NOTHING.

Do you want one for the kinder? Some are dressed in silks and satins, others in plain, every-day calico, still others have no clothes at all and need the care and attention of a little mother badly. Sleepy dolls that have to be taken up before you can get them to waken; others that never go to sleep, no matter how much you rock them. Blondes with blue eyes, brunettes with brown eyes. Some can sit on a chair; others never get tired and don't care to sit and only rest when they go to bed. We have them long and short; some are as large as real meat babies, and ball jointed; can bend their arms, legs, hands and feet. You do not need to bring your pocketbook, as no money is required or credit given. No. 127 Calhoun street.

G. E. BURSLEY & COMPANY.

TO PROVIDE FOR CHRISTMAS.

The entertainment in preparation at the state school will be fully up to the high standard previously set. The music is catchy and tuneful. The costumes are gorgeous. The dances are pretty and lively. The funny, little, fat King Ferdinand and the graceful sweet Queen Isabella are a charming contrast. The children who must be provided with Christmas presents are more numerous than ever—of the 863 enrolled fully 600 have no parents or friends who will give them presents. This is reason enough for patronizing the entertainment, but those who do so will get a very enjoyable evening for a very cheap price. All seats are numbered and reserved, assuring comfort. The opera will be given three times. Thursday and Friday nights and Saturday matinee. No one should miss it.

MEMORY FOOD.

A Case Where Memory was Strengthened by Grape-Nuts.

Food that will actually help the memory as well as agree perfectly with a delicate stomach is worth knowing of.

A good wife out in Alta, Ia., who did not know which way to turn to get food that would agree with her husband, who was left in a weakened condition after a serious illness and could scarcely retain any food in his stomach, was one day induced to try him on Grape-Nuts, the famous ready cooked breakfast food, and from the first he began to improve rapidly. In three months he had gained 30 pounds.

She says that his stomach has recovered so completely that he can now eat any kind of food.

She mentions the boy of an intimate acquaintance, who was so delicate and thin that his appearance was pitiable and he had no appetite for any ordinary food. He was put on Grape-Nuts and liked the crispness and sweetish taste of the new food and took to it. His improvement began at once and he is now a healthy, plump boy.

"I know that Grape-Nuts will do more for weak stomachs than any medicine. The claim that it will build up and strengthen the brain has been proven to my certain knowledge. Sister, who writes for the press, and is compelled to memorize a great deal has been using Grape-Nuts and says she is surprised at the result. There is a marked improvement in her memory and the brain works more perfectly and with better results.

Please do not publish my name," Name can be given by the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Michigan.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A 7-room house at 228 East Lewis street.

FOR RENT—219 Madison street. Apply to Fred J. Hayden. 11-1-tf

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms at 24 West Berry street. 12-3-1m

FOR RENT—A good barn; also a furnished room. 105 Barr street. 3-3t-eod

FOR RENT—House with six rooms, 76 Melita street. Inquire same. 5-tf

FOR RENT—Ground floor offices in Arcade; most convenient in the city. 10-10-tf

FOR RENT—A furnished front parlor, downstairs. Inquire 77 East Berry street. 7-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, with bath and board; very reasonable rates. 126 West Jefferson street. 3-5t

FOR RENT—A ten-room house; all modern improvements; centrally located. Call at 131 West Main street. 6-5t

FOR RENT—Room, wither without board, including bath; day boarders wanted. Mrs. Keller, 46 West Wayne. 2-15-tf

FOR RENT—Very pleasant furnished front room, down stairs, suitable for one or two gentlemen. 110 West Jefferson street. 5-2t

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms; also two rooms for light housekeeping, with bath and gas. Apply at 22 West Main street. 11-7-1m

FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished rooms, with board, bath and all modern conveniences; desirable location. 27 and 29 East Washington. 12-3-1m

FOR RENT—Residence 142 East Berry to desirable parties; reference required. Inquire 149 East Berry between 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. 10-25-tf

FOR RENT—Elegant furnished front room, near business center; modern conveniences; fine place for permanent people. 149 East Berry street. 10-tf

FOR RENT—Rooms suitable for one or two gentlemen at 36 West Wayne street. Inquire between the hours of 12 and 2; references given and required. 30-6t

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with board, privilege of bath; reasonable price to day boarders; half block south of Masonic Temple. 114 Clinton street. 11-12-1m

FOR RENT—No. 305 Hoagland avenue, on pavement, $13.00 per month; also 8-room modern house on West Berry street, $25.00 per month. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR RENT—Lodge room can be had by parties desiring it on either Wednesday or Friday evening at very reasonable price; nice dancing floor in same building to rent on any Saturday afternoon or evening. Telephone 1082, new phone. 10-tf

FOR RENT—The handsomest small store room in Fort Wayne, 22x36, with 50 feet plate glass show windows, on West Berry street and Arcade corridor; large enough for prescription drug store, druggists' sundries, soda fountain and cigars, candy store, fruit stand, cut flowers, etc. 10-10-tf

FOR RENT—Dwellings, 445 Calhoun street and stable, 142 East Berry street, 485 South Hanna street and stable, rooms third floor 32 East Berry street, with bath and closet, 146 West Wayne street, 33 St. Marys avenue, 103 Fletcher avenue, 433 Lafayette street and stable. Schrader & Wilson, first floor, 7 Court street. tf

FOR RENT—Six unfurnished rooms, including bath and all modern improvements. Address, Box 1, care Sentinel office. 7t2

FOR RENT—Handsome front room, furnished, with electric lights, gas and bath privilege; suitable for two young men. Apply, 184 Hoagland ave. 7t2

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms on first floor, all complete for light housekeeping or suitable for two young ladies or gentlemen. Inquire, 16 W. Jefferson St. 7t2

PLENTY TO LOOK AFTER.

Deputy Revenue Collector McGoogan, of this city, who is at the head of the seventh division of the sixth revenue district of Indiana, is now receiving reports from the various institutions are required by law. In the district are 672 saloons, 2 fruit distilleries; 1 grain distillery, 5 breweries, 15 tobacco factories, 16 retail oleomargerine dealers, 2 refineries and 39 wholesale dealers in malt liquors. The district comprises nine counties—Allen, Whitley, Noble, DeKalb, Lagrange, Steuben, Adams, Wells and Huntington.

Our daily Dinners for 30 cts. and the Sunday Dinner at 5:30 for 35 cts. are pleasing the public at the Ohneck Cafe. We will also cater for Parties, Receptions and Weddings. Get estimates from us. Phone 688 and we will call.

Half price on fine Millinery at Daugherty's. 4-4t

THE WABASH RAILROAD BEST AFTERNOON SERVICE TO INDIANAPOLIS.

Leave Fort Wayne on the Government Fast Mail train at 5:40 p. m., and reach Indianapolis at 10:25 p. m. This is an hour and a half ahead of all competitors. Immediate connection made at Peru, same station, and baggage checked through. The only high class afternoon service to Indianapolis. Telephone No. 6.

Nov. 27tf

Nothing better for luncheons and dinners than the celebrated "COLUMBIAN" Macaroni or Spaghetti. For sale at all leading grocers in Fort Wayne. 7tf

Get one of the $1.00 and $1.25 books at The Sentinel office for 25c. See list in another column. 5-tf

Mrs. Jennie Imler, Fur Repairer, formerly of 9 East Wayne St., has moved to 18 Monroe St., where she is prepared to make new furs and repair old ones. 11-23-3-tf

Get one of the $1.00 and $1.25 books at The Sentinel office for 25c. See list in another column. 5-tf

WANTED.

WANTED—A competent nurse girl. Apply at 144 West Berry street. 12-3-tf

WANTED—Sewers on waists; section work entirely. Paragon Manufacturing Co. 6-2t

WANTED—A laundress at once. Allen County Orphans' Home, Bluffton road. 5-tf

WANTED—Young men for railway mail clerks. Inter-State Corres. Inst., Cedar Rapids, Ia. 11-15-1m

WANTED—If you want to borrow money see "ad" on second page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 13-tf

WANTED—To exchange 70-acre farm for good residence property in city. R. C. Niswonger, 18 Harrison street. 10-31-tf

WANTED—If you want a bargain in real estate call on Val Rocholl, 23 Court street. Home phone 49 main. 11-2-tf

WANTED—Stark Nursery pays cash weekly if you sell Stark trees. Louisiana, Missouri, Danville, New York. 8-12-tf

WANTED—Ladies to do embroidery and Battenberg at their homes; steady work. Chicago Crochet Co., Chicago, Ill. 1-5-eos-26t

WANTED—Agents for an article especially suited for holiday gifts. Apply at 169 Ewing street, room 5, between 4:30 and 6 p. m. 30-tf

WANTED—Everywhere, hustlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc., no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—Experienced overall makers; steady employment to good workers. Apply at Hoosier Mfg. Co., 28 and 30 East Berry street. 12-3-1m

FOR RENT—No. 305 Hoagland avenue, on pavement, nearly new, $1,300; also others from day to day; I have a few business rooms also. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

WANTED—Home work the year round; no canvassing. $5 to $6 weekly, working evenings; experience unnecessary; enclose stamp; work mailed on application. 20th Century Mfg. Co., Toledo, O.

WANTED—Young men, any distance, copy letters home evenings and return to us; we pay $8 per thousand; send addressed envelope, particulars and copy. F. M. C. Dept. 32, Box 1411, Philadelphia.

WANTED—Young ladies, any distance, copy letters home evenings and return to us; we pay $8 per thousand; send addressed envelope, particulars and copy. F. M. C. Dept. 32, Box 1411, Philadelphia.

WANTED—Ideas: I know a canvassing agent who is making a good income; I have something mighty interesting to agents. W. G. Burns, Patent Attorney, 80 Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, Ind. tf

WANTED—200 carpenters at Indiana Harbor, Ind., 18 miles from Chicago on Lake Michigan to work on frame houses; take L. S. & M. S. R. R.; steady work, good wages; board and room at low prices. Ask for E. Rich, Manager. 11-27-1m

WANTED—Every man, woman and child to call at the Citizens' Trust company, corner Berry and Clinton, and ask for one of the handsomest banks, furnished to all who desire to save money. Capital, $200,000; interest paid on deposits. 8-tf

WANTED—Mrs. Fitzgerald's Employment office, 39 West Washington street, want 10 cooks and 10 second girls for private families; general house girls; good dining room girls out of city, from $4 to $5 per week; have a good experienced housekeeper; can give reference; no charge to girls. 16-tf

WANTED—"Success in Speculation;" large profits can now be made in stocks and grain on small investments by our safe system; send for our book: "Modern Methods for Safe Investments," and our special letters of advice free. M. B. Flower & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Chicago Stock Exchange Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—All afflicted with any stubborn chronic ailment to try Vitae Ore. Positive Specific for Diphtheria. Call or address 372 E. Washington st. 5-eod-t2

ALL AFFLICTED with a cough of long standing resulting from la grippe or weak lungs, or hemorrhages, should try my cough and lung syrup, an old Indian remedy made of roots and herbs; it has never been known to fail. Call at 37 Fairfield avenue. 10-14-tf

DR. R. P. WHITE,
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
SURGEON.
OFFICE WHITE NATIONAL BANK
Rooms 3 and 4.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Office hours are 9 to 12—1:30 to 4. (Other hours by appointment.) Home phone, office 76 residence 574.

WILD'S DELICIOUS CANDY-FLAVORS
AT ALL GROCERS

....DR. RANKE....
Practice Limited to Diseases of the
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Lau blk. Calhoun & Washington. Hours 9-12;1:30-4; 7-8.

For One Week
I will enamel your bike for $2.00...
108 Broadway,
S. C. QUIDOR.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.

Painless Dentistry. Warranted Work. Moderate charges. Get the best.
U. S. Dental Parlors,
Mrs. J. A. and J. W. Williams, Mgrs.
Phone 1178.
92 Calhoun St.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. MARY WHERY.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 26 Madison St.
Specialty—Diseases of Women.
Telephone 470. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 3:30 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m.

Clearing Sale. Half price. Daugherty, 86 Calhoun St. 4-4t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One good two-horse truck. 35 East Fourth street. 6-2t

FOR SALE—Feed store, good location. Address Box 19, this office. 6-2t

FOR SALE—Cheap, a good and handsome driving mare at Dunton's feed yard, opposite jail. 6-2t

FOR SALE—Small Victor fire-proof safe, nearly new; a bargain. Inquire 250 West Jefferson street. 6-2t

FOR SALE—Less than value a splendid bargain in west end residence; just on the market. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Five-room house on Elm street, half lot, rent for $8.00 per month; will sell for $850. R. L. Romy. 11-29-1m

FOR SALE—Cheap, horse, harness and brass new two-seated buggy. Inquire at 567 East Washington street. 6-2t

FOR SALE—50-foot corner lot with good house on West Butler street, $3,000. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—50-foot corner lot with good house on West Butler street, $3,000. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—If you want money on personal security see "ad" on second page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 13-tf

FOR SALE—No. 415 East Wayne street very desirable for home; price, $2,800; owner non-resident. W. E. Doud, agent. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A nice modern residence in Lakeside; owner is leaving city and will sell at great sacrifice. W. E. Doud, agent. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A new and modern business block on Calhoun street; rented, $550; price, $7,000; this is 9½ per cent. W. E. Doud, agent. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A good residence on West Superior street; must sell; price cut from $2,000 to $1,200. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—New 9-room residence, plumbed for bath and wired for lights, and an asphalt paved street; price cut to $2,250. W. E. Doud, agent. tf

FOR SALE—A modern residence, with 7 rooms and bath, located for F. F. employe; very desirable; $2,250. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—On East Wayne street, corner lot with two frame dwellings; also choice building lot on Prospect avenue. Inquire at 337 East Wayne street. 11-23-tf

FOR SALE—Nearly new 5-room cottage, west of Hanna street and north of P. F. R. R.; very central; only $1,400. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Two female water spaniel pups, 2 months old; pedigreed; price, $3 each. Apply to August Henry, 56 East Main street or Home phone 620, south. 12-5-tf

FOR SALE—The nicest 7-room thoroughly modern cottage in the city, between depot and DeWald street; all hard wood and plate glass finish; $3,200. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Two or three hundred feet of counters; all lengths, 10 to 18 feet; first-class southern pine; as good as new. Apply to Frank Pollock, 52 Hamilton street. 10-18-tf

FOR SALE—Seven-room brick house on East Jefferson street, near St. Mary's church, with modern improvements with good barn; price reasonable. R. L. Romy, room 22, Bank block. 11-29-1m

FOR SALE—Two five (5) room cottages, rent $10 per month, both on Hanna street; the street pavement is all paid, with good barn; can be bought so to net 8 per cent; clear of all taxes. R. L. Romy. 11-29-1m

FOR SALE—50 feet, west side Calhoun street, business lot, next south from Thomas Talley, corner Williams; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—50x165, fronting on three streets, South Harrison, Woodland avenue and Pontiac, $1,300; room for 6 houses on this lot; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Seven-room modern house with all the latest up-to-date modern improvements; full lot and barn; house was built one year ago; this beautiful house can be bought at a bargain; located in Lakeside; price, $2,600. R. L. Romy, Room 22 Bank block. 11-29-1m

FOR SALE—Two 30-foot lots, west side Calhoun, between DeWald and Creighton avenue; one 45-foot business lot, west side Calhoun, between Dr. VanBuskirk and brick store south; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Four 35-foot lots on West Butler street, south front, beginning second west from Webster; full grown shade trees, maple, between curb and brick sidewalk; street pavement, sewers, etc., all paid; long time payments. Apply Henry M. Williams or any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—West side Calhoun street, fronts, between Creighton avenue and Woodland avenue; will advance with the street railroad extension from Creighton avenue south; also 55 feet Calhoun street front, second lot south of Woodland; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Handsome lots in my East Creighton avenue addition, between Smith and Oliver streets; central for Pittsburg shops east, the new Haberkorn-Haley Engine works, new Van Perrine mill, Western Gas Co., the Bowsers, Bass foundry, and Lafayette street railroad shops; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Seven-room house, corner lot on East William street, $2,000; 5-room house on Swinney avenue, $1,500; 5-room house on Francis street, $1,250; a good investment, three houses four squares from P. F. W. & C. depot, $4,700; 6-room house, good barn, on Fourth street, $1,600; 7-room house on Jackson street, $1,300, a bargain; 5-room house, half lot, on West Main street, two squares west of river, $1,500; 100-acre farm, good house, barn and out buildings, all in first-class condition, in Cedar Creek Tp., $4,500. John T. Wagner, Real Estate and Loans, 23 Court street. 1-11-tf

FOR SALE—Large drill press, used 8 months. 19 Michigan ave. 7t2

FOR SALE—A pointer dog, well broken. Inquire at 209 Hanna St. F. Schoppman. 7t2

LOST.

LOST—Scotch collie dog; yellow and white. Reward will be paid if returned to 241 West Berry street. 2-tf

LOST—On Nov. 5, between McClellan and Ewing streets, a child's tan cloth cape. Finder please leave at 130 Baker street. 6-2t

LOST—A lady's pocketbook, containing about $12. Finder please return to 113 Cass St. and receive reward.

LOST—Wednesday evening, a brooch set with a large amethyst. Finder please return to this office and receive reward. 7t2

LOST—A purse bearing initials S. R. F., containing some keys and small amount of money. Finder return to this office and receive reward.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

MONDAY.

IT all depends upon what you want in a soap. If you require simply a dirt remover, almost any soap will do. But if you care at all about the thing which is to be washed, you must think twice before you act. Any soap will clean linens and muslins, but Ivory Soap leaves them as white as snow. Any soap will clean sheets and table cloths, but Ivory Soap leaves no coarse, strong odor. Try it once!

IT FLOATS.

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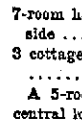
GARRETT MAN PETITIONS.

Charles E. Gordon, a locomotive engineer whose home is at Garrett, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the federal court in this city. His liabilities are scheduled at $2,586.70, with assets of $100. W. W. Sharpless, of Garrett, is attorney for the petitioner.



"My Rheumatism was Cured by using Dr. Menard's Rheumatic Bullets and I have no further use for crutches." Thousands of equally strong testimonials. 2 to 6 weeks' treatment $1.00. Cure guaranteed or money refunded. At leading druggists, or sent prepaid by Rheumatic Bullet Co. Lake & Clark Sts., Chicago. One Week's Treatment Free.

Elegant Bargains for Sale. . . . .

Two houses on 60 ft. lot rents for $13.00 per month.....$1320
10-room modern house on Baker street.....$3300
7-room house modern on south side $2300
3 cottages in Bloomingdale..... .....$1250, $1200, $1600
A 5-room cottage, almost new, central location, to trade in and will assume for larger house.
5-room cottage on Lafayette street $1650
7-room house on Holman St...$1675
50x150 lot on Suttenfield St., near Calhoun.....$1200
60x150 lot on East Suttenfield street, 6-room cottage.....$2100
10-room house, west end, lot 50x150, all clear.....$5500
8-room modern house, East Washington street.....$3050
Half lot on West Creighton avenue, near Calhoun St....$ 950
Two corner lots on South Harrison St., 50x150, each for..$1300
Two houses on corner lot, 50x150, south side.....$3200
and other bargains.
Call on
VAL ROCHOLL,
23 Court St. Office open Saturday evenings.
Office, 49 Main.
Residence, 1438 Main.

Money Advanced.
Salaried People.
The fact that you earn a regular salary and hold a permanent position with a good concern is sufficient inducement for us to advance you money. We will make you a loan on your own note without an endorser. Private and confidential.
Room 8, Arcade, upstairs.
Open Saturday evening from 7 to 9.

MONEY TO LOAN.
At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave property in your possession.
Payments arranged on the monthly installment plan to suit your convenience.
All business strictly confidential.
Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,
Room 2, (2nd floor) 44 Calhoun St.,
Over Mergentheim's Millinery Store;
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

THE EDISON PHONOGRAPH
All the latest Records,
Vocal and Instrumental.
PACKARD MUSIC HOUSE,
120 CALHOUN STREET.
COME IN AND HEAR.

DR. S. H. HAVICE.
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
SURGEON.
26 W. WAYNE ST.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Office hours are 9 to 12—1:30 to 4. p. m.

LIVE AND LET LIVE.

We don't sell shoes for that is the shoe dealer's business; we don't sell millinery, for that belongs to the milliner; we don't sell clothing, for that belongs to the clothier; we don't sell dry goods for that belongs to the dry goods merchant, but we do make a specialty of TOYS and we positively have the best and largest assortment in the city at the lowest prices. We are headquarters on Dolls, Doll Cabs, Go-Carts, Games, Wagons, Wheelbarrows, Sleighs and Coasters, Velocipedes, Books, Baskets, Toy Dishes, Desks, Iron Trains, Stoves, Drums, Rocking Horses, Mechanical Toys and countless other things to please and delight the little ones. We do no flim-flam business; all our goods are marked in plain figures. Call, see our stock and be convinced.

"TEMPLE OF ECONOMY,"
No. 9 East Main St.
7-9-11-13-16-18-20-21

Constipation always cured by Dr. Kay's Renovator. Guaranteed to be a specific also for constipation, liver and kidneys. At druggists. Write for positive proof. Free sample, medical advice and book. Dr. B. J. Kay, Saratoga N. Y.

Something for Xmas

That will make the housewife happy is a bag or barrel of Tresselt's Hungarian or Silver Dollar Flour. Your bread will be light and white, your cakes and pastry fine and the baking department of your household will be O. K. when the cook uses the well known home brands of flour—the Hungarian Process and Silver Dollar Patent. Buy them. Try them. Use them.

Dr. Bulson
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 55 WEST WAYNE STREET
FORT WAYNE.
PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF THE
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.

W. H. JOHNSTON
OSTEOPATH

Has moved to his new location, office rooms 24, 25, 26 Bass block, over First National bank. Has practiced over two years in Fort Wayne and can give the best of references. Licensed by the Indiana State Medical board and registered, to treat acute and chronic diseases. The only graduate of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., practicing in this city and immediate vicinity. Examination free Tuesday and Friday p. m. Home Phone. Office 1529, residence 1654. dec4-tf

LOCAL NEWS.

Homer VanMeter was at Monroeville yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Peters have returned from a visit in Chicago.

Mrs. Nina Jones, of Hastings, Mich., is visiting relatives in this city.

Mrs. Belle Kroper, of Wisconsin, visited friends in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Fisher are visiting Mrs. Fisher's mother in Indianapolis.

Mrs. Robert Wheeler entertained a few friends at pedro on Thursday evening.

Mrs. W. F. Watterson, of New York, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Usselman.

Mrs. F. F. Boltz has returned to her home in Bluffton, after a visit with friends in the city.

Mrs. R. C. Miller, of Greenville, Mich., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. VanNess.

Mr and Mrs. O. B. Fitch entertained a few friends Thursday evening, in honor of visiting guests.

Mrs. G. F. Trier will give a garden party at the Mulqueen Dancing academy next Thursday evening.

Barney Newman has returned from a business trip in the interest of the Merit Manufacturing company.

Charles Timmons, formerly of this city, was united in marriage to Miss Nellie Edwards at Ligonier yesterday.

Mr. Buckhurst, of Melbourne, Australia, is in the city the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Hicks, on his way home from England.

Ed Fox, private secretary to G. W. Beers, will return shortly from Trenton, N. J., to spend the holidays with friends in the city.

Mrs. Mary Whitlock, of Andover, Mass., who has been the guest of Mrs. J. M. Bassett for some time, left yesterday for her home.

Dr. J. R. White, a prominent Warsaw dentist, has returned home after a visit with his brother, Dr. R. Parks White, in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Mitchell, who have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. S. K. Blair, have returned to their home at Lima, Ohio.

Miss Solomon, sister to Bookkeeper Solomon, of the Rothschild Brothers, has returned to her home in New York, after a visit with her brother.

Jacob Wilhelm is lying critically ill at his home in Whitley county. Mr. Wilhelm is the father of Mrs. Mary DeWald and John and Frank Wilhelm, of this city.

Mrs. Eliza Brackenridge gave an informal afternoon company yesterday afternoon in honor of her daughter, Mrs. Harry Carey, of Omaha, Neb. The rooms were very prettily decorated for the occasion.

Huntington News-Democrat: "Mrs. A. C. Wilkerson and Mrs. Fred W. Grayston and son, Kendrick, went to Fort Wayne today to remain over Sunday at the H. A. Perfect home. Mr. Wilkerson will join them this evening."

Miss Emily Wright Bond, of this city, contributes to the December number of Mind (New York), a very readable article on "Man, His Own Oppressor." The journal is a metaphysical magizine, and Miss Hood has written a number of articles for its columns.

Waterloo Dawn: "Mrs. Ed Yates, of Fort Wayne, came up Saturday to spend Sunday and Monday with her grandmother, Mrs. Henry Franks, who has been sick. Mrs. Yates took Mrs. Franks with her to Fort Wayne, where she will remain until her health is better."

New Haven News: "Bert Gorrell, a former New Haven boy, but who has been in the west the past five or six years, is again a resident of Allen county, having moved his family to Fort Wayne. Bert is a telegraph operator and expects a position on one of the eastern roads soon."

A Madison township correspondent writes: "Christ Flaugh, well known in this township, and who has been making his home in Fort Wayne for a number of years, will make his home with his sister, Mrs. Lizzie Brouwer, this winter. Mr. Flaugh has been in poor health for over a year and at times is hardly able to get about."

A horse owned by G. S. Hale, of 2 Hillside avenue, inaugurated a lively runaway while hitched in front of the Postoffice drug store, on Clinton street, Friday evening. The animal came dashing down Main street and collided with the sign in front of Getz's cigar store, where it was captured by Officer Pageler. The vehicle was badly damaged, but no one was injured.

The regular semi-annual commission of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, holding services in the Temple theatre at 10:30 a. m., each Sunday, will take place tomorrow at that hour, a number of new members will be admitted. tenets of the church will be read and the Christian Science idea of true spiritual communion will be elucidated, the meeting will be one of unusual interest to outsiders as it will set forth the tenets and teachings of this denomination in a clearer light than others of the religious services. The Christian Science does not observe close communion, but invites participants not only from all sects and denominations, but from the world at large, outside the churches.

Old Coughs

New coughs are bad enough; old coughs are worse. They make you think of bronchitis or consumption. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures consumption. Not all cases, but very many. Your doctor will explain this to you. Talk with him about it.

"My mother had consumption for many years and was given up to die. Then she tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and was completely cured."—D. P. Jolly, Avoca, N. Y.

25c., 50c., $1.00. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Henry Pfeiffer, sr., is home from a business visit in Pittsburg.

Dr. C. B. Stemen attended a meeting of the board of directors of Purdue university yesterday.

Dr. A. P. Buchman was in Auburn yesterday in attendance on Judge Hartman, who is quite ill.

JUST ARRIVED.

1,000 Imported Mechanical Toys, from 25 cents up.
THE RANDALL WHEEL CO.,
Cor. Berry and Harrison.

DOLLS THAT COST NOTHING.

Do you want one for the kinder? Some are dressed in silks and satins, others in plain, every-day calico, still others have no clothes at all and need the care and attention of a little mother badly. Sleepy dolls that have to be taken up before you can get them to waken; others that never go to sleep, no matter how much you rock them. Blondes with blue eyes, brunettes with brown eyes. Some can sit on a chair; others never get tired and don't care to sit and only rest when they go to bed. We have them long and short; some are as large as real meat babies, and ball jointed; can bend their arms, legs, hands and feet. You do not need to bring your pocketbook, as no money is required or credit given. No. 127 Calhoun street.
G. E. BURSLEY & COMPANY.

TO PROVIDE FOR CHRISTMAS.

The entertainment in preparation at the state school will be fully up to the high standard previously set. The music is catchy and tuneful. The costumes are gorgeous. The dances are pretty and lively. The funny, little, fat King Ferdinand and the graceful sweet Queen Isabella are a charming contrast. The children who must be provided with Christmas presents are more numerous than ever—of the 863 enrolled fully 600 have no parents or friends who will give them presents. This is reason enough for patronizing the entertainment, but those who do so will get a very enjoyable evening for a very cheap price. All seats are numbered and reserved, assuring comfort. The opera will be given three times. Thursday and Friday nights and Saturday matinee. No one should miss it.

MEMORY FOOD.

A Case Where Memory was Strengthened by Grape-Nuts.

Food that will actually help the memory as well as agree perfectly with a delicate stomach is worth knowing of.

A good wife out in Alta, Ia., who did not know which way to turn to get food that would agree with her husband, who was left in a weakened condition after a serious illness and could scarcely retain any food in his stomach, was one day induced to try him on Grape-Nuts, the famous ready cooked breakfast food, and from the first he began to improve rapidly. In three months he had gained 30 pounds.

She says that his stomach has recovered so completely that he can now eat any kind of food.

She mentions the boy of an intimate acquaintance, who was so delicate and thin that his appearance was pitiable and he had no appetite for any ordinary food. He was put on Grape-Nuts and liked the crispness and sweetish taste of the new food and took to it. His improvement began at once and he is now a healthy, plump boy.

"I know that Grape-Nuts will do more for weak stomachs than any medicine. The claim that it will build up and strengthen the brain has been proven to my certain knowledge. Sister, who writes for the press, and is compelled to memorize a great deal has been using Grape-Nuts and says she is surprised at the result. There is a marked improvement in her memory and the brain works more perfectly and with better results.

Please do not publish my name," Name can be given by the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Michigan.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A 7-room house at 228 East Lewis street.

FOR RENT—219 Madison street. Apply to Fred J. Hayden. 11-1-tf

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms at 24 West Berry street. 12-3-1m

FOR RENT—A good barn; also a furnished room. 105 Barr street. 3-3t-eod

FOR RENT—House with six rooms, 76 Melita street. Inquire same 5-tf

FOR RENT—Ground floor offices in Arcade; most convenient in the city. 10-10-tf

FOR RENT—A furnished front parlor, downstairs. Inquire 77 East Berry street. 7-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, with bath and board; very reasonable rates. 126 West Jefferson street. 3-6t

FOR RENT—A ten-room house; all modern improvements; centrally located. Call at 131 West Main street. 6-6t

FOR RENT—Room, wither without board, including bath; day boarders wanted. Mrs. Keller, 46 West Wayne. 2-15-tf

FOR RENT—Very pleasant furnished front room, down stairs, suitable for one or two gentlemen. 110 West Jefferson street. 5-2t

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms; also two rooms for light housekeeping, with bath and gas. Apply at 22 West Main street. 11-7-1m

FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished rooms, with board, bath and all modern conveniences; desirable location. 27 and 29 East Washington. 12-3-1m

FOR RENT—Residence 142 East Berry to desirable parties; reference required. Inquire 149 East Berry between 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. 10-25-tf

FOR RENT—Elegant furnished front room, near business center; modern conveniences; fine place for permanent people. 149 East Berry street. 10-tf

FOR RENT—Rooms suitable for one or two gentlemen at 30 West Wayne street. Inquire between the hours of 12 and 2; references given and required. 30-6t

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with board, privilege of bath; reasonable price to day boarders; half block south of Masonic Temple. 114 Clinton street. 11-12-1m

FOR RENT—No. 305 Hoagland avenue, on pavement, $13.00 per month; also 8-room modern house on West Berry street, $25.00 per month. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR RENT—Lodge room can be had by parties desiring it on either Wednesday or Friday evening at very reasonable price; nice dancing floor in same building to rent on any Saturday afternoon or evening. Telephone 1362, new phone. 10-tf

FOR RENT—The handsomest small store room in Fort Wayne, 22x36, with 50 feet plate glass show windows, on West Berry street and Arcade corridor; large enough for prescription drug store, druggists' sundries, soda fountain and cigars, candy store, fruit stand, cut flowers, etc. 10-10-tf

FOR RENT—Dwellings, 445 Calhoun street and stable, 142 East Berry street, 433 South Hanna street and stable, rooms third floor 32 East Berry street, with bath and closet, 146 West Wayne street, 38 St. Marys avenue, 103 Fletcher avenue, 433 Lafayette street and stable. Schrader & Wilson, first floor, 7 Court street. tf

FOR RENT—Six unfurnished rooms, including bath and all modern improvements. Address, Box 1, care Sentinel office. 7t2

FOR RENT—Handsome front room, furnished, with electric lights, gas and bath privilege; suitable for two young men. Apply, 184 Hoagland ave. 7t2

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms on first floor, all complete for light housekeeping or suitable for two young ladies or gentlemen. Inquire, 16 W. Jefferson St. 7t2

PLENTY TO LOOK AFTER.

Deputy Revenue Collector McGoogan, of this city, who is at the head of the seventh division of the sixth revenue district of Indiana, is now receiving reports from the various institutions are required by law. In the district are 672 saloons, 2 fruit distilleries; 1 grain distillery, 5 breweries, 15 tobacco factories, 16 retail oleomargerine dealers, 2 refineries and 39 wholesale dealers in malt liquors. The district comprises nine counties—Allen, Whitley, Noble, DeKalb, Lagrange, Steuben, Adams, Wells and Huntington.

Our daily Dinners for 30 cts. and the Sunday Dinner at 5:30 for 35 cts. are pleasing the public at the Ohneck Cafe. We will also cater for Parties, Receptions and Weddings. Get estimates from us. Phone 688 and we will call.

Half price on fine Millinery at Daugherty's. 4-4t

THE WABASH RAILROAD
BEST AFTERNOON SERVICE TO INDIANAPOLIS.

Leave Fort Wayne on the Government Fast Mail train at 5:40 p. m., and reach Indianapolis at 10:25 p. m. This is an hour and a half ahead of all competitors. Immediate connection made at Peru, same station, and baggage checked through. The only high class afternoon service to Indianapolis. Telephone No. 6.
Nov. 27tf

Nothing better for luncheons and dinners than the celebrated "COLUMBIAN" Macaroni or Spaghetti. For sale at all leading grocers in Fort Wayne. 7tf

Get one of the $1.00 and $1.25 books at The Sentinel office for 25c. See list in another column. 5-tf

Mrs. Jennie Imler, Fur Repairer, formerly of 9 East Wayne St., has moved to 18 Monroe St., where she is prepared to make new furs and repair old ones. 11-23-S-tf

Get one of the $1.00 and $1.25 books at The Sentinel office for 25c. See list in another column. 5-tf

WANTED.

WANTED—A competent nurse girl. Apply at 164 West Berry street. 12-3-tf

WANTED—Sewers on waists; section work entirely. Paragon Manufacturing Co. 6-2t

WANTED—A laundress at once. Allen County Orphans' Home, Bluffton road. 5-tf

WANTED—Young men for railway mail clerks. Inter-State Corres. Inst., Cedar Rapids, Ia. 11-15-1m

WANTED—If you want to borrow money see "ad" on second page, first column, Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 18-tf

WANTED—To exchange 70-acre farm for good residence property in city. R. C. Niswonger, 13 Harrison street. 10-31-tf

WANTED—If you want a bargain in real estate call on Val Rocholl, 23 Court street. Home phone 49 main. 11-2-tf

WANTED—Stark Nursery pays cash weekly if you sell Stark trees. Louisiana, Missouri, Danville, New York. 8-12-tf

WANTED—Ladies to do embroidery and Battenberg at their homes; steady work. Chicago Crochet Co., Chicago, Ill. 1-5-eox-26t

WANTED—Agents for an article especially suited for holiday gifts. Apply at 169 Ewing street, room 5, between 4:30 and 6 p. m. 30-tf

WANTED—Everywhere, hustlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—Experienced overall makers; steady employment to good workers. Apply at Hoosier Mfg. Co., 28 and 30 East Berry street. 12-3-1m

FOR RENT—No. 305 Hoagland avenue, on pavement, nearly new, $1,300; also others from day to day; I have a few business rooms also. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

WANTED—Home work the year round; no canvassing. $5 to $6 weekly, working evenings; experience unnecessary; enclose stamp; work mailed on application. 20th Century Mfg. Co., Toledo, O.

WANTED—Young men, any distance, copy letters home evenings and return to us; we pay $8 per thousand; send addressed envelope, particulars and copy. F. M. C. Dept. 32, Box 1411, Philadelphia.

WANTED—Young ladies, any distance, copy letters home evenings and return to us; we pay $8 per thousand; send addressed envelope, particulars and copy. F. M. C. Dept. 32, Box 1411, Philadelphia.

WANTED—Ideas: I know a canvassing agent who is making a good income; I have something mighty interesting to agents. W. G. Burns, Patent Attorney, 80 Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, Ind. tf

WANTED—200 carpenters at Indiana Harbor, Ind., 18 miles from Chicago on Lake Michigan to work on frame houses; take L. S. & M. S. R. R.; steady work, good wages; board and room at low prices. Ask for E. Rich, Manager. 11-27-1m

WANTED—Every man, woman and child to call at the Citizens' Trust company, corner Berry and Clinton, and ask for one of the handsomest banks, furnished to all who desire to save money. Capital, $200,000; interest paid on deposits. 8-tf

WANTED—Mrs. Fitzgerald's Employment office, 39 West Washington street, want 10 cooks and 10 second girls for private families; general house girls; good dining room girls out of city, from $4 to $5 per week; have a good experienced housekeeper; can give reference; no charge to girls. 16-tf

WANTED—"Success in Speculation;" large profits can now be made in stocks and grain on small investments by our safe system; send for our book: "Modern Methods for Safe Investments," and our special letters of advice free. H. B. Flower & Co., Bankers and Brokers, Chicago Stock Exchange Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—All afflicted with any stubborn chronic ailment to try Vitae Ore. Positive Specific for Diphtheria. Call or address 372 E. Washington st. 5-eod-t2

ALL AFFLICTED with a cough of long standing resulting from la grippe or weak lungs, or hemorrhages, should try my cough and lung syrup, an old Indian remedy made of roots and herbs; it has never been known to fail. Call at 37 Fairfield avenue. 10-14-tf

DR. R. P. WHITE.
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
SURGEON.
OFFICE WHITE NATIONAL BANK
Rooms 8 and 4.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Office hours are 9 to 12—1:30 to 4. (Other hours by appointment.) Home phone, office 78 residence 574

WILD'S DELICIOUS CANDY-FLAVORS AT ALL GROCERS.

....DR. RANKE....
Practice Limited to Diseases of the
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Lan blk. Calhoun & Washington. Hours 9-12; 1:30-4; 7-8.

For One Week
I will enamel your bike for $2.00...
108 Broadway,
S. C. QUIDOR.

DENTISTRY.
DENTISTRY.

Painless Dentistry. Warranted Work. Moderate charges. Get the best.
U. S. Dental Parlors,
Mrs. J. A. and J. W. Williams, Mgrs.
'Phone 1178. 68 Calhoun St.

PROFESSIONAL.
DR. MARY WHERY.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 26 Madison St.
Specialty—Diseases of Women.
Telephone 470. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 3:30 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m.

Clearing Sale. Half price. Daugherty, 86 Calhoun St. 4-4t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One good two-horse truck. 35 East Fourth street. 6-2t

FOR SALE—Feed store, good location. Address Box 19, this office. 6-2t

FOR SALE—Cheap, a good and handsome driving mare at Dunton's feed yard, opposite jail. 6-6t

FOR SALE—Small Victor fire-proof safe, nearly new, a bargain. Inquire 250 West Jefferson street. 6-2t

FOR SALE—Less than value a splendid bargain in west end residence; just on the market. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Five-room house on Elm street, half lot, rent for $8.00 per month; will sell for $350. R. L. Romy. 11-29-1m

FOR SALE—Cheap, horse, harness and brand new two-seated buggy. Inquire at 567 East Washington street. 4-3t

FOR SALE—30-foot corner lot with good house on West Butler street, $3,000. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—30-foot corner lot with good house on West Butler street, $3,000. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—If you want money on personal security see "ad" on second page, first column, Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 18-tf

FOR SALE—No. 415 East Wayne street very desirable for home; price, $2,300; owner non-resident. W. E. Doud, agent. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A nice modern residence in Lakeside; owner is leaving city and will sell at great sacrifice. W. E. Doud, agent. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A new and modern business block on Calhoun street; rented, $960; price, $7,000; this is 9½ per cent. W. E. Doud, agent. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A good residence on West Superior street; must sell; price cut from $2,000 to $1,800. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—New 9-room residence, plumbed for bath and wired for lights, and an asphalt paved street; price cut to $2,250. W. E. Doud, agent. tf

FOR SALE—A modern residence, with 7 rooms and bath, located for P. F. employe; very desirable; $2,250. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—On East Wayne street, corner lot with two frame dwellings; also choice building lot on Prospect avenue. Inquire at 337 East Wanye street. 11-23-stf

FOR SALE—Nearly new 5-room cottage, west of Hanna street and north of P. R. R.; very central; only $1,400. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Two female water spaniel pups, 2 months old; pedigreed; price, $3 each. Apply to August Henry, 55 East Main street or Home phone 620, south. 12-5-1f

FOR SALE—The nicest 7-room thoroughly modern cottage in the city, between depot and DeWald street; all hard wood and plate glass finish; $3,200. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Two or three hundred feet of counters; all lengths, 10 to 18 feet; first-class southern pine; as good as new. Apply to Frank Pollock, 52 Hamilton street. 10-19-tf

FOR SALE—Seven-room brick house on East Jefferson street, near St. Mary's church, with modern improvements with good barn; price reasonable. R. L. Romy, room 22, Bank block. 11-29-1m

FOR SALE—Two five (5) room cottages, rent $10 per month, both on Hanna street; this street pavement is all paid, with good barn; can be bought so to net 8 per cent; clear of all taxes. R. L. Romy. 11-29-1m

FOR SALE—Two 30-foot lots, west side Calhoun, between DeWald and Creighton avenue; one 45-foot business lot, west side Calhoun, between Dr. VanBuskirk and brick store south; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Four 35-foot lots on West Butler street, south front, beginning second west from Webster; full grown shade trees, maple, between curb and brick sidewalk; street pavement, sewers, etc., all paid; long time payments. Apply Henry M. Williams or any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—West side Calhoun street, fronts, between Creighton avenue and Woodland avenue; will advance with the street railroad extension from Creighton avenue south; also 55 feet Calhoun street front, second lot south of Woodland; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Handsome lots in my East Creighton avenue addition, between Smith and Oliver streets; central for Pittsburg shops east, the new Haberkorn-Haley Engine works, new Van Perrine mill, Western Gas Co., the Bowsers, Base foundry, and Lafayette street railroad shops; long time payments. Apply to Henry M. Williams or to any real estate agent. 10-7-tf

FOR SALE—Seven-room house, corner lot on East William street, $2,000; 6-room house on Swinney avenue, $1,800; 8-room house on Francis street, $1,250; a good investment, three houses four squares from P. F. W. & C. depot, $4,700; 6-room house, good barn, on Fourth street, $1,600; 7-room house on Jackson street, $1,800, a bargain; 5-room house, half lot, on West Main street two squares west of river, $1,500; 100-acre farm, good house, barn and out buildings, all in first-class condition, in Cedar Creek Tp., $4,500. John T. Wagner, Real Estate and Loans, 23 Court street. 1-11-tf

FOR SALE—Large drill press, used 8 months. 19 Michigan ave. 7t2

FOR SALE—A pointer dog, well broken. Inquire at 209 Hanna St. F. Schoppman. 7t2

LOST.

LOST—Scotch collie dog; yellow and white. Reward will be paid if returned to 201 West Berry street. 2-tf

LOST—On Nov. 5, between McClellan and Ewing streets, a child's tan cloth cape. Finder please leave at 130 Baker street. 6-2t

LOST—A lady's pocketbook, containing about $12. Finder please return to 113 Cass St. and receive reward.

LOST—Wednesday evening, a brooch set with a large amethyst. Finder please return to this office and receive reward. 7t2

LOST—A purse bearing initials S. R. F., containing some keys and small amount of money. Finder return to this office and receive reward.

...A Magnificent Display...

...OF...

....Beautiful Parlor Lamps....

Our line of Lamps is very large and most complete. We have the choice of styles from three of the largest lamp manufacturers in the country. Our Parlor Lamps are all the latest shapes and decorations, with the most improved styles of center-draft burners, which have immense illuminating power. Our stock is fresh and new.

PICKARD BROS.,

—HEADQUARTERS FOR—

FURNITURE, STOVES AND CHINAWARE.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

SATURDAY, DEC. 7, 1901.

TONIGHT.

Labor Unions—No. 116, Letter Carriers, 32 Calhoun street, third floor.

Fraternal Societies—Queen Esther, No. 324, D. of R.; RathboneSisters; Wayne, No. 25, F. & A. M.

Masonic Temple—Tonight, "Jack Sheppard."

Congressman James M. Robinson has introduced a bill abolishing the practice of giving government employes in Washington thirty days' sick leave every year in addition to thirty days' vacation. He says 75 per cent. at least of employes avail themselves of sick leave. He wishes an equalization allowing employes outside of Washington longer vacations.

It is suggested in Paris that a European league counter to the Monroe doctrine be formed. The very persons who make this suggestion must know quite well that such a league is altogether impracticable. Peace and mutual trust and good faith must underlie any such convention and the European powers cannot establish among themselves any such pledge for the maintenance of a league like the one proposed.

Queen Wilhelmina is much to be pitied in her unfortunate marital venture, though she went into it with her eyes open and against the protests of her best advisors. The character of the royal scapegrace she married was not unknown to her, but she chose him in preference to better men. However, he seems to be much more of a brute than any one supposed. It all goes to show that a queen who marries a hard-drinking, loud-cursing brute of a man has made little better bargain than any woman of less degree who becomes mated to the same kind of beast.

The announcement made some time ago that tea-growing had been eminently successful in Summerville, S. C., was received with some incredulity, but now that the secretary of agriculture has made the official announcement it can no longer be doubted, especially as he declares that the finest tea in the world is grown at Summerville and that the industry has been made profitable already. It is perhaps a lucky thing for this nation that American tea was unknown back in the eighteenth century. If the colonies had been able to raise their own tea there would have been no squabble over the tax, no Boston tea party and perhaps no revolution.

LYNCH LAW LOGIC.

Two specimens of the lynching spirit are reported from Virginia and North Carolina, respectively. Both cases show the disposition of the mob to regard suspicion as certainty and to make that an excuse for lawless murder.

In North Carolina a young woman disappeared from her home two weeks ago. The last person who saw her was the young man to whom she had been engaged. He says that they parted on the porch of her father's house, after breaking their engagement, and he has not seen her since. There is not a jot of evidence that this story is untrue. But three days the mob demands that the mystery be cleared up. Since the suspected man does not clear it up the mob threatens to lynch him, entirely irrespective of the consideration whether he is able to clear it up.

In Virginia a young man was accused of having offered an indignity to a young woman. If the accusation was true he should have been punished. But Virginia ideas of honor suggested that the friends of the young woman should break into his house at night and visit vengeance upon him. Finding his house attacked, he defended it, shot three of the assailants and put the remnant to flight. Brought before a coroner's jury, he was discharged after investigation. But the Virginia mob threatens to lynch him—whether for defending his house against night attacks or on the original and still unproved charge is not specified.

Argument is useless with a public sentiment that holds such ideas. But if these threats are carried out people with a preference for living under the protection of the law must set down Virginia and North Carolina as eminently eligible states to keep out of.

WALES AN ORATOR.

London, Dec. 7.—The evolution of the Prince of Wales from a sailor into an orator causes more comment and satisfaction than any event of the week. His Guild hall speech was perfectly free from that platitudinous element usually noticeable in royal utterances in England. His declaration that the old country must wake up if it wanted to hold its own almost took his hearers' breath away, but it has produced in all sections of the press praise quite untainted by servility. It is probable that the prince was not entirely responsible for the construction of the speech, as he used copious notes. Yet his delivery, earnestness and willingness to commit himself to such sentiments have raised him higher in the estimation of the people than any previous action. Indeed, several of the papers declared that the elocution of Lord Salisbury, Lord Roseberry and Mr. Chamberlain fell quite flat under the Prince of Wales' effort. "Unquestionably the best speech delivered at the breakfast," is the Spectator's comment.

EAT WHAT YOU LIKE.

Dont Starve the Body During the Hot Wave.

The mistaken idea that we should be constantly changing our diet to correspond with the change in the weather has long ago been proved a fallacy, and must have originated in the long ages of the past when people lived on an exclusive meat or cereal diet, with no change or modification of either, eating meat in winter and vegetables and grains in summer. But civilization has made as great progress in the care and treatment of the body as it has in other phases of human economies, and it has become an established fact that a mixed diet composed of good, wholesome food is by far the safest, but great care should always be taken in keeping the system in its normal condition, and especially is this true during the heated periods through which we are now passing.

Peptorene, the Health Tablets, have proved a great safeguard against diseases usually common in hot weather, as it aids and improves the digestion, acting upon the gall ducts, eradicating the poisonous bile from the liver, and removing entirely the constipated condition of the bowels, leaving the entire system in a condition that all foods can be taken in safety. Peptorene is fast becoming a household remedy and should be kept in every home during the summer months.

25c per box. Write for free trial treatment. Manufactured by the Battle Creek Health Tablet Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

Sold by Meyer Bros.'s & Co., Pellens & Polster, A. C. Gocke and Wm. L. Waltemath.

NEW FRATERNITY OFFICERS

ANNUAL ELECTIONS IN MANY LODGES.

Business Meeting is Followed by Smoker and Social Session in Some of the Orders.

Several local fraternities met last evening and elected officers for the coming year, listening to the reports of retiring officers covering the year just passed. The annual election in several of the lodges was followed by a social session.

PATHFINDERS.

Pathfinder lodge No. 19 elected the following officers: Past president, W. H. Ward; president, Thomas Potter; vice president, Mrs. Catherine Parry; chaplain, Mrs. Avonia Brown; secretary, H. S. Gates; treasurer, H. A. Plumadore; sergeant-at-arms, D. J. Barkley; guide, Mrs. Eva Miller; inside guard, L. B. Lindsley; outside guard, Joe Koehler; trustees, T. J. Traxler and John Terry; captain of initiating team, H. H. Brake; organists, Prof. Plumadore and Mrs. Carrie Plumadore; ritual characters, Miss Nellie Frazier, Miss Grace Gates and Miss Mary Cherry; medical examiners, Drs. R. B. McKeeman, J. S. McHugh, A. L. Mikesell, W. D. Calvin, L. L. Culp, Mrs. Carrithers Calvin and W. O. Smith, of Hoagland. The new officers will be installed Friday, Dec. 27.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Howard council, Royal Arcanum, chose the following officers last night: F. G. Conrady, regent; C. W. Kronmiller, vice regent; H. C. Moderwell, secretary; Charles E. Read, collector; W. H. Tigar, treasurer; W. F. Reitze, chaplain; Peter Henkenius, guide; F. J. Anorshke, warden; Peter Gnau, sentry; trustees, C. R. Higgins, J. W. Pfeiffer and G. W. McKee; representatives to grand council, M. E. Tuttle and J. R. Kretsinger.

ROYAL NEIGHBORS.

The following officers were elected by Fort camp No. 758, Royal Neighbors of America: Oracle, Mrs. Sarah A. Miller; vice oracle, Mrs. Margaret Stoltey; chancellor, Mrs. Sarah Wilkinson; recorder, Mrs. Jennie Johnson; receiver, Mrs. Della Stilwell; marshal, Mrs. Rosa Brunskill; outer sentinel, Mrs. Mary Kelter; inner sentinel, Mrs. Sophia Ulnehake; manager, J. V. Wilkinson; medical examiners, Drs. Ruhl and King. After the election Mrs. Stolety served the members of the organization with a light luncheon.

MACCABEES.

Following are the new officers of Mad Anthony tent No. 95, K. O. T. M.: Past commander, J. D. Warner; commander, O. H. Lilly; lieutenant commander, Ed Oliphant; record and finance keeper, D. J. Shaw; chaplain, William Suter; segeant, C. S. Eller; master-at-arms, William Eiber; first master of guards, William Beattie; sentinel, W. T. Scott; picket, John S. Weichselfelder; organist, F. A. Cole; trustee for three years, O. H. Lilly; janitor, W. C. Smith. Three candidates were initiated, after which a smoker was given.

LADIES OF THE MACCABEES.

Hive No. 6, L. O. T. M., elected officers last night as follows: Lady commander, Nellie Haswell; lieutenant commander, Mrs. Flora Kickley; record keeper, Catherine Reinewald; finance keeper, Mrs. Gordon; chaplain, Mrs. Liggett; mistress-at-arms, Mrs. Hobrock; sergeant, Mrs. Stetter; sentinel, Mrs. Powell; picket, Mrs. Scherer; musician; Miss Ethel Liggett; hive physician, Dr. Harriet Stemen-Macbeth.

ANTHONY WAYNE POST, G. A. R.

Anthony Wayne Post G. A. R., No. 271, at its annual meeting last evening, elected the following officers: Commander, A. R. Walter; senior vice commander, W. E. Wood; junior vice commander, Joseph Kannel; officer of the day, Allan H. Dougall; chaplain, C. C. Miller; quartermaster, F. W. Keil; sergeant, B. Gard; officer of the guard, J. W. Vordermark.

FEDERAL LABOR UNION.

Federal Labor union No. 9880 elected officers as follows: President, J. C. Mitchell; vice president, C. K. Baker; recording secretary, Edward Miller; financial secretary, H. W. Buck; treasurer, H. C. Lehnert; guide, E. E. Tanner; guardian, C. F. Baker; trustees, L. C. Kasten, H. C. Franke and C. F. Baker; delegates to Trades and Labor council, L. C. Kasten, H. C. Franke, A. F. Robble, H. W. Buck and Edward Miller.

MASONS.

Officers were elected last evening by Summit City lodge No. 170, F. and A. M., as follows: J. W. McCausland, worshipful master; J. M. Stouder, senior warden; W. S. Sponhauer, junior warden; C. F. Kettler, treasurer; E. S. Young, secretary.

REMARKABLE PHENOMENON.

Cleveland, Ohio, Dec. 7.—A remarkable meteorogical observation that will undoubtedly become historical in astronomy, was made here yesterday by Rev. Frederick Odenbach, S. J., professor of physics in St. Ignatius college. The obesrvation was that of the great Sun Circle or halo of Hevelius, which has only been observed three times before, and probably never so perfect. Preceding a period of law barometric pressure, halos are often noticed about the sun. The commonest of these halos is one that appears at a distance of 22 degrees from the sun. An outer halo, at a distance of 46 degrees is also occasionally noted. But the great halo of Hevelius, at a distance of 90 degrees, as observed by Prof. Odenbach, is a great rarity, and hundreds of years may pass before it is observed again. The inner circule of 22 degrees was complete, portions of the 46 degree circle were distinct, and the great circle of Hevellus was distinct for half its circumference.

A MISSIONARY PROGRAM.

The following program will be rendered at Christ's Lutheran church Sunday evening, under the auspices of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary society:

Anthem, by choir.
Responsive scripture lesson.
Prayer by pastor.
Song—"Christ for the World," 335.
Secretary's and treasurer's reports.
Paper—"Thank Offering," Mrs. Merillat.
Solo—Mrs. Chris Meyers.
Paper—Miss Keil.
Paper—"Systematic Prayer and Beneficence," by Mrs. C. H. Stuckenberg, of Camden, Ind., read by Miss Trefz.
Anthem by choir.
Remarks by the president.
Offering.
Song—"Jesus Shall Reign," 344.
Benediction.

FROM THE ORIENT.

Vases of every description. Some graceful in design and shape, with beatiful gold and colored decorations. Others grotesque, covered with hobgoblins, dragons and fiery devils, yet with all their hideousness are attractive. Jardinieres of various shapes and clay umbrella stands, tea pots, cups and saucers of the most delicately tinted and colored china to the coarsest clay pin trays. Tobacco jars, match boxes and various shapes in china and clay that none but a Jap or a Chinaman can say what they are.

The store where no money is required or credit given. No. 17 Calhoun street.

G. E. BURSLEY & COMPANY.

TRIP TO OKLAHOMA,

Tuesday, December 17th, 1901.

We have arranged a winter excursion into this delightful country to leave here December 17th, over the Illinois Central and Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf railroads. Our objective point is Oklahoma City, the center of the finest farming country in the world. The land is well improved and watered; a sure crop every year and plenty of railroad facilities.

All those who wish to purchase or look over the land in this great farming country are invited to go along. Fine sport for hunters who wish to join the party. We have every facility for showing you the land. We have farms from 80 acres to entire sections for sale. For particulars as to prices, terms, railroad fare, etc., call on or address,

LENNART & ZORBAUGH,
81 Calhoun St., second floor,
Fort Wayne, Ind.
d-7-11-14w11.

FOR FALL AND WINTER.

New nobby patterns in Men's Suitings and overcoatings now in. Prices the lowest. G. Schmidt, merchant tailor, 57 East Berry street. 27-tf

THE ALLEN COUNTY LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION. Opposite Postoffice.

PAYS 5 Per Cent. Interest on stock. LOANS MONEY at Low Rates. Is a friend to rich and poor. Assets $600,000

NASAL CATARRH CURED

Pe-ru-na Cures a Case of Five Years' Standing.

Mr. Rudolph M. Patterson, Chicago, Ill.

Hon. Rudolph M. Patterson, a well-known lawyer, of Chicago, Ill., writes the following letter to The Peruna Medicine Co., at Columbus, Ohio:

The Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, Ohio:

Gentlemen—"I have been a sufferer from nasal catarrh for the past five years, and at the earnest solicitation of a friend I tried Peruna and am glad to say it has afforded a complete cure. It is with pleasure I recommend it to others."—RUDOLPH M. PATTERSON.

Mrs. J. C. Garrett, of 38 West 117th street, New York City, writes:

"I can honestly recommend Peruna as a great catarrh remedy. It heals and heals quickly and permanently.

Mrs. J. C. Garrett.

"This is simply the whole story in a word. I have for years suffered with catarrh, aggravated when I took cold and Peruna cured me. It is indeed a great medicine, and worthy the highest praise, for it is reliable and will never disappoint you."—Mrs. J. C. Garrett.

There are two things that the whole medical profession agree about concerning catarrh. The first is that catarrh is the most prevalent and omnipresent disease to which the people in the United States are subject. All classes of people have it. Those who stay indoors much and those who go outdoors much. Working classes have it and sedentary classes have it.

The doctor finds catarrh to be his constant and ever-present foe. It complicates nearly every disease he is called upon to treat.

The second thing about catarrh on which all doctors agree, is that it is difficult to cure it. Local remedies may give relief but they fail to cure permanently. Sprays or snuffs amount to little or nothing except to give temporary relief.

Catarrh is frequently located in internal organs which cannot be reached by any sort of local treatment. All this is known by every physician.

To devise some systemic internal remedy which would reach catarrh at its source, to eradicate it permanently from the system—this has been the desire of the medical profession for a long time. Forty years ago Dr. Hartman confronted this problem. He believed then that he had solved it. He still believes he has solved it. He cures thousands of people annually. During all these years Peruna has been the remedy upon which he has relied.

It was at first a private prescription, afterwards manufactured expressly for him in large quantities. This remedy, Peruna, is now to be found in every drug-store and nearly every home in the land. It is the only reliable internal remedy ever devised to cure any case of catarrh, however long the case may have been standing.

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Mr. Camillus Senne.

"I read of Peruna in your almanac, and wrote you for advice, which I followed. After taking one and one-half bottles of Peruna I am entirely cured, and can recommend Peruna to anyone as the best and surest remedy for any catarrhal troubles."—Camillus Senne.

A course of Peruna never fails to bring relief. There is no other remedy like Peruna. Its cures are prompt and permanent.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

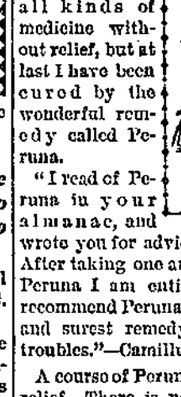
Dr. Mommer's Dental Parlors,

...No. 76 Calhoun Street...

After twenty years' experience we offer dentistry at your own prices. Others may quote prices, but we do as advertised and no shoddy work. We give you our price, and do not ask you more.

FULL SETS OF TEETH, $5.00. OTHER CROWNS, $3.00.
BRIDGE WORK, $3.00. EXAMINATIONS FREE.
All work warranted.

....Over Mommer's Shoes Store....



Practical Grinding...

Shears, Manicure Sets, Pocket Knives, Carving Knives.

E. Sterling,

61 E. Berry St.

Money to Loan.

—AT—

FIVE PER CENT.

ON FARM AND CITY PROPERTY.

C. B. FITCH.

65 CLINTON ST.

Dr. S. B. Hartman & Son,

DENTISTS,

SCHMITZ BUILDING.

NO. 116 CALHOUN STREET.

Phone 1293, Main.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

Christmas Presents, Easy Payments.

Carpets, Smyrna Rugs, Lace Curtains, Tapestry Curtains, Lace Bed Sets, Parlor Lamps, Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets, Photograph Albums, Parlor, Office and Kitchen Clocks, Clothes Wringers, Carpet Sweepers, Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons, and other articles of Household Furniture.

Good sold at very low prices for cash, or on easy weekly or monthly payments. Everybody come and see us.

CANVASSERS WANTED.

HOUSE FURNISHING COMPANY.

58 Clinton St., First Door South of the Foster Furniture Company.

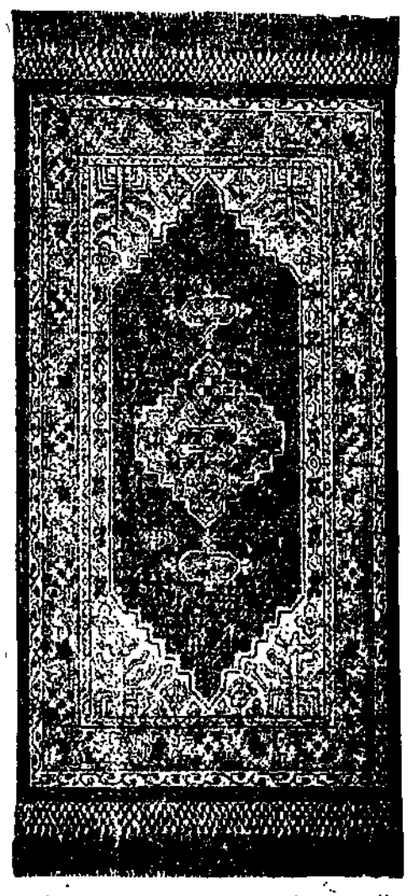
Oriental Rugs Made In America

Imported Oriental Rugs, have to pay an enormous tariff charge when brought into this country, making them unreasonably expensive. Many people have wondered why someone did not make them in the United States, thus enabling the price to be more than cut into right in the middle.

Parties in Philadelphia have taken the matter up and are now turning out some very elegant goods. They are not produced amid the filth and disease breeding conditions, surrounding the manufacture of these goods in Oriental countries.

We have just received the first of these Rugs to be shown in Fort Wayne. See a few samples of them in our small Court street window.

Oriental Rugs, size 30 by 60 inches—usualp rice $10 our price.....$3.75
Oriental Rugs, size 36 by 72 inches—usual price $15—Our price.....$6.00
Oriental Rugs, size 4 feet by 6 feet—usual price $25, our price.....$10
Oriental Rugs, room size, 9 by 12 feet, usual price $125—our price.....$45



Foster Furniture And Carpet Co.

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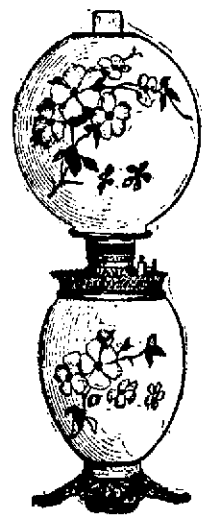

...A Magnificent Display...

...OF...

....Beautiful Parlor Lamps....

Our line of Lamps is very large and most complete. We have the choice of styles from three of the largest lamp manufacturers in the country. Our Parlor Lamps are all the latest shapes and decorations, with the most improved styles of center-draft burners, which have immense illuminating power. Our stock is fresh and new.

PICKARD BROS.,

—HEADQUARTERS FOR—

FURNITURE, STOVES AND CHINAWARE.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

SATURDAY, DEC. 7, 1901.

TONIGHT.

Labor Unions—No. 116, Letter Carriers, 32 Calhoun street, third floor.

Fraternal Societies—Queen Esther, No. 324, D. of R.; RathboneSisters; Wayne, No. 25, F. & A. M.

Masonic Temple—Tonight, "Jack Sheppard."

Congressman James M. Robinson has introduced a bill abolishing the practice of giving government employes in Washington thirty days' sick leave every year in addition to thirty days' vacation. He says 75 per cent. at least of employes avail themselves of sick leave. He wishes an equalization allowing employes outside of Washington longer vacations.

It is suggested in Paris that a European league counter to the Monroe doctrine be formed. The very persons who make this suggestion must know quite well that such a league is altogether impracticable. Peace and mutual trust and good faith must underlie any such convention and the European powers cannot establish among themselves any such pledge for the maintenance of a league like the one proposed.

Queen Wilhelmina is much to be pitied in her unfortunate marital venture, though she went into it with her eyes open and against the protests of her best advisors. The character of the royal scapegrace she married was not unknown to her, but she chose him in preference to better men. However, he seems to be much more of a brute than any one supposed. It all goes to show that a queen who marries a hard-drinking, loud-cursing brute of a man has made little better bargain than any woman of less degree who becomes mated to the same kind of beast.

The announcement made some time ago that tea-growing had been eminently successful in Summerville, S. C., was received with some incredulity, but now that the secretary of agriculture has made the official announcement it can no longer be doubted, especially as he declares that the finest tea in the world is grown at Summerville and that the industry has been made profitable already. It is perhaps a lucky thing for this nation that American tea was unknown back in the eighteenth century. If the colonies had been able to raise their own tea there would have been no squabble over the tax, no Boston tea party and perhaps no revolution.

LYNCH LAW LOGIC.

Two specimens of the lynching spirit are reported from Virginia and North Carolina, respectively. Both cases show the disposition of the mob to regard suspicion as certainty and to make that an excuse for lawless murder.

In North Carolina a young woman disappeared from her home two weeks ago. The last person who saw her was the young man to whom she had been engaged. He says that they parted on the porch of her father's house, after breaking their engagement, and he has not seen her since. There is not a jot of evidence that this story is untrue. But there is a mystery, and the mob demands that the mystery be cleared up. Since the suspected man does not clear it up the mob threatens to lynch him, entirely irrespective of the consideration whether he is able to clear it up.

In Virginia a young man was accused of having offered an indignity to a young woman. If the accusation was true he should have been punished. But Virginia ideas of honor suggested that the friends of the young woman should break into his house at night and visit vengeance upon him. Finding his house attacked, he defended it, shot three of the assailants and put the remnant to flight. Brought before a coroner's jury, he was discharged after investigation. But the Virginia mob threatens to lynch him—whether for defending his house against night attacks or on the original and still unproved charge is not specified.

Argument is useless with a public sentiment that holds such ideas. But if these threats are carried out people with a preference for living under the protection of the law must set down Virginia and North Carolina as eminently eligible states to keep out of.

WALES AN ORATOR.

London, Dec. 7.—The evolution of the Prince of Wales from a sailor into an orator causes more comment and satisfaction than any event of the week. His Guild hall speech was perfectly free from that platitudinous ailment usually noticeable in royal utterances in England. His declaration that the old country must wake up if it wanted to hold its own almost took his hearers' breath away, but it has produced in all sections of the press praise quite untainted by servility. It is probable that the prince was not entirely responsible for the construction of the speech, as he used copious notes. Yet his delivery, earnestness and willingness to commit himself to such sentiments have raised him higher in the estimation of the people than any previous action. Indeed, several of the papers declared that the elocution of Lord Salisbury, Lord Rosebery and Mr. Chamberlain fell quite flat under the Prince of Wales' effort. "Unquestionably the best speech delivered at the breakfast," is the Spectator's comment.

EAT WHAT YOU LIKE.

Dont Starve the Body During the Hot Wave.

The mistaken idea that we should be constantly changing our diet to correspond with the change in the weather has long ago been proved a fallacy, and must have originated in the long ages of the past when people lived on an exclusive meat or cereal diet, with no change or modification of either, eating meat in winter and vegetables and grains in summer. But civilization has made as great progress in the care and treatment of the body as it has in other phases of human economies, and it has become an established fact that a mixed diet composed of good, wholesome food is by far the safest, but great care should always be taken in keeping the system in its normal condition, and especially is this true during the heated periods through which we are now passing.

Peptorene, the Health Tablets, have proved a great safeguard against diseases usually common in hot weather, as it aids and improves the digestion, acting upon the gall ducts, eradicating the poisonous bile from the liver, and removing entirely the constipated condition of the bowels, leaving the entire system in a condition that all foods can be taken in safety. Peptorene is fast becoming a household remedy and should be kept in every home during the summer months.

25c per box. Write for free trial treatment. Manufactured by the Battle Creek Health Tablet Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

Sold by Meyer Bros.'s & Co., Pellens & Polster, A. C. Gocke and Wm. L. Waltemath.

NEW FRATERNITY OFFICERS

ANNUAL ELECTIONS IN MANY LODGES.

Business Meeting is Followed by Smoker and Social Session in Some of the Orders.

Several local fraternities met last evening and elected officers for the coming year, listening to the reports of retiring officers covering the year just passed. The annual election in several of the lodges was followed by a social session.

PATHFINDERS.

Pathfinder lodge No. 19 elected the following officers: Past president, W. H. Ward; president, Thomas Potter; vice president, Mrs. Catherine Parry; chaplain, Mrs. Avonia Brown; secretary, H. S. Gates; treasurer, H. A. Plumadore; sergeant-at-arms, D. J. Barkley; guide, Mrs. Eva Miller; inside guard, L. B. Lindsley; outside guard, Jos Koehler; trustees, T. J. Traxler and John Terry; captain of initiating team, H. H. Brake; organists, Prof. Plumadore and Mrs. Carrie Plumadore; ritual characters, Miss Nellie Frazier, Miss Grace Gates and Miss Mary Cherry; medical examiners, Drs. R. B. McKeeman, J. S. McHugh, A. L. Mikesell, W. D. Calvin, L. L. Culp, Mrs. Carrithers Calvin and W. O. Smith, of Hoagland. The new officers will be installed Friday, Dec. 27.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Howard council, Royal Arcanum, chose the following officers last night: F. G. Conrady, regent; C. W. Kronmiller, vice regent; H. C. Moderwell, secretary; Charles E. Read, collector; W. H. Tigar, treasurer; W. F. Reitze, chaplain; Peter Henkenius, guide; F. J. Anoteshke, warden; Peter Gnau, sentry; trustees, C. R. Higgins, J. W. Pfeiffer and G. W. McKee; representatives to grand council, M. E. Tuttle and J. R. Kretsinger.

ROYAL NEIGHBORS.

The following officers were elected by Fort camp No. 758, Royal Neighbors of America: Oracle, Mrs. Sarah A. Miller; vice oracle, Mrs. Margaret Stoltey; chancellor, Mrs. Sarah Wilkinson; recorder, Mrs. Jennie Johnson; receiver, Mrs. Della Stilwell; marshal, Mrs. Rosa Brunskill; outer sentinel, Mrs. Mary Keller; inner sentinel, Mrs. Sophia Ulnchake; manager, J. V. Wilkinson; medical examiners, Drs. Ruhl and King. After the election Mrs. Stolety served the members of the organization with a light luncheon.

MACCABEES.

Following are the new officers of Mad Anthony tent No. 95, K. O. T. M.: Past commander, J. D. Warner; commander, O. H. Lilly; lieutenant commander, Ed Oliphant; record and finance keeper, D. J. Shaw; chaplain, William Suter; sergeant, C. S. Eller; master-at-arms, William Eiber; first master of guards, William Beattie; sentinel, W. T. Scott; picket, John S. Weichselfelder; organist, F. A. Cole; trustee for three years, O. H. Lilly; janitor, W. C. Smith. Three candidates were initiated, after which a smoker was given.

LADIES OF THE MACCABEES.

Hive No. 6, L. O. T. M., elected officers last night as follows: Lady commander, Nellie Haswell; lieutenant commander, Mrs. Flora Kickley; record keeper, Catherine Reinewald; finance keeper, Mrs. Gordon; chaplain, Mrs. Liggett; mistress-at-arms, Mrs. Hobrock; sergeant, Mrs. Stetter; sentinel, Mrs. Powell; picket, Mrs. Schirer; musician; Miss Ethel Liggett; hive physician, Dr. Harriet Stemen-Macbeth.

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NEW STORE! NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

Christmas Presents, Easy Payments.

Carpets, Smyrna Rugs, Lace Curtains, Tapestry Curtains, Lace Bed Sets, Parlor Lamps, Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets, Photograph Albums, Parlor, Office and Kitchen Clocks, Clothes Wringers, Carpet Sweepers, Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons, and other articles of Household Furniture.

Good sold at very low prices for cash, or on easy weekly or monthly payments. Everybody come and see us.

CANVASSERS WANTED.

HOUSE FURNISHING COMPANY.

58 Clinton St., First Door South of the Foster Furniture Company.

Dr. S. B. Hartman & Son,

DENTISTS,

SCHMITZ BUILDING.

NO. 116 CALHOUN STREET.

Phone 1293, Main.

Oriental Rugs Made In America

Imported Oriental Rugs, have to pay an enormous tariff charge when brought into this country, making them unreasonably expensive. Many people have wondered why someone did not make them in the United States, thus enabling the price to be more than cut into right in the middle.

Parties in Philadelphia have taken the matter up and are now turning out some very elegant goods. They are not produced amid the filth and disease breeding conditions, surrounding the manufacture of these goods in Oriental countries.

We have just received the first of these Rugs to be shown in Fort Wayne. See a few samples of them in our small Court street window.

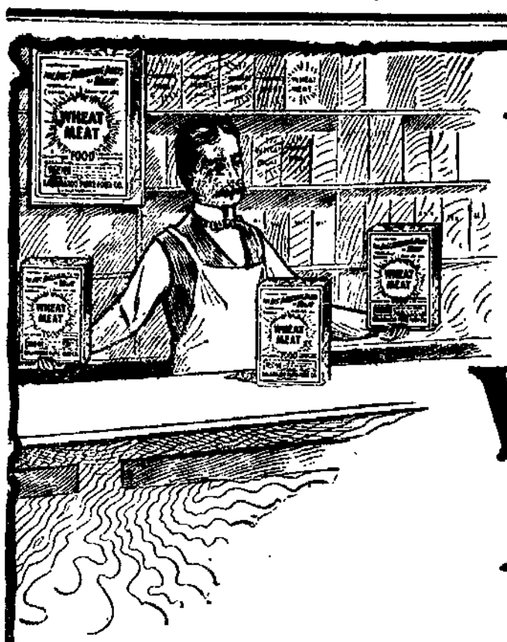
Oriental Rugs, size 30 by 60 inches—usualp rice $10 our price.....$3.75

Oriental Rugs, size 36 by 72 inches—usual price $15—Our price.....$6.00

Oriental Rugs, size 4 feet by 6 feet—usual price $25, our price.....$10

Oriental Rugs, room size, 9 by 12 feet, usual price $125—our price.....$45

Foster Furniture And Carpet Co.



Your Grocer

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WHEAT MEAT-

—The Ready Cooked Food.

Good for all the family at every meal in the year. Never palls on the appetite. It is crisp, hearty, nutlike —delicious, healthful food.

You need it—you will like it.

PREPARED BY THE

KALAMAZOO PURE FOOD CO., Kalamazoo, Mich.

WHEAT MEAT
PREPARED FROM
THE MOST NOURISHING PARTS OF WHEAT.
THOROUGHLY COOKED
READY FOR USE
WHEAT MEAT
A CONCENTRATED FOOD NOURISHING & STRENGTHENING
WHEAT MEAT IS REST FOR TIRED NERVES. TONIC OF THE INVALID STRENGTHENING CONVALESCENT
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NAME .....

STREET .....

CITY .....

Money! Money! Money!

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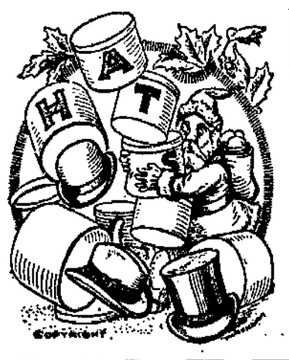

Xmas Presents. Why not buy now? Customers coming to our store every day, buying those fine

SMOKING JACKETS, FANCY SUSPENDERS, HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY, UMBRELLAS, SUIT CASES, NECKWEAR.

And making their selections in shirts. Our line of Men's Night Shirts and Gloves is up to the standard.

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F. W. Clements, employed in the Kerr Murray shops, had two of the fingers of his right hand terribly crushed this morning, a moulding weighing 500 pounds falling on the hand.

Rev. W. H. Daniel, presiding elder of the Fort Wayne district of the Methodist Episcopal church, is conducting quarterly services at the Ossian M. E. church today. He will conduct services in Bluffton on Sunday.

Do You Wish the Finest Bread and Cake

It is conceded that Royal Baking Powder is purest and strongest of all baking powders, absolutely free from alum, ammonia and every adulterant. "Royal" makes the best and most wholesome food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

GERST HEARING BEGINS.

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 7.—The hearing in the case of City Treasurer Philip Gerst, charged with misapplication of the public funds, was begun before Mayor Diehl today. Mr. Gerst was suspended by Mayor Diehl on November 19. He is charged with having unlawfully appropriated to his own use $43,080 of the city's money; with appropriating to his own use at various times city funds in amounts ranging from $1,850 to $25, and with loaning to various persons at different times city money in sums ranging from $8,000 to $82. Robert Schelling appeared for Mr. Gerst, who was not present. Mr. Schelling asked for an adjournment until the work of the expert accountant had been completed. He also stated that Mr. Gerst had retained Franklin D. Locke as counsel and that Mr. Locke could not be present this morning. He asked for an adjournment until Wednesday, which the mayor granted.

MAHSUDS KILL BRITISH.

Calcutta, Dec. 7.—The punitive expedition against the Mahsuds is meeting with considerable opposition. After the British had destroyed seven villages December 5, the Mahsuds reassembled and attacked the former's camp at night. Ten of the British were killed and fifteen wounded.

DROWNED WHILE SKATING.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 7.—The body of Miss Bessie Blair, daughter of Hon. A. G. Blair, minister of railways and canals, and that of H. A. Harper, editor of the Labor Gazette, who were drowned while skating on the Ottawa river last evening, were recovered today.

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

THE OLD TIME ... YULE LOG

Was the most carefully selected stick in the forest, for "ye people of ye olden time" believed, as we think now, that nothing was too good for Christmas tide. The short of it is this: When you want the best and most reasonably priced lumber to be had in the market—Christmas, New Year's, Fourth of July or any other day—bring or send your orders to

THE DIETHER LUMBER CO.

44 E. Superior and 100 Pearl St.

For Only 50 cts.

We print 100 calling cards, and include an Aluminum Card Case with your name engraved.

See our line of Fine Writing Paper in Fancy Boxes for Christmas.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS.

I. G. STAFFORD,

84 Clinton Street. OPPOSITE MASONIC TEMPLE. Phone, 940.

Best Range on Earth....

The Jewel..

We have them in a number of styles and sizes.

A beautiful Jewel Steel Range, with twenty inch oven,

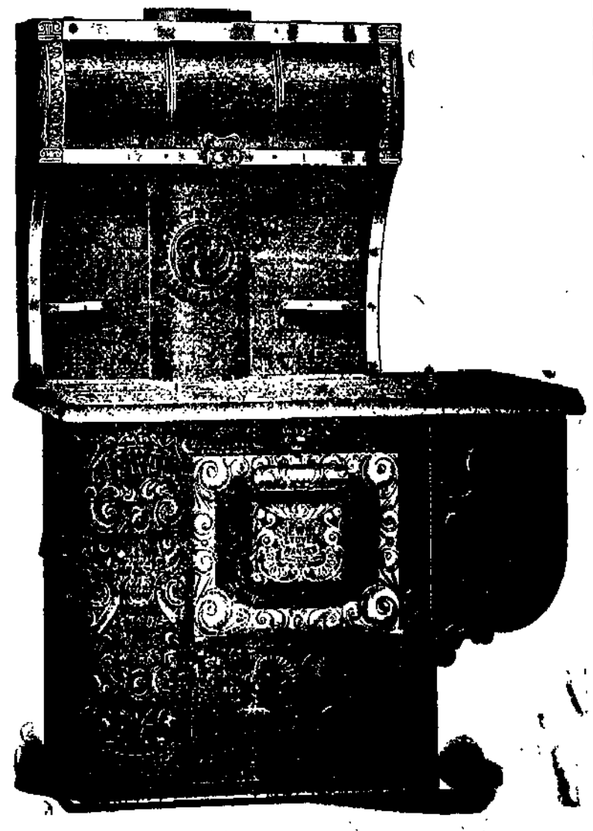
ONLY $37.00.

You can pay $4.00 down and the rest on easy payments.

See our line of WILSON HEATERS, the great fuel savers.

Koehlinger & Baur..

31 E Columbia St.



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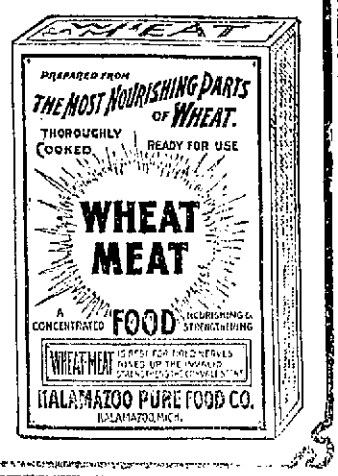

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W. C. Rodgers has removed his family here from Payne, Ohio, and the family is at home at 362 East Wayne street. Mr. Rodgers is employed in the Kunkle Safety Valve works on Barr street.

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F. W. Clements, employed in the Kerr Murray shops, had two of the fingers of his right hand terribly crushed this morning, a moulding weighing 500 pounds falling on the hand.

Rev. W. H. Daniel, presiding elder of the Fort Wayne district of the Methodist Episcopal church, is conducting quarterly services at the Ossian M. E. church today. He will conduct services in Bluffton on Sunday.

Do You Wish the Finest Bread and Cake

It is conceded that Royal Baking Powder is purest and strongest of all baking powders, absolutely free from alum, ammonia and every adulterant. "Royal" makes the best and most wholesome food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

GERST HEARING BEGINS.

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 7.—The hearing in the case of City Treasurer Philip Gerst, charged with misapplication of the public funds, was begun before Mayor Diehl today. Mr. Gerst was suspended by Mayor Diehl on November 10. He is charged with having unlawfully appropriated to his own use $43,080 of the city's money; with appropriating to his own use at various times city funds in amounts ranging from $1,850 to $25, and with loaning to various persons at different times city money in sums ranging from $8,000 to $32. Robert Scheiling appeared for Mr. Gerst, who was not present. Mr. Scheiling asked for an adjournment until the work of the expert accountant had been completed. He also stated that Mr. Gerst had retained Franklin D. Locke as counsel and that Mr. Locke could not be present this morning. He asked for an adjournment until Wednesday, which the mayor granted.

MAHSUDS KILL BRITISH.

Calcutta, Dec. 7.—The punitive expedition against the Mahsuds is meeting with considerable opposition. After the British had destroyed seven villages December 5, the Mahsuds reassembled and attacked the former's camp at night. Ten of the British were killed and fifteen wounded.

DROWNED WHILE SKATING.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 7.—The body of Miss Bessie Blair, daughter of Hon. Mr. Gerst, who was not present. Mr. A. G. Blair, minister of railways and canals, and that of H. A. Harper, editor of the Labor Gazette, who were drowned while skating on the Ottawa river last evening, were recovered today.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

THE OLD TIME . . . YULE LOG

Was the most carefully selected stick in the forest, for "ye people of ye olden time" believed, as we think now, that nothing was too good for Christmas tide. The short of it is this: When you want the best and most reasonably priced lumber to be had in the market—Christmas, New Year's, Fourth of July or any other day—bring or send your orders to

THE DIETHER LUMBER CO.

44 E. Superior and 100 Pearl St.

For Only 50 cts.

We print 100 calling cards, and include an Aluminum Card Case with your name engraved.

See our line of Fine Writing Paper in Fancy Boxes for Christmas.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS.

I. C. STAFFORD,

84 Clinton Street. OPPOSITE MASONIC TEMPLE.

Phone, 940.

Best Range on Earth....

The Jewel..

We have them in a number of styles and sizes.

A beautiful Jewel Steel Range, with twenty inch oven,

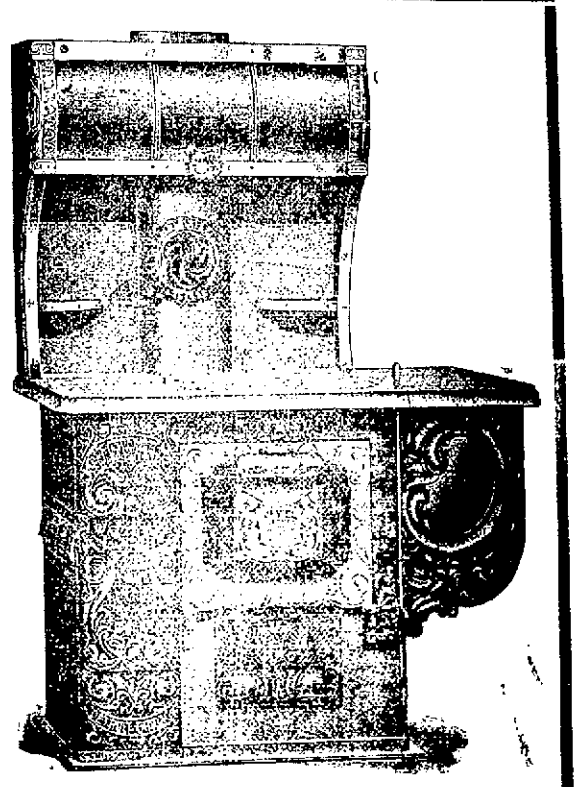
ONLY $37.00.

You can pay $4.00 down and the rest on easy payments.

See our line of WILSON HEATERS, the great fuel savers.

Koehlinger & Baur..

31 E Columbia St.



MISS BONNIE DELANO

A Chicago Society Lady, in a Letter to Mrs. Pinkham says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Of all the grateful daughters to whom you have given health and life, none are more glad than I.

"My home and my life was happy

MISS BONNIE DELANO.

until illness came upon me three years ago. I first noticed it by being irregular and having very painful and scanty menstruation; gradually my general health failed; I could not enjoy my meals; I became languid and nervous, with griping pains frequently in the groins.

"I advised with our family physician who prescribed without any improvement. One day he said,—'Try **Lydia Pinkham's Remedies.**' I did, thank God; the next month I was better, and it gradually built me up until in four months I was cured. This is nearly a year ago and I have not had a pain or ache since."—BONNIE DELANO, 3248 Indiana Ave., Chicago, Ill.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Trustworthy proof is abundant that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** saves thousands of young women from dangers resulting from organic irregularity, suppression or retention of the menses, ovarian or womb troubles. Refuse substitutes.

Skates!

Skates!

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We carry the most complete line of BARNEY & BERRY Skates ever shown in the city.

Call and examine our line and you will buy only the BARNEY & BERRY Skates.

F. M. SMITH & CO.,

22 Calhoun St.

A New Roof

One of the proofs that our new roofs are just about the nobbiest and best for the money in Fort Wayne is the fact that our Hat trade is immense.

Soft Hats seem to be the thing—our "Manhattan," "Brighton" or "Reclare" at $3.00 cannot be beaten. The styles and colors are the very latest.

If you want to buy a label—pay $4.00—if you want a hat we'll sell you the best for $3.00.

F. H. Bohne & Bro.
84 and 252 Calhoun Street.

A. Hattersley & Son,

PLUMBERS,
STEAM AND
GAS FITTERS,
48 E. MAIN ST.,
FORT WAYNE, IND

Merit Will Tell

The truth of this saying has been proven by the wonderful success of

Syrup of White Pine and Tar Co.,

in all cases of Coughs, Colds, etc. It is our absolutely genuine preparation that

HAS MERIT.

Buy a bottle of it now. Try it, and if not absolutely satisfactory to you, we will refund the money. Is this guarantee good enough?

RANKE & NUSSBAUM,
Pharmacy, 88 Calhoun St.

Try The Sentinel Want Column.

NEW PROPOSITION

MADE BY THE FORT WAYNE TRACTION COMPANY.

WILLING TO EXTEND LINES

IN CONSIDERATION OF CERTAIN PRIVILEGES.

OLD DESIRES PRESENTED

WHAT THE COMPANY WILL DO IN RETURN.

With Mr. Bauer as chairman, Councilmen Bauer, Hosey and Miller, and the board of works, with the mayor, met as a committee this afternoon to receive a proposition from the Fort Wayne Traction company, relative to local extensions and the use of the company's lines by interurban companies.

Manager Scott spoke somewhat in defense of the Traction company in presenting his proposition in response to invitation of the chairman.

He said the company desired a loop on Clinton street and Lafayette street, and wanted an extension of the Clinton street line south from Lewist street to the company barns.

Mayor Berghoff interrupted Mr. Scott's statement, asking whether he did not have a written proposition to submit.

Mr. Scott replied that he had and the document was produced. Councilman Miller read it. It provided for exactly what Mr. Scott stated in his verbal proposition, as far as down town loops were concerned; agreed to haul interurban passengers for 2½ cents each; to make extensions within eighteen months or not make them at all; to sell six tickets for a quarter on the cars; to continue the three and one-half cent special ticket sales; to meet the Lima Electrial road at the city limits and to treat with other companies on the same basis as the contract with the Lima company, a copy of which accompanied the proposition.

As The Sentinel goes to press there is no opportunity to conjecture conclusions, as the matter has not at this writing even approached the debating period. Neither is it likely that the committee will make any recomendations at this meeting, but may recommend that the complete proposition be referred to the committee of the whole.

HANGMEN GIVEN A SCARE.

Little Rock, Ark., Dec. 7.—Bud Wilson, a convict, who killed R. H. Naylor, a guard of the Yell county convict camp last September, was hanged yesterday at Danville. The trap was sprung at 9:45 o'clock and at 10:05 the body was pronounced dead and lowered into a coffin. Before the lid was placed on the coffin the body began moving about. Wilson opened his eyes and his whole frame shook with tremors. He was taken from the coffin by the deputies and carried up the steps to the scaffold for the purpose of hanging him again. When the platform was reached the body became rigid, remaining so for a moment, and then became limp. Wilson was examined by the physicians, who finally pronounced him dead, death being caused by strangulation.

ASKS PASTOR TO PRAY FOR HER

Flora, Ind., Dec. 7.—Rev. H. M. Kendall, of this city, who has recently gained considerable notoriety by his sensational sermons on dancing and who resigned his charge here and entered the lecture field, has received the following communication:

"Cincinnati, Ohio, Dec. 2.—Pastor: Will you please extend your prayers to me, that God may answer my prayer and that I may get the man I dearly love, and please pray for me often, will you please, that I may be better and also get him. If I would ask our pastor here he would laugh at me, so I write and ask you to pray for me, which I hope you will do. From a sister in Christ. Miss F. E.

"P. S.—Remember me in your prayers for a long time."

OHIO BANK ROBBED.

Delta, Ohio, Dec. 7.—Three robbers broke into the bank of the Archibald Banking company, at Archibald, this county, early today and secured about $2,000 in gold and currency. John Hoffmayer, a resident, discovered the robbers and was shot in the jaw. The robbers stole a horse and buggy in the outskirts of town and escaped.

BRITISH IRON TRADE.

London, Dec. 7.—Under the caption "Crisis in the British Iron Industry," the Statist today, after expatiating upon the enormous development in this line in the United States to the detriment of Great Britain, earnestly advocates the importing of ore from Newfoundland and Nova Scotia, also the establishment in England of basic furnaces by which alone that ore can be treated. The revolution in the British industry must begin with the construction of basic furnaces for the utilization of phosphoric ores," the paper adds, "which soon will be all that is available. But that will not suffice to preserve our steel making industry. We must also merge our smelting and steel making in one continuous, economical process." In corroboration of the Statist's remarks, it is said today that in the Scotch steel trade many works will remain closed throughout January, owing to the uncombatable competition of America and the continent and the dearth of fresh orders.

PHOTOGRAPHY AND CHRISTMAS TIME.

A SUGESTION THAT WILL HELP THE PERPLEXED BUYER TO HAPPY SOLUTION.

Miner's Studio Presents the Finest Things in Up-to-Date Art That Can Be Found in the City.

In plunging around about this time of the year the average economist sometimes finds himself at a loss where to spend his money to the best advantage when the annual Christmas nightmare begins to keep him awake of nights. The toy stores are usually accepted as the most ready refuge and the troubled purchaser after buying a cord or two of stuff that he does not want at all most frequently goes home with the satisfaction sprouting in his soul that he did the best he could anyway. Passing the corner of Wayne and Calhoun streets The Sentinel man's attention was attracted by the display of photographs exhibited there by Miner's studio. It's the things new and novel in photography that catch the average American and a look at the display seems to indicate that Miner has got them all. The exhibition is not large, to be sure, but it is original and novel and fetching. There isn't any other word that expresses it just exactly as "fetching" does—but they are fetching. A glance at the corner display of course provoked a visit to the gallery a few doors below, and there some revelations in the art of photography were presented. The Sentinel does not mean to say that the things he saw there cannot be seen at any other place, but the writer is safe in saying that the same effects have never been shown elsewhere in this city. Novelties, suitable for Christmas presents, can be seen without number, but of all of them the most unique and striking are the "Book Deckels." What that means neither the proprietor nor the interviewer could figure out, but what a "book deckel" is is a different sort of an explanation to make. Miner's are triumphs of the photographer's art and are shown in all sorts of shapes and sizes—they are really gems.

The "deckel" is an ordinary sort of an affair, to be sure, but the way the picture inside of it is finished and mounted is what counts. Rich platinum finish, better looking than any steel engraving, is the prettiest looking thing to be seen, but there are others to select from. A person who has never visited a photographer's studio during the busy season cannot form a reasonable idea of what is going on there. Mr. Miner said to The Sentinel that he has never had so prosperous a season as the one now on. Accordingly he has increased his force and is now prepared to take care of anything that happens to come along, and he takes the sensible idea of advertising by saying that he expects his work to advertise itself. During the holidays the Miner studio will be open evenings and Sundays, and sittings can be had at any time day or night—the finest electric system in Indiana used for night sittings—and all work will be delivered when promised. There is no mistake on that proposition, although Mr. Miner says that he prefers engagements to be made in advance. However, this article is getting too long, but in closing it might be stated that the advanced process of photograpay must be seen to be appreciated and that it can be seen best at Miner's, where practical proofs can be seen.

LOCAL LINES.

Christopher Wybourn is quite ill at his home, 383 South Lafayette street.

Tomorrow will be a day of special services at Grace Reformed church and a full attendance of members is desired.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Colson and daghter, who came here to spend Thanksgiving with Mr. Colson's mother, at 329 West Main street, left today for their home in Tecumseh, Mich.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—A whirlwind of excitement struck the grain pits today and sent all cereals again above record prices. After yesterday's early dullness and late reviving strength the shorts were panicky. Conditions were the same that started the big bull movement of Wednesday and Thursday. Buying orders were coming in on all sides. Trade was enormous and opening prices jumped excitedly. Wheat had the greater part of the attention of the traders. Commission houses bought heavily and offerings were very light. December opened ¾@⅞c to 1⅛@1¼c higher at 77⅛c to 76¾c. Profit-taking by the big professionals was popular and prices sagged a trifle, touching 76⅝c. The big country demand, however, kept the tone very strong. May opened ⅞@1c to 1¼@1⅜c higher at 80⅞c to 81¼c, exceeding the record price for this crop by ⅜c. Profit-taking in this option also brought a sag to 80¾c, but the reaction was quick and at the end of the first hour it was holding strong at 81c. General conditions had little effect on the pit, speculation ruling. Cables and the English country markets, however, were strong, as were the outside markets here. Receipts were only moderate, local 54 cars, 1 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 700 cars, making a total for the three points of 754 cars, against 1,050 last week and 690 a year ago.

Small primary receipts, Wall street buying and a general rush to get hold of wheat brought prices upward after the small sag with a rush. December closed 2⅜@2½c higher at 78⅞c. May jumped excitedly to 83c and closed strong, 2½c up, at 82⅝@82¾c.

Trade in corn was not very large, but prices were as tight as a drum. Commission houses had good buying orders, cables were strong and there was very little for sale. In the main the pit traders watched wheat and took their cue from that cereal. Sympathy with wheat was the strongest factor, though outside markets were higher than Chicago and the cash demand strong. Unsettled weather also contributed to the influence. December opened ⅜@1c and 1⅛c up at 65¼@65⅝c to 65½c, but eased on liquidation to 64¾c. May struck its new record price at the start, opening ½c to 1c up at 68¼c to 68¾c. There was a slight sag here also, but holdings were firm at 68½c. Receipts were 136 cars.

Corn felt the onward rush in wheat and followed it in a measure. December closed ⅝c higher at 64⅞c, strong but somewhat less so than at the opening. May jumped up to still a new record and closed there, strong, 1¼c higher, at 69c.

Oats opened strong at record-breaking prices, but more in sympathy with other grains than on any special demand. There was a fair commission house trade on both sides of the market to start with, but this developed strongly and held everything up to the high level. May opened ½c to 1c higher at 46c to 46¾c. There were rapid fluctuations, but the option held very strong at 46½c. The cash demand was strong and acceptances short. Receipts were small at 188 cars.

Provisions opened somewhat dull at lower prices all around on a weaker hog market. The increase of stocks here is material and the country seemed to be a heavy seller. The strength in grains kept prices from sagging badly. January pork opened a shade lower at $16.67½; January lard 7½c down at $9.70 and sold off to $9.65@9.67½, and January ribs 5c down at $8.45.

THE CLOSE.

Prices at the close were as follows:

Wheat—Dec., 88⅜c; May, 82⅜@82¾c; Jan., 79c; July, 82½c.

Corn—Dec., 65c; May, 69c; Jan., 65⅞@66c; July, 68⅜c.

Oats—Dec., 46¾c; May, 47⅜c; July, 42½c; Sept., 36c.

Pork—Dec., $15.75; Jan., $16.85; May, $17.25.

Lard—Jan., $9.80; May, $9.87½.

Ribs—Dec., $8.55; Jan., $8.55; May, $8.72½.

Flax—Cash N. W., $1.45; No. 1, $1.44; Dec., $1.45; May, $1.50.

Rye—Dec., 62⅝c; May, 66⅞c.

Barley—Cash, 56@63c.

Timothy—March, $6.55.

Clover—Jan., $9.30; March, $9.45.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,000; market steady. Good to prime, $6.50@7.50; poor to medium, $4.00@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.50; cows, $1.25@4.75; heifers, $2.50@5.50; canners, $1.25@2.30; bulls, $2.00@4.75; calves, $2.50@6.00.

Hogs—Receipts today, 28,000; Monday, 50,000; left over, 6,605. Market 5@10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.70@6.20; good to choice heavy, $5.85@6.40; rough heavy, $5.60@5.90; light, $5.35@5.90; bulk of sales, $5.80@6.20.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Butter—Market firm; creameries, 14@24½c; dairies, 13@20c.

Cheese—Market unchanged; twins, 9¼@9½c; young Americas, 10c; daisies, 10@10¼c.

Eggs—Market firm, 24c.

THE DAY ON WALL STREET.

New York, Dec. 7.—The depressed tone of stocks which developed yesterday was still manifest this morning. Amalgamated Copper was weak, the first block of 1,500 shares selling at 68½ and the next block of 6,500 shares at 68, compared with 70, the price last night. The stock subsequently rallied a fraction. Manhattan was also under heavy pressure and dropped to 135, compared with 136¼ at the close last night. The declines elsewhere were mostly moderate fractions. New York Central fell 1¼.

Prices of other stocks were maintained for a time in the face of enormous selling of Amalgamated Copper and Manhattan. These leaders made feverish rallies, Manhattan getting back to 136. On their renewed downward plunge, which carried them to 65⅝ and 134 respectively, the general market gave way more generally. New York Central lost 3 points and St. Paul, Atchison, Union Pacific, Chicago Great Western, Texas and Pacific, Kansas and Texas preferred, Delaware and Hudson, Lackawanna, Illinois Central, Reading first preferred, Rock Island and the United States Steel stocks declined 1 to 1⅛. Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg lost 3 points.

The bears bought very heavily to take their profits before the bank statement appeared and caused a rally of 2 points in Manhattan and 1 to 1⅛ in the principal weak stocks. The appearance of the bank statement was the signal for renewed liquidation, which carried prices generally lower than before. Amalgamated Copper touched 65⅜ and Manhattan 134½. Northwestern broke 6⅝. Many important stocks which held through the first period of weakness gave way to the extent of a point or more. Great Northern preferred fell 2¾, St. Paul 2⅛, General Electric 2½ and Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg preferred 4. A rally of over 2 points in Amalgamated Copper and over a point in Manhattan relieved the pressure elsewhere. The closing was active and feverish at about the lowest.

FORT WAYNE MARKETS.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Dec. 7.—Flour.—Spring wheat, $3.75@4; winter, bbl., $3.75@4.25; Graham, $1.60 per cwt.; buskwheat, $2.65 per cwt.; corn meal, bolted, $1.50 per cwt.; corn meal, unbolted, $1.50 per cwt.

Wheat—78c.
Oats—45c.
Corn—60@62.
Timothy Seed—$2.70 bu.
Rye—55c.
Cloverseed—$4.50@5.00.
Barley—55c.
Chop Feed—$1.20 per cwt.
Oil Meal—$1.50 per cwt.
Flax Seed—$1.40.
Hides—Green, 7½c; salted, 8½c.
Calf Hides—Green, 9½c; salted, 11c.
Wool—Unwashed, 18@17c; washed, 22@23c.
Bran—Ton, $22.00.
Shorts—Ton, $22.00.
Middlings—Ton, $24.00.
Pork—On foot, $5.00@5.10.
Pork—Dressed, $6.75.
Cattle—$3.00@3.75.
Sheep—3@4c lb.
Lambs—3¾c lb.
Rabbits—15c.

CITY HAY MARKET.

Timothy—$7.00@9.00.
Clover—$5.00@8.00.
Mixed—$6.00@7.00.
Straw—$3.00@4.00.

PRODUCE.

Butter—15@16c.
Eggs—23c.
Butter—Creamery, 23c.
Lard—10c lb.
Live Chickens—6@6½c.
Live Geese—6c lb.
Live Turkeys—8½@7c.
Potatoes—35c@$1.00.
Apples—$1.00@1.25 bu.
Onions—$1.00@1.15 bu.
Beans—$1.75@2.00 bu.
Honey—14@15c lb.
Hickory Nuts—$1.25@1.50 bu.

THE RECORD OF CASUALTIES.

MRS. GEORGE REBER HAS A PAINFUL FALL.

Right Leg is Fractured Near the Ankle—Miss Mabel Koch Injured in an Elevator.

Mrs. George Reber, sr., wife of a prominent farmer residing near St. John's cemetery, southwest of the city, sustained a painful fall Friday evening, in which her right leg was broken near the ankle. Mrs. Reber had been calling at the home of her son, near the county infirmary, and about 6 o'clock started to enter her buggy to return home. As she did so she stepped upon a pebble in such a manner as to turn her ankle and throw her to the ground, the bones of the lower limb being fractured in the fall. She was assisted to her home, where Dr. Enslen attended her.

HAND BADLY CUT.

Mrs. Charles Johnson, of Brookside street, severely cut the palm of her right hand yesterday upon the sharp edge of a fruit jar, which broke while she was endeavoring to open it. The injury is a very extensive one.

HURT IN AN ELEVATOR.

Miss Mabel Koch, of Oliver street, employed by the Davis Medical company, was injured in an elevator at the company's building Friday afternoon. As the car was ascending Miss Koch's arm was caught against a floor of the building. The flesh upon the arm was painfully bruised and lacerated. A physician in the building dressed the injury and Miss Koch was removed to her home.

AGED LADY INJURED.

Mrs. Margaret Sunderland, one of the oldest living residents of Allen county, is lying in a critical condition at the home of her granddaughter, Mrs. John Hydman, in Eel River township, the result of a fall. Thursday morning Mrs. Sunderland had the misfortune to lose her footing and fell heavily, receiving a bad fracture of the hip. She is past 90 years old and the infirmities of such an advanced age have rendered her condition most precarious. Her recovery is extremely doubtful.

"Border-Land," an original melodrama, was presented last night at the Broadway theater under the auspices of the Brotherhood of American Yeomen, and it was enjoyed by a large audience. The specialty introduced by Vida Woodward-Bidwell was exceptionally well received. Her rendition of "The Famine," from Longfellow's "Songs of Hiawatha," was highly complimented, both with respect to costume and elocution.

People may differ in their views in regard to interurban franchises, but they all agree that

The Packard PIANO.

Is the equal of any piano made today, and inspection of our stock is all we ask.....

Packard Music House,

Sole Agents for the Pianola, 120 Calhoun St.

Buy at Scherzingers. Why?

Because Mr. Scherzinger will not remain in the jewelry business much longer. He will retire after a long and successful career. He started in business in 1865 and during all these years his word was as good as a bond. At present his

Stock is Unbroken

and there is a great variety of goods from which to make your selections. If you want anything in the way of watches, rings, pins, chains, tea sets, etc, you can buy

With Big Profits Knocked Off

At Scherzinger's, as he sacrifices everything to retire from business. Remember, that the goods he sells are all warranted and made by reliable manufacturers.

Public cordially invited to look over my stock.

P. Scherzinger,

Established 1865. 78 Calhoun Street.

Look for Big Sign in front of Store.

Holiday Furs.

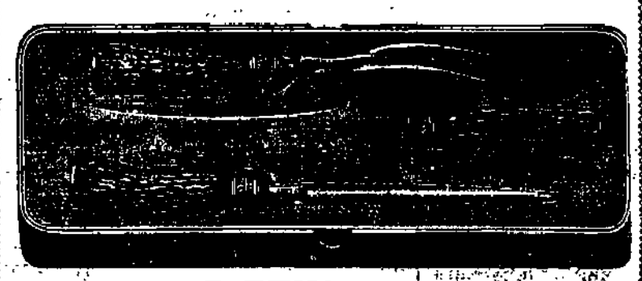
Stephen's Furs Make Fine Christmas Presents.

They are elegant in style, fine in quality and right in price. All our own make from select skins---guaranteed to be just as represented. Get our prices before you buy---don't part with good money for bad fur.

E. A. Stephens,

29 E. Berry Street.

To Complete a Good Dinner



You Will Need a... NEW MEAT CHOPPER CARVING SET...

Our line of CARVERS is larger than ever. All new styles and at all prices. Rogers 1847 Silverware Pocket Knives and Scissors. HOLIDAY GOODS. Washing Machines and Wringers. Mrs. Pott's Sad Irons and Ironing Boards. And a complete line of Hardware.

H. Pfeiffer & Son,

No. 9 E. Columbia Street.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

FOR RENT—5 unfurnished rooms, all modern conveniences, at 30 E. Superior St. 7t2

MISS BONNIE DELANO

A Chicago Society Lady, in a Letter to Mrs. Pinkham says:

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until illness came upon me three years ago. I first noticed it by being irregular and having very painful and scanty menstruation; gradually my general health failed; I could not enjoy my meals; I became languid and nervous, with griping pains frequently in the groins.

"I advised with our family physician who prescribed without any improvement. One day he said,—'Try **Lydia Pinkham's Remedies.**' I did, thank God; the next month I was better, and it gradually built me up until in four months I was cured. This is nearly a year ago and I have not had a pain or ache since."—BONNIE DELANO, 3248 Indiana Ave., Chicago, Ill.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

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IN CONSIDERATION OF CERTAIN PRIVILEGES.

OLD DESIRES PRESENTED

WHAT THE COMPANY WILL DO IN RETURN.

With Mr. Bauer as chairman, Councilmen Bauer, Hosey and Miller, and the board of works, with the mayor, met as a committee this afternoon to receive a proposition from the Fort Wayne Traction company, relative to local extensions and the use of the company's lines by interurban companies.

Manager Scott spoke somewhat in defense of the Traction company in presenting his proposition in response to invitation of the chairman.

He said the company desired a loop on Clinton street and Lafayette street, and wanted an extension of the Clinton street line south from Lewist street to the company barns.

Mayor Berghoff interrupted Mr. Scott's statement, asking whether he did not have a written proposition to submit.

Mr. Scott replied that he had and the document was produced. Councilman Miller read it. It provided for exactly what Mr. Scott stated in his verbal proposition, as far as down-town loops were concerned; agreed to haul interurban passengers for 2½ cents each; to make extensions within eighteen months or not make them at all; to sell six tickets for a quarter on the cars; to continue the three and one-half cent special ticket sales; to meet the Lima Electrinl road at the city limits and to treat with other companies on the same basis as the contract with the Lima company, a copy of which accompanied the proposition.

As The Sentinel goes to press there is no opportunity to conjecture conclusions, as the matter has not at this writing even approached the debating period. Neither is it likely that the committee will make any recomendations at this meeting, but may recommend that the complete proposition be referred to the committee of the whole.

HANGMEN GIVEN A SCARE.

Little Rock, Ark., Dec. 7.—Bud Wilson, a convict, who killed B. H. Naylor, a guard of the Yell county convict camp last September, was hanged yesterday at Danville. The trap was sprung at 9:45 o'clock and at 10:05 the body was pronounced dead and lowered into a coffin. Before the lid was placed on the coffin the body began moving about. Wilson opened his eyes and his whole frame shook with tremors. He was taken from the coffin by the deputies and carried up the steps to the scaffold for the purpose of hanging him again. When the platform was reached the body became rigid, remaining so for a moment, and then became limp. Wilson was examined by the physicians, who finally pronounced him dead, death being caused by strangulation.

ASKS PASTOR TO PRAY FOR HER

Flora, Ind., Dec. 7.—Rev. H. M. Kendall, of this city, who has recently gained considerable notoriety by his sensational sermons on dancing and who resigned his charge here and entered the lecture field, has received the following communication:

"Cincinnati, Ohio, Dec. 2.—Pastor: Will you please extend your prayers to me, that God may answer my prayer and that I may get the man I dearly love, and please pray for me often, will you please, that I may be better and also get him. If I would ask our pastor here he would laugh at me, so I write and ask you to pray for me, which I hope you will do. From a sister in Christ. Miss F. E.

"P. S.—Remember me in your prayers for a long time."

OHIO BANK ROBBED.

Delta, Ohio, Dec. 7.—Three robbers broke into the bank of the Archibald Banking company, at Archibald, this county, early today and secured about $2,000 in gold and currency. John Hoffmayer, a resident, discovered the robbers and was shot in the jaw. The robbers stole a horse and buggy in the outskirts of town and escaped.

BRITISH IRON TRADE.

London, Dec. 7.—Under the caption "Crisis in the British Iron Industry," the Statist today, after expatiating upon the enormous development in this line in the United States to the detriment of Great Britain, earnestly advocates the importing of ore from Newfoundland and Nova Scotia, also the establishment in England of basic furnaces by which alone that ore can be treated. The revolution in the British industry must begin with the construction of basic furnaces for the utilization of phosphoric ores," the paper adds, "which soon will be all that is available. But that will not suffice to preserve our steel making industry. We must also merge our smelting and steel making in one continuous, economical process." In corroboration of the Statist's remarks, it is said today that in the Scotch steel trade many works will remain closed throughout January, owing to the uncombatable competition of America and the continent and the dearth of fresh orders.

PHOTOGRAPHY AND CHRISTMAS TIME.

A SUGESTION THAT WILL HELP THE PERPLEXED BUYER TO HAPPY SOLUTION.

Miner's Studio Presents the Finest Things in Up-to-Date Art That Can Be Found in the City.

In plunging around about this time of the year the average economist sometimes finds himself at a loss where to spend his money to the best advantage when the annual Christmas nightmare begins to keep him awake of nights. The toy stores are usually accepted as the most ready refuge and the troubled purchaser after buying a cord or two of stuff that he does not want at all most frequently goes home with the satisfaction sprouting in his soul that he did the best he could anyway. Passing the corner of Wayne and Calhoun streets The Sentinel man's attention was attracted by the display of photographs exhibited there by Miner's studio. It's the things new and novel in photography that catch the average American and a look at the display seems to indicate that Miner has got them all. The exhibition is not large, to be sure, but it is original and novel and fetching. There isn't any other word that expresses it just exactly as "fetching" does—but they are fetching. A glance at the corner display of course provoked a visit to the gallery a few doors below, and there some revelations in the art of photography were presented. The Sentinel does not mean to say that the things he saw there cannot be seen at any other place, but the writer is safe in saying that the same effects have never been shown elsewhere in this city. Novelties, suitable for Christmas presents, can be seen without number, but of all of them the most unique and striking are the "Book Deckels." What that means neither the proprietor nor the interviewer could figure out, but what a "book deckel" is is a different sort of an explanation to make. Miner's are tiumphs of the photographer's art and are shown in all sorts of shapes and sizes—they are really gems.

The "deckel" is an ordinary sort of an affair, to be sure, but the way the picture inside of it is finished and mounted is what counts. Rich platinum finish, better looking than any steel engraving, is the prettiest looking thing to be seen, but there are others to select from. A person who has never visited a photographer's studio during the busy season cannot form a reasonable idea of what is going on there. Mr. Miner said to The Sentinel that he has never had so prosperous a season as the one now on. Accordingly he has increased his force and is now prepared to take care of anything that happens to come along, and he takes the sensible idea of advertising by saying that he expects his work to advertise itself. During the holidays the Miner studio will be open evenings and Sundays, and sittings can be had at any time day or night—the finest electric system in Indiana used for night sittings—and all work will be delivered when promised. There is no mistake on that proposition, although Mr. Miner says that he prefers engagements to be made in advance. However, this article is getting too long, but in closing it might be stated that the advanced process of photograpay must be seen to be appreciated and that it can be seen best at Miner's, where practical proofs can be seen.

LOCAL LINES.

Christopher Wybourn is quite ill at his home, 383 South Lafayette street.

Tomorrow will be a day of special services at Grace Reformed church and a full attendance of members is desired.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Colson and daghter, who came here to spend Thanksgiving with Mr. Colson's mother, at 329 West Main street, left today for their home in Tecumseh, Mich.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—A whirlwind of excitement struck the grain pits today and sent all cereals again above record prices. After yesterday's tame dullness and late reviving strength the shorts were panicky. Conditions were the same that started the big bull movement of Wednesday and Thursday. Buying orders were coming in on all sides. Trade was enormous and opening prices jumped excitedly. Wheat had the greater part of the attention of the traders. Commission houses bought heavily and offerings were very light. December opened ¾@7⅞c to 1⅛@1¼c higher at 77⅛c to 76¾c. Profit-taking by the big professionals was popular and prices sagged a trifle, touching 76⅜c. The big country demand, however, kept the tone very strong. May opened ⅞@1c to 1¼@1⅜c higher at 80⅞c to 81¼c, exceeding the record price for this crop by ⅜c. Profit-taking in this option also brought a sag to 80¾c, but the reaction was quick and at the end of the first hour it was holding strong at 81c. General conditions had little effect on the pit, speculation ruling. Cables and the English country markets, however, were strong, as were the outside markets here. Receipts were only moderate, local 54 cars, 1 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 700 cars, making a total for the three points of 754 cars, against 1,050 last week and 680 a year ago.

Small primary receipts, Wall street buying and a general rush to get hold of wheat brought prices upward after the small sag with a rush. December closed 2⅝@2¾c higher at 78⅞c. May jumped excitedly to 83c and closed strong, 2¾c up, at 82⅝@82¾c.

Trade in corn was not very large, but prices were as tight as a drum. Commission houses had good buying orders, cables were strong and there was very little for sale. In the main the pit traders watched wheat and took their cue from that cereal. Sympathy with wheat was the strongest factor, though outside markets were higher than Chicago and the cash demand strong. Unsettled weather also contributed to the influence. December opened ⅞@1c and 1⅛c up at 65¼@65⅜c to 65¼c, but eased on liquidation to 64¾c. May struck its new record price at the start, opening ½c to 1c up at 68¼c to 68⅜c. There was a slight sag here also, but holdings were firm at 68½c. Receipts were 186 cars.

Corn felt the onward rush in wheat and followed it in a measure. December closed ⅝c higher at 64⅞c, strong but somewhat less so than at the opening. May jumped up to still a new record and closed there, strong, 1¼c higher, at 69c.

Oats opened strong at record-breaking prices, but more in sympathy with other grains than on any special demand. There was a fair commission house trade on both sides of the market to start with, but this developed strongly and held everything up to the high level. May opened ¼c to 1c higher at 46c to 46¾c. There were rapid fluctuations, but the option held very strong at 46½c. The cash demand was strong and acceptances short. Receipts were small at 188 cars.

Provisions opened somewhat dull at lower prices all around on a weaker hog market. The increase of stocks here is material and the country seemed to be a heavy seller. The strength in grains kept prices from sagging badly. January pork opened a shade lower at $16.67½; January lard 7½c down at $9.70 and sold off to $9.65@9.67½, and January ribs 5c down at $8.45.

THE CLOSE.

Prices at the close were as follows:

Wheat—Dec., 88⅜c; May, 82⅜@82¾c; Jan., 79c; July, 82½c.

Corn—Dec., 65c; May, 69c; Jan., 65⅞@66c; July, 68⅜c.

Oats—Dec., 46¾c; May, 47⅜c; July, 42¼c; Sept., 36c.

Pork—Dec., $15.75; Jan., $16.85; May, $17.25.

Lard—Jan., $9.80; May, $9.87½.

Ribs—Dec., $8.55; Jan., $8.55; May, $8.72½.

Flax—Cash N. W., $1.45; No. 1, $1.44; Dec., $1.45; May, $1.50.

Rye—Dec., 62½c; May, 66⅞c.

Barley—Cash, 56@63c.

Timothy—March, $6.55.

Clover—Jan., $9.30; March, $9.45.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,000; market steady. Good to prime, $6.50@7.50; poor to medium, $4.00@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.50; cows, $1.25@4.75; heifers, $2.50@5.50; cannors, $1.25@2.30; bulls, $2.00@4.75; calves, $2.50@6.00.

Hogs—Receipts today, 28,000; Monday, 50,000; left over, 6,605. Market 5@10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.70@6.20; good to choice heavy, $5.85@6.40; rough heavy, $5.60@5.90; light, $5.35@5.90; bulk of sales, $5.80@6.20.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Butter—Market firm; creameries, 14@24½c; dairies, 13@20c.

Cheese—Market unchanged; twins, 9¼@9½c; young Americas, 10c; daisies, 10@10½c.

Eggs—Market firm, 24c.

THE DAY ON WALL STREET.

New York, Dec. 7.—The depressed tone of stocks which developed yesterday was still manifest this morning. Amalgamated Copper was weak, the first block of 1,500 shares selling at 68½ and the next block of 6,500 shares at 68, compared with 70, the price last night. The stock subsequently rallied a fraction. Manhattan was also under heavy pressure and dropped to 135, compared with 136¼ at the close last night. The declines elsewhere were mostly moderate fractions. New York Central fell 1¼.

Prices of other stocks were maintained for a time in the face of enormous selling of Amalgamated Copper and Manhattan. These leaders made feverish rallies, Manhattan getting back to 136. On their renewed downward plunge, which carried them to 65⅝ and 134 respectively, the general market gave way more generally. New York Central lost 3 points and St. Paul, Atchison, Union Pacific, Chicago Great Western, Texas and Pacific, Kansas and Texas preferred, Delaware and Hudson, Lackawanna, Illinois Central, Reading first preferred, Rock Island and the United States Steel stocks declined 1 to 1⅛. Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg lost 3 points.

The bears bought very heavily to take their profits before the bank statement appeared and caused a rally of 2 points in Manhattan and 1 to 1¼ in the principal weak stocks. The appearance of the bank statement was the signal for renewed liquidation, which carried prices generally lower than before. Amalgamated Copper touched 65⅝ and Manhattan 134½. Northwestern broke 6¾. Many important stocks which held through the first period of weakness gave way to the extent of a point or more. Great Northern preferred fell 2¾, St. Paul 2½, General Electric 2½ and Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg preferred 4. A rally of over 2 points in Amalgamated Copper and over a point in Manhattan relieved the pressure elsewhere. The closing was active and feverish at about the lowest.

FORT WAYNE MARKETS.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Dec. 7.—Flour.—Spring wheat, $3.75@4; winter, bbl., $3.75@4.25; Graham, $1.60 per cwt.; buskwheat, $2.65 per cwt.; corn meal, bolted, $1.50 per cwt.; corn meal, unbolted, $1.50 per cwt.

Wheat—78c.
Oats—45c.
Corn—60@62.
Timothy Seed—$2.70 bu.
Rye—55c.
Cloverseed—$4.50@5.00.
Barley—55c.
Chop Feed—$1.20 per cwt.
Oil Meal—$1.50 per cwt.
Flax Seed—$1.46.
Hides—Green, 7½c; salted, 8½c.
Calf Hides—Green, 9½c; salted, 11c.
Wool—Unwashed, 16@17c; washed, 22@23c.
Bran—Ton, $22.00.
Shorts—Ton, $22.00.
Middlings—Ton, $24.00.
Pork—On foot, $5.00@5.10.
Pork—Dressed, $6.75.
Cattle—$3.00@3.75.
Sheep—3@4c lb.
Lambs—3¾c lb.
Rabbits—15c.

CITY HAY MARKET.

Timothy—$7.00@8.00.
Clover—$5.00@6.00.
Mixed—$6.00@7.00.
Straw—$3.00@4.00.

PRODUCE.

Butter—15@16c.
Eggs—23c.
Butter—Creamery, 23c.
Lard—10c lb.
Live Chickens—6@6½c.
Live Geese—6c lb.
Live Turkeys—8½@7c.
Potatoes—35c@$1.00.
Apples—$1.00@1.25 bu.
Onions—$1.00@1.15 bu.
Beans—$1.75@2.00 bu.
Honey—14@18c lb.
Hickory Nuts—$1.25@1.50 bu.

THE RECORD OF CASUALTIES.

MRS. GEORGE REBER HAS A PAINFUL FALL.

Right Leg is Fractured Near the Ankle—Miss Mabel Koch Injured in an Elevator.

Mrs. George Reber, sr., wife of a prominent farmer residing near St. John's cemetery, southwest of the city, sustained a painful fall Friday evening, in which her right leg was broken near the ankle. Mrs. Reber had been calling at the home of her son, near the county infirmary, and about 6 o'clock started to enter her buggy to return home. As she did so she stepped upon a pebble in such a manner as to turn her ankle and throw her to the ground, the bones of the lower limb being fractured in the fall. She was assisted to her home, where Dr. Enslen attended her.

HAND BADLY CUT.

Mrs. Charles Johnson, of Brookside street, severely cut the palm of her right hand yesterday upon the sharp edge of a fruit jar, which broke while she was endeavoring to open it. The injury is a very extensive one.

HURT IN AN ELEVATOR.

Miss Mabel Koch, of Oliver street, employed by the Davis Medical company, was injured in an elevator at the company's building Friday afternoon. As the car was ascending Miss Koch's arm was caught against a floor of the building. The flesh upon the arm was painfully bruised and lacerated. A physician in the building dressed the injury and Miss Koch was removed to her home.

AGED LADY INJURED.

Mrs. Margaret Sunderland, one of the oldest living residents of Allen county, is lying in a critical condition at the home of her granddaughter, Mrs. John Hydman, in Eel River township, the result of a fall. Thursday morning Mrs. Sunderland had the misfortune to lose her footing and fell heavily, receiving a bad fracture of the hip. She is past 90 years old and the infirmities of such an advanced age have rendered her condition most precarious. Her recovery is extremely doubtful.

"Border-Land," an original melodrama, was presented last night at the Broadway theater under the auspices of the Brotherhood of American Yeomen, and it was enjoyed by a large audience. The specialty introduced by Vida Woodward-Bidwell was exceptionally well received. Her rendition of "The Famine," from Longfellow's "Songs of Hiawatha," was highly complimented, both with respect to costume and elocution.

People may differ in their views in regard to interurban franchises, but they all agree that

The **Packard** PIANO.

Is the equal of any piano made today, and inspection of our stock is all we ask.....

Packard Music House,
Sole Agents for the Pianola, 120 Calhoun St.

Buy at Scherzingers. Why?

Because Mr. Scherzinger will not remain in the jewelry business much longer. He will retire after a long and successful career. He started in business in 1865 and during all these years his word was as good as a bond. At present his

Stock is Unbroken

and there is a great variety of goods from which to make your selections. If you want anything in the way of watches, rings, pins, chains, tea sets, etc, you can buy

With Big Profits Knocked Off

At Scherzinger's, as he sacrifices everything to retire from business. Remember, that the goods he sells are all warranted and made by reliable manufacturers.

Public cordially invited to look over my stock.

P. Scherzinger,
Established 1865. 78 Calhoun Street.
Look for Big Sign in front of Store.

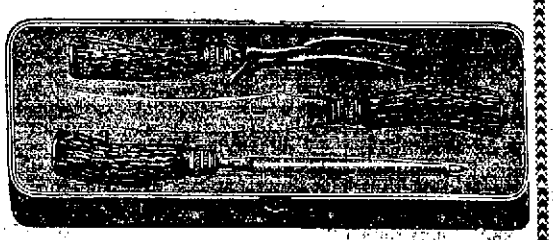
Holiday Furs.

Stephen's Furs Make Fine Christmas Presents.

They are elegant in style, fine in quality and right in price. All our own make from select skins---guaranteed to be just as represented. Get our prices before you buy---don't part with good money for bad fur.

E. A. Stephens,
29 E. Berry Street.

To Complete a Good Dinner



You Will Need a... NEW NEAT OBBY CARVING SET...

Our line of CARVERS is larger than ever. All new styles and at all prices. Rogers 1847 Silverware Pocket Knives and Scissors. HOLIDAY GOODS. Washing Machines and Wringers. Mrs. Pott's Sad Irons and Ironing Boards. And a complete line of Hardware.

H. Pfeiffer & Son,
No. 9 E. Columbia Street.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

FOR RENT—5 unfurnished rooms, all modern conveniences, at 39 E. Superior St. 7t2

AWFUL PAINS

RHEUMATISM

A Blood Trouble That Vinol Cures.

We do not want to frighten any of our friends who suffer from rheumatism, but we do think it our duty to remind them of the fact that there is a great deal of danger connected with this trouble, even in cases that are mild.

Rheumatism, as most sufferers from it know, is due to an excess of uric acid in the blood. This acid is a deadly poison. It settles in various joints, producing inflammation and irritation that gives rise to the most excruciating agony.

So much for the suffering that comes from the disease, but do not forget that this same poison circulating through the blood is very apt to, sooner or later, reach your heart. When this takes place death ensues instantly.

Our Vinol will in many instances entirely cure this disease. It does it by purifying the blood, by toning up the entire system, by giving strength to those organs of the body whose duty it is to expel existing poisons, and by replacing in the blood life giving properties in place of the deadly uric acid that has been expelled. These properties are obtained for the blood by enabling the stomach to get for itself the elements it needs from the food eaten.

This letter which we print below, comes from Mr. Robert J. Walker, of Easton, Ind.

"I do not know what I should do without your Vinol. It has done more good in my family than anything else. I have been a sufferer from rheumatism. My wife for years with a stomach trouble. We had no doctor, but took Vinol. The rheumatic pains left me and my wife was troubled no more. My wife says she will never be without Vinol in the house as it saves us big doctor's bills."

Our own personal knowledge of what Vinol is composed of and how it acts, causes us to guarantee it. We will return to anyone who buys Vinol of us, the price of the remedy, if it is found unsatisfactory.

Pellens & Polster
DRUGGISTS.

MONEY HELP!
THAT'S WHAT MANY WANT.
THAT'S WHAT MANY NEED.

We make it a business to serve those people who want money without delay.

We advance from $10 to $100 on your furniture, piano, horses, buggies and wagons and like personal property.

Everything left in your possession, which gives you the use of both money and goods. Don't go to your friends—be independent and come to us and your affairs are sure to be kept private. All business strictly confidential. We give you from 1 month to 1 year to pay back your loan. You save money by borrowing here. Full particulars given by calling at the office.
INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. Home phone 995.
Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock.

"ALL WRIGHT—FOR MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY"
PEERY'S DEAD SHOT VERMIFUGE
25 cts PER VIAL
WILL ERADICATE WORMS FROM THE HUMAN BODY.
WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILL CO., New York

FRANK WEAVER
Sanitary Plumber and Gas Fitter.
12 CALHOUN STREET.
Let us figure on your work.
Prices lowest. Workmanship the best.
Home Phone 1801 Main.

Business - Directory.

UNDERTAKERS.

Klaehn & Melching,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
No. 39 West Main Street.
Both Phones 228. Fort Wayne, Ind.

INSURANCE.

D. C. FISHER,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans,
No. 24 West Wayne Street,
..... Fort Wayne, Ind.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital, $200,000. Surplus, $250,000.
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of two (2) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank,
Corner Wayne and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.
SURPLUS, $75,000.
Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

LAWYER.
ABSTRACTER OF TITLE,
INSURANCE.
COLLECTION AND LOAN AGENT.
James E. Graham,
Room 16, Bank Block,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Stenographer and Notary Public in Office [illegible]

SHOP AND RAIL

C., H. & D. MAKES ANOTHER DECISIVE MOVE.

A CITY PASSENGER OFFICE

WILL BE ESTABLISHED ON CALHOUN STREET.

GENERAL AGENT J. C. WINANS

LOOKING UP QUARTERS FOR THAT PURPOSE.

J. C. Winans, general traveling passenger agent of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton road, is registered at the Wayne hotel. His mission here is to secure rooms for a passenger office and it is his desire to be centrally located, on Calhoun street, if possible. Frank Garrison, recently appointed general freight agent of Indiana for the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, with headquarters in Fort Wayne, as exclusively mentioned by The Sentinel last Thursday, will arrive in the city this afternoon and join Mr. Winans in the search for rooms. It is the wish of both gentlemen that quarters sufficiently large for both departments be obtained, but failing in that they will take separate rooms. Mr. Winans will have charge in a general way of the passenger department at this place, but just who will be the agent has not been fully decided. Mr. Winans has his headquarters in Piqua, Ohio, but he states it is the intention to make a change and either Fort Wayne or Lima will be selected. He favors the former place because of its large population and location. The matter will be decided next week.

EYE CUT BY SPLINTER.

J. M. Ebersole, a car builder at the east car shops of the Pittsburg, had the misfortune to have an eye injured yesterday. While he was at work a sliver of wood flew up and lodged in the optic. Dr. R. Parks White was called to treat the eye.

AFTER TOLEDO BUSINESS.

The Toledo Times intimates that the bulk of the freight business out of Toledo territory which is now handled by the Wabash, the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and the Hocking Valley is to be diverted to other channels. The Times says: "It is believed that within a very short time all the Toledo business of the Baltimore and Ohio will be done over the Pennsylvania. The two roads connect at Tiffin, a distance of forty-three miles from Toledo, and without inconveniencing shippers to any great extent all the Toledo traffic of the Baltimore and Ohio could be handled over the Pennsylvania. The Baltimore and Ohio has a vast volume of business in and out of the Toledo territory, which has been worked up by the company's representatives. At present this business is handled by the Wabash, the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and the Hocking Valley almost exclusively. Now, however, that the Pennsylvania has secured a dominant interest in the Baltimore and Ohio, it is expected that the change will occur. It is not expected that this change will be made suddenly and with one sweep, but the routing of freight will be shifted to the Pennsylvania gradually."

GONE TO ELWOOD.

John T. Leach, assistant foreman of the Pittsburg boiler shop, was called to Elwood, Ind., this morning upon important business connected with the order of the Sons of St. George, of which he is the grand president.

CREDITABLE ENGINE OUTPUT.

General Foreman William Paul and his force of mechanics at the Wabash shops did a creditable work during November in the way of repairing engines. That month there were fifty-eight engines repaired and turned out of the shop, receiving attention to the amount of from $50 to $2,000 each. There were three engines of class 2, twenty of class 4, thirty-one of class 5 and four of class 6. Engine 250, which was badly damaged in a wreck at Tilton several weeks ago, left the shops this morning, as good as new. It received a new cab, new pilot, new running board and general repairs otherwise.

LOST AN EYE.

The unwelcome news comes from Springfield, Ill., that W. Scott Cooper met with an accident in that city which has resulted in the loss of an eye. The particulars of the accident are not at hand—only the bare fact of the loss of the eye coming in a telegram. Mr. Cooper is the general foreman of the Wabash shops at Springfield. He is a Fort Wayne man and was for many years employed in the Pittsburg shops before he entered the employ of the Wabash company.

THE QUESTION IS

What to do? It is not a pleasant sensation—that first certain knowledge that one has consumption. Nor is it a happy announcement for one's family and friends. But it is no time for sentiment. You can't begin right treatment too soon.

Fresh air and Scott's Emulsion! That's a good beginning. That treatment alone has cured many cases of consumption. It is always a help.

You must not lose weight. Scott's Emulsion keeps the body in good flesh and has a special action on the lungs. Take it in time.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

WILL MEET EARLY TOMORROW.

Tomorrow the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen will inaugurate the new meeting hour of the lodge, which will be at 9 o'clock instead of 10, as heretofore. This change is made in order that the lodge may get through with business in time to allow its members to reach their homes by the dinner hour.

PUTTING DOWN SIDEWALKS.

Workmen are engaged today in putting down a brick sidewalk along the Wabash company's property on Fairfield avenue, between the Pittsburg and the Wabash tracks. The old walk was pretty rough and was low in places, allowing water pools to form for awhile after each shower.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Nickel Plate Fireman John Moore is off duty on account of sickness.

Fred Thiebold resumed his duties at the Pittsburg yards this morning after a brief sickness.

After a week's illness, Engineer J. A. Arehart reported for work on the Nickel Plate yesterday.

Local Brakeman Deatrick, who was off duty a week, reported for work on the Nickel Plate yesterday.

M. J. Maloney, James G. Roper, J. McCarthy and Ed. White, Pittsburg shopmen, are sick and off duty.

Blacksmith Barney Hibbler, of the Wabash shops, failed to report for duty this morning and it is believed that he is sick.

Passenger engine 163 was turned out of the Nickel Plate shops yesterday and engines 8 and 28 have gone there for general repairs.

Philip Luley, machinist at the Pittsbrg shops, was sent to Delphos today to repair some water station machinery for the company.

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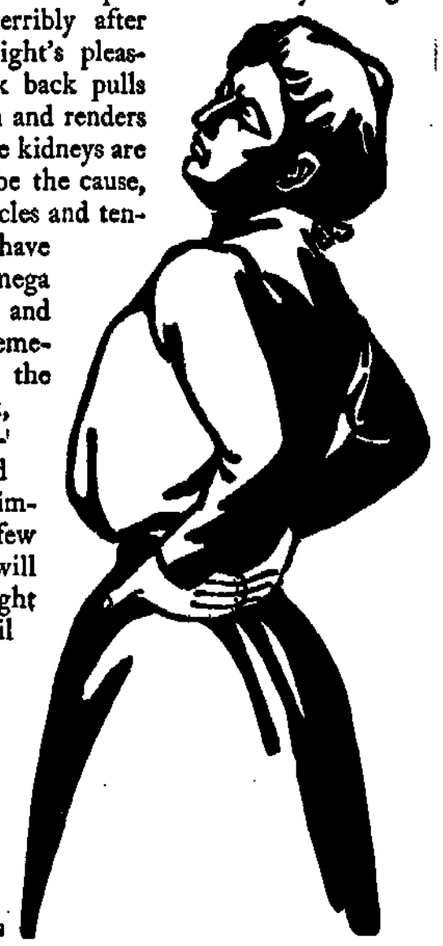
Enameline
THE MODERN STOVE POLISH
Brilliant. Clean. Easily Applied. Absolutely Odorless.
BIGGER BOX SAME PRICE
LIQUID BETTER YET! FIRE PROOF!!

Weak Backs
Omega Oil
The weak spot in many men and women is the back. It gives out before the other parts of the body. It gets tired and aches terribly after a day's work or night's pleasure. A tired, weak back pulls a person right down and renders life miserable. The kidneys are often supposed to be the cause, but usually the muscles and tendons in the back have been strained. Omega Oil is the proper and only permanent remedy. Rub it into the pores of the back, and a feeling of renewed strength and vigor will come immediately, and a few such treatments will fix you up all right again. Omega Oil takes out soreness and inflammation. It invigorates and freshens all the muscular tissues. It contains ingredients that you never used before.



Save Your Teeth and Save Yourself.
A good disposition will be ruined by your teeth. We'll keep your teeth in order so that your health may be retained and that will benefit your disposition.

Quality and Fair Dealing . . .
Is what brought our business up to its present standing, and we expect to continue this policy.
Moderate charges. Guaranteed work. Easy way to pay.

Arcade Dental Parlors,
Burket & Baker, Props.
Appointments made by Telephone 627 M. GROUND FLOOR.

Only a Few Weeks and Christmas Will be Here.
BE WISE AND MAKE YOUR HOLIDAY SELECTIONS NOW
We have on our floors a large line of bright, new Furniture, any piece of which will make an acceptable Xmas gift. There are Sideboards, Tables, Chairs and fancy pieces of all kinds. Library Cases, Library Tables, Leather Couches, etc.
In reproductions of Old Colonial Styles in Rockers and Chairs we cannot be excelled.
.... Goods and Prices are Right ....
THE PAPE FURNITURE CO., 26, 28 and 30 E. Berry St.

HONEST DENTISTRY. HONEST PRICES.
Is our motto. We guarantee our work to be the very best. You can pay higher prices elsewhere, but you cannot get better work than we offer, no matter what you pay.
$3 $3
FULL SET TEETH.
BRIDGE WORK.
GOLD CROWNS.
WHITE CROWNS.
EXAMINATION ..... Free
EXTRACTION . CLEANING .... Reasonable
Should any of your work prove unsatisfactory, we insist that you call and have it done over free of charge. Open evenings until 8. Sundays, 9 to 3.
UNION PAINLESS DENTISTS,
German spoken. Lady Attendant.
No. 9 East Wayne St., - - Opposite Court House.

AWFUL PAINS

RHEUMATISM

A Blood Trouble That Vinol Cures.

We do not want to frighten any of our friends who suffer from rheumatism, but we do think it our duty to remind them of the fact that there is a great deal of danger connected with this trouble, even in cases that are mild.

Rheumatism, as most sufferers from it know, is due to an excess of uric acid in the blood. This acid is a deadly poison. It settles in various joints, producing inflammation and irritation that gives rise to the most excruciating agony.

So much for the suffering that comes from the disease, but do not forget that this same poison circulating through the blood is very apt to, sooner or later, reach your heart. When this takes place death ensues instantly.

Our Vinol will in many instances entirely cure this disease. It does it by purifying the blood, by toning up the entire system, by giving strength to those organs of the body whose duty it is to expel existing poisons, and by replacing in the blood life giving properties in place of the deadly uric acid that has been expelled. These properties are obtained for the blood by enabling the stomach to get for itself the elements it needs from the food eaten.

This letter which we print below, comes from Mr. Robert J. Walker, of Easton, Ind.

"I do not know what I should do without your Vinol. It has done more good in my family than anything else. I have been a sufferer from rheumatism. My wife for years with a stomach trouble. We had no doctor, but took Vinol. The rheumatic pains left me and my wife was troubled no more. My wife says she will never be without Vinol in the house as it saves us big doctor's bills."

Our own personal knowledge of what Vinol is composed of and how it acts, causes us to guarantee it. We will return to anyone who buys Vinol of us, the price of the remedy, if it is found unsatisfactory.

Pellens & Polster
DRUGGISTS.

MONEY HELP!
THAT'S WHAT MANY WANT.
THAT'S WHAT MANY NEED.

We make it a business to serve those people who want money without delay.

We advance from $10 to $100 on your furniture, piano, horses, buggies and wagons and like personal property.

Everything left in your possession, which gives you the use of both money and goods. Don't go to your friends—be independent and come to us and your affairs are sure to be kept private. All business strictly confidential. We give you from 1 month to 1 year to pay back your loan. You save money by borrowing here. Full particulars given by calling at the office.

INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. Home phone 995.
Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock.

"ALL WRIGHT—FOR MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY"
PEERY'S DEAD SHOT VERMIFUGE
25 cts PER VIAL
WILL ERADICATE WORMS FROM THE HUMAN BODY.
WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILL CO., New York

FRANK WEAVER
Sanitary Plumber and Gas Fitter.
12 CALHOUN STREET.
Let us figure on your work.
Prices lowest. Workmanship the best.
Home Phone 1301 Main.

Business · Directory.

UNDERTAKERS.

Klaehn & Melching,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
No. 39 West Main Street.
Both Phones 228. Fort Wayne, Ind.

INSURANCE.

D. C. FISHER,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans,
No. 24 West Wayne Street,
..... Fort Wayne, Ind.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital, $200,000. Surplus, $250,000.
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of two (2) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank,
Corner Wayne and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.
SURPLUS, $75,000.
Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

LAWYER.
ABSTRACTER OF TITLE,
INSURANCE.
COLLECTION AND LOAN AGENT.
James E. Graham,
Room 16, Bank Block,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Stenographer and Notary Public in office. Phone 615 Main.

SHOP AND RAIL

C., H. & D. MAKES ANOTHER DECISIVE MOVE.

A CITY PASSENGER OFFICE

WILL BE ESTABLISHED ON CALHOUN STREET.

GENERAL AGENT J. C. WINANS

LOOKING UP QUARTERS FOR THAT PURPOSE.

J. C. Winans, general traveling passenger agent of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton road, is registered at the Wayne hotel. His mission here is to secure rooms for a passenger office and it is his desire to be centrally located, on Calhoun street, if possible. Frank Garrison, recently appointed general freight agent of Indiana for the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, with headquarters in Fort Wayne, as exclusively mentioned by The Sentinel last Thursday, will arrive in the city this afternoon and join Mr. Winans in the search for rooms. It is the wish of both gentlemen that quarters sufficiently large for both departments be obtained, but failing in that they will take separate rooms. Mr. Winans will have charge in a general way of the passenger department at this place, but just who will be the agent has not been fully decided. Mr. Winans has his headquarters in Piqua, Ohio, but he states it is the intention to make a change and either Fort Wayne or Lima will be selected. He favors the former place because of its large population and location. The matter will be decided next week.

EYE CUT BY SPLINTER.

J. M. Ebersole, a car builder at the east car shops of the Pittsburg, had the misfortune to have an eye injured yesterday. While he was at work a sliver of wood flew up and lodged in the optic. Dr. R. Parks White was called to treat the eye.

AFTER TOLEDO BUSINESS.

The Toledo Times intimates that the bulk of the freight business out of Toledo territory which is now handled by the Wabash, the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and the Hocking Valley is to be diverted to other channels. The Times says: "It is believed that within a very short time all the Toledo business of the Baltimore and Ohio will be done over the Pennsylvania. The two roads connect at Tiffin, a distance of forty-three miles from Toledo, and without inconveniencing shippers to any great extent all the Toledo traffic of the Baltimore and Ohio could be handled over the Pennsylvania. The Baltimore and Ohio has a vast volume of business in and out of the Toledo territory, which has been worked up by the company's representatives. At present this business is handled by the Wabash, the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and the Hocking Valley almost exclusively. Now, however, that the Pennsylvania has secured a dominant interest in the Baltimore and Ohio, it is expected that the change will occur. It is not expected that this change will be made suddenly and with one sweep, but the routing of freight will be shifted to the Pennsylvania gradually."

GONE TO ELWOOD.

John T. Leach, assistant foreman of the Pittsburg boiler shop, was called to Elwood, Ind., this morning upon important business connected with the order of the Sons of St. George, of which he is the grand president.

CREDITABLE ENGINE OUTPUT.

General Foreman William Paul and his force of mechanics at the Wabash shops did a creditable work during November in the way of repairing engines. That month there were fifty-eight engines repaired and turned out of the shop, receiving attention to the amount of from $50 to $2,000 each. There were three engines of class 2, twenty of class 4, thirty-one of class 5 and four of class 6. Engine 250, which was badly damaged in a wreck at Tilton several weeks ago, left the shops this morning, as good as new. It received a new cab, new pilot, new running board and general repairs otherwise.

LOST AN EYE.

The unwelcome news comes from Springfield, Ill., that W. Scott Cooper met with an accident in that city which has resulted in the loss of an eye. The particulars of the accident are not at hand—only the bare fact of the loss of the eye coming in a telegram. Mr. Cooper is the general foreman of the Wabash shops at Springfield. He is a Fort Wayne man and was for many years employed in the Pittsburg shops before he entered the employ of the Wabash company.

THE QUESTION IS

What to do? It is not a pleasant sensation—that first certain knowledge that one has consumption. Nor is it a happy announcement for one's family and friends. But it is no time for sentiment. You can't begin right treatment too soon.

Fresh air and Scott's Emulsion! That's a good beginning. That treatment alone has cured many cases of consumption. It is always a help.

You must not lose weight. Scott's Emulsion keeps the body in good flesh and has a special action on the lungs. Take it in time.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

WILL MEET EARLY TOMORROW.

Tomorrow the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen will inaugurate the new meeting hour of the lodge, which will be at 9 o'clock instead of 10, as heretofore. This change is made in order that the lodge may get through with business in time to allow its members to reach their homes by the dinner hour.

PUTTING DOWN SIDEWALKS.

Workmen are engaged today in putting down a brick sidewalk along the Wabash company's property on Fairfield avenue, between the Pittsburg and the Wabash tracks. The old walk was pretty rough and was low in places, allowing water pools to form for awhile after each shower.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Nickel Plate Fireman John Moore is off duty on account of sickness.

Fred Thiebold resumed his duties at the Pittsburg yards this morning after a brief sickness.

After a week's illness, Engineer J. A. Arehart reported for work on the Nickel Plate yesterday.

Local Brakeman Deatrick, who was off duty a week, reported for work on the Nickel Plate yesterday.

M. J. Maloney, James G. Roper, J. McCarthy and Ed. White, Pittsburg shopmen, are sick and off duty.

Blacksmith Barney Hibbler, of the Wabash shops, failed to report for duty this morning and it is believed that he is sick.

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THE PAPE FURNITURE CO., 26, 28 and 30 E. Berry St.

HONEST DENTISTRY. HONEST PRICES.

Is our motto. We guarantee our work to be the very best. You can pay higher prices elsewhere, but you cannot get better work than we offer, no matter what you pay.

$3 GUARANTEED $3

FULL SET TEETH.
BRIDGE WORK.
GOLD CROWNS.
WHITE CROWNS.

EXAMINATION ..... Free
EXTRACTION - Reasonable
CLEANING ....

Should any of your work prove unsatisfactory, we insist that you call and have it done over free of charge. Open evenings until 8. Sundays, 9 to 3.

UNION PAINLESS DENTISTS,
German spoken. Lady Attendant.
No. 9 East Wayne St., - - Opposite Fruit House.

Popular Goods ...AT... Popular Prices.

The Rurode DRY GOODS CO.

Presents ...TO... Please Everybody.

THE STORE IS RADIANT

WITH CHRISTMAS CHEER.

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Women's all pure linen hemstitched handkerchiefs, 8 1-3c each.

Swiss embroidered and all linen hemstitched handkerchiefs, 10c each.

Beautiful Swiss embroidered handkerchiefs, an endless variety, 15c and 20c each.

Irish linen embroidered and hemstitched handkerchiefs, choice of many dainty styles, 25c and 50c each.

French embroidered and real lace handkerchiefs, from $1.00 to $12.00 each.

GLOVES.

Gloves are like friends—can't have too many. When you don't know what to give, give gloves—they are always acceptable. Our glove stock will come to your aid with more quality for the price and fit and style of absolute correctness.

Gloves for a dollar that are the best in the world for the money.

Real kid gloves, the newest styles, the right shades, perfect fitting, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.25.

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Golf Gloves, in all the pretty styles, for women and children, 25c, 35c and 50c.

Warm gloves and mittens for men, women and children.

Pretty glove boxes given free to customers.

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Doll furniture, dishes, go-cars, doll carriages, swings and numerous toys to suit every child.

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One new upright piano, cost $300; will sell on payments; snap for someone.

H. T. STAPLEFORD.
12-7-tf 226 W. Creighton Ave.

A NOVEL AND UNIQUE STORE.

A room full of merchandise of every description. Clerks to wait on you; no money required; no credit given; nothing sold. Did you ever see anything like it? No, you never did, as it is the only one. Might pay you to come in some time and see a store where thousands of dollars' worth of business is being done and yet no money passing over the counter or credit being given. No. 127 Calhoun street.

G. E. BURSLEY & COMPANY.

Fine Millinery half price at Daugherty's 4-4t

Help your wife to get breakfast easy, take home Mrs. Austin's Pan Cake Flour. Your grocer waits to supply you. 6t6

Our daily Dinners for 30 cts. and the Sunday Dinner at 5:30 for 35 cts. are pleasing the public at the Ohneck Cafe. We will also cater for Parties, Receptions and Weddings. Get estimates from us. Phone 688 and we will call.

Your choice of 32 books for 25c. See the list in another column. 5-tf

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BOTH PHONES 149 LAVLY'S UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE 19 to 21 W. MAIN ST.

THE FIRST UNCROWNED KING

INTERESTING STORY OF HOW A COMMONER FOUNDED AN EMPIRE—ENGLAND LANDED SOLDIERS.

Moselekatse was one of the greatest of the Zulu potentates. He was a petty chief in the Unwande tribe, which Chaka uprooted. For some reason Chaka spared his life, giving him a command in his army, although he had every other chief of the conquered tribe assegaied. From post to post the young man arose in the Zulu army until he occupied the position of chief commander. The Zulus worshiped him, as much on account of his relentless cruelty as on account of his military genius. While at the height of his power, he deserted Zululand, and the whole of the veteran army, which it is estimated had destroyed over fifty native tribes, followed him over the mountains into the interior of the continent, where the crafty general intended to build up an empire of his own.

A lot of feeble tribes, the Bechuanas, had from time immemorial inhabited the interior regions, now embraced in what is known as the Transvaal and Orange Free State. Through the lands of the Bechuanas Moselekatse swept like an avenging angel, putting the entire population to death. Adding these lands to his newly founded empire the potentate swept onward to the westward, pitching his royal kraal at Buluwayo, now the capital of Rhodesia. But he left several impis or veteran war parties to guard his new possessions.

GOLD BROUGHT WHITE MEN.

When the Boers, driven out of Cape Colony and Natal, trekked across the Orange and Vaal rivers and entered this interior region they encountered Moselekatse's warriors. After a series of dramatic encounters the firearms which the white men carried proved superior to the assegais in the hands of the natives, and the Zulus retreated across the Limpopo. Undisturbed for years, Moselekatse went on cementing his empire. Then gold was discovered in his territory, and white men commenced pouring over the borders. The king issued a decree condemning to death anyone who sought for gold. To announce that gold had been discovered in Moselekatse's empire "was equivalent to calling the king a liar," a local historian has recorded. But in 1872 Moselekatse died, and his son, Lobengula, was crowned as his successor. Soon after the coronation Cecil J. Rhodes and Alfred Beit went to the king and offered him a pension of $6,000 a year, 1,000 rifles and vast quantities of ammunition provided he would grant to them the exclusive right to all the minerals in his kingdom. The temptation was too great for the young king to withstand.

RHODES BECOMES A KING.

Then commenced all his troubles. Rhodes went to England and chartered the South African company, to which was given the sovereign powers of ruling the land. The British government not only gave Cecil Rhodes Lubengula's empire, but it loaned him enough soldiers to conquer it. In the terrific war which followed, the king himself was killed with the bravest of his people. His capital, founded by his father, became the capital of Rhodesia. In this way Rhodes, the empire maker, acquired the very heart of the African continent, territory equal in extent to half of Europe. Rhodesia today is governed by the chartered company. The chartered company owns all the mines, collects all the taxes, customs, furnishes stamps, owns all the railroad and telegraph lines within the province. It levies troops, carries on war, and does whatever else a sovereign power may do. Kruger was blamed for taxing the mines 50 per cent; Rhodesia exacts all the minerals.

Before he had become the uncrowned king of Rhodesia, Rhodes had succeeded in consolidating the several thousand diamond mines around Kimberley into the DeBeers Consolidated Mines, making himself the diamond king of the world. He had also acquired a controlling interest in the Johannesburg gold fields. At the time of the consolidation of the diamond mines he borrowed from the diamond trust $2,500,000 in cash to use in the development of Rhodesia. This was the fund which enabled him to carry on the war with Lobengula. A thrilling account of that war may be found in Olive Schriner's story, "Trooper Peter Halket."

A WOMAN SCORNED.

Partisans of Rhodes have undertaken to explain Olive Schreiner's terrible arraignment of the conduct of that war, by claiming that her hatred of Rhodes results from a disappointment in love. Rhodes has never married. Before her marriage Miss Schreiner and the great financier were intimate friends. Rhodes' neglect to propose a more intimate alliance, it is urged, aroused the woman's fury.

Whatever the cause, Oliver Schreiner's portrayal of the horrors of the Rhodesian war caused all England to shudder. But the protest came too late for practical effect. The nations were subdued, the king killed and Buluwayo became the center of African imperialistic operations. It was in Buluwayo that the Jameson raid was organized. It was upon the borders of Rhodesia that the Chartered company's police were mobilized to invade the Transvaal. Rhodes and Alfred Belt, directors of the company, furnished the funds to sustain the raid. They have both confessed as to this. And why, it may be asked, did Rhodes find it necessary to send a filibustering expedition into the Transvaal? Because Kruger would not grant him the mineral rights in the Boer republic, as Lobengula had done in his kingdom. The Jameson raid failed, and yet the restless ambitious of Cecil Rhodes was not quenched. With Joseph Chamberlain, his friend, occupying the office of secretary for the colonies, he planned to force war upon the Boers and thus accomplish his ends. The war now raging is the result. But Rhodes will probably not live to see its end. Broken with disappointment he has gone home to England—to die.

RHODES' GREAT CHANCE.

That he has been woefully disappointed in the heroic tenacity of the Boers is undenied by his friends in Cape Town. One of them said to the writer: "A few years ago Cecil Rhodes hesitated between two courses. Would he unite South Africa and demand independence of England, or would he lay aside the chance of becoming the Washington of a grateful people, and continue his relentless policy of amassing wealth?" That Rhodes could have led Cape Colony and Natal to side with the Boer republics against England is admitted everywhere in South Africa. He had been premier of Cape Colony, was the uncrowned king of Rhodesia; the press of the country had for the last ten years been subsidized by him; the financial interests of the country followed his lead; until the Jameson raid he was the idol of the Cape Dutch. But Rhodes did not believe the burghers would fight. This was proved when he sent 600 men under Dr. Jameson to overthrow Paul Kruger's government. Thinking that resistance to England would not be effective, he took the other course, hoping to utilize the power of the imperial government to crush the Boers, and to seize by force the reins of their governments, which by indirection would enable him to cinch the mineral concessions.

"Just before Rhodes left for England," the speaker went on, "I saw him in Kimberly. His health was broken, his spirit gone. 'My God,' he said, 'If I had only known how the burghers could fight, we would have chucked England from the continent and had a United South Africa.' The opportunity will never come to him again, because the Cape Dutch and the Boers no longer have confidence in him. And yet, if he chose, and his health permitted, he could end the war. No one else can. Milner cannot. The Boers hate him as the early Christians hated Judas. Chamberlain cannot. If Rhodes chose to meet the Boer commandants in the field and would agree with them on terms of self-government under the imperial flag, does anyone doubt that he might induce Chamberlain, his co-conspirators in South African schemes, to accede to his recommendations? Though they revile his name, the Boers yet respect the ability of Cecil J. Rhodes. He alone could bring the war he has stirred to a speedy close; but he has hardened his heart against the inhabitants of the republics, and will no doubt soon go down to his grave without lifting a hand to help them.

Not only does he grieve over his lost opportunity to have become the Simon Bolivar, the Bismarck, of a new empire, but his treatment by Englishmen has been such that he has no desire to "pull their chestnuts from the fire." "I organized a raid and everyone cried thief. Now the empire has organized a stupendous raid and everyone applauds," he said recently. Alfred Milner has been created lord of Cape Town, but England does not dare ennoble the empire maker himself. To paint the map of Africa red with his ambition, it is said. He has succeeded in painting both the map and the sands of South Africa red, and the war is not yet ended. But what has he gained? Unwept, unhonored, the greatest genius who ever performed upon the stage of the Dark Continent has gone home to England, where the government dare not befriend him. Because he did not unite South Africa in a war of independence against England, for what he did not do, if not for what he has done, Cecil Rhodes should have been decorated with a peerage long ago. It was he who crushed the Zulus and made Britain paramount in Africa.

PLAGUED BY ANTS.

It si said the new naval station at Olongapo, in the Philippines, is blessed with freedom from the pest of mosquitoes, but is blighted with a particularly ferocious ant. Assistant Surgeon E. J. Grow, of the navy, who has visited the locality, says in a sanitary report he has made that the scarcity of mosquitoes can be imagined from the fact that it took him two months to collect seventeen paltry individual specimens for the purpose of determining if any species of the genius anopheles existed in the vicinity.

He was able to ascertain from the meager collection that none of the pestiferous type existed, a fact which, taken with the interesting statement that no cases of malaria have been observed, is accepted as an indication that the locality is hygienically excellent.

But if there are no mosquitoes there is another annoyance in the form of the industrious ant, which has the faculty of quickly destroying wooden structures, and it is proposed to defeat this omniverous appetite by having the framework of all permanent buildings constructed of iron or steel.—Chicago Tribune.

REMEDY FOR THE BLUES

"A well known doctor of Minneapolis, who has made a specialty of nervous diseases, has found a new remedy for 'the blues.' As no drugs are administered, he has felt safe in experimenting with at least half a hundred melancholy patients and now declares himself thoroughly satisfied with the good results of his treatment," says the Tribune. "His prescription reads something like this: 'If you keep the corners of your mouth turned up you can't feel blue.' The directions for taking are: 'Smile—keep on smiling—don't stop smiling.' It sounds ridiculous, doesn't it? Well, just try turning up the corners of your mouth, regardless of your mood, and see how it makes you feel; then draw the corners of your mouth down and note the effect, and you will be willing to declare, 'there's something in it.'

"The doctor treats his nervous patients to medicine when necessary, but when the case is one of pure melancholy without bodily ill, he simply recommends the smile cure. He has the patient remain in his office and smile; if it isn't the genuine article, it must at least be an upward curvature of the corners of the mouth, and the better feelings follow inevitably. The treatments are followed up regularly and the patients all testify to their good effect. It takes consideable persuasion to induce some of them to apply the cure, and, of course, the greater number of patients are women, for when a man is blue he is bound to be blue in spite of everything, but a woman is more easily persuaded to try to find a cure.

"The doctor declares that if persons will only draw down the corners of their mouths and use sufficient will power they can actually shed tears. On the other hand, if they will persistently keep the corners of their moths turned up, pleasant thoughts will chase away the gloomy forebodings. His discovery grew out of an experience in his own home. His wife was of a nervous and rather morbid temperament, and when in a despondent mood he would ask her to 'smile a little,' until the saying came to be a household joke. But it brought about good results, and then came the inspiration to try the same cure on others.

"The doctor has not patented his remedy, and it is free to all who choose to take advantage of it."

RUSSIAN OFFICERS' WOES.

A Russian officer, writing to a military publication of that country, tells some of the woes of the service, says the Chicago News. He says: "For a captain to walk about in public is distressing; he has always to be looking about him. A general is easily noticed, and there are but few of them, but colonels and lieutenant colonels are plentiful. A captain rests on a seat, but he has to get up every few minutes to salute some senior officer. He goes into a restaurant and sits down to eat, but immediately he has to lay down his knife and fork and rise to salute a young colonel who enters. If the lieutenant colonel sits at a table close to the captain the latter has to leave his table and get permission of the lieutenant colonel to continue his meal. A colonel enters, and the unfortunate captain has again to leave his table to ask permission to continue eating.

Junior officers are also ordered to salute retired staff officers, who are not always noted for the correctness of their dress. It sometimes happens that a junior officer has to salute a gentleman in nankeen trousers, an unbuttoned coat showing a naked, uncovered neck, and who holds in his hand such an entirely unwarlike article as a basket from which peeps the end of a leg of veal or some vegetables."

Of the women who recently took competitive examinations in Washington for positions in the civil service over 77 per cent. passed, as against 63 per cent. of the men.

THE WAR ON WOMEN.

Stories of British Brutality in Destroying Houses in South Africa.

The following is from advance sheets of F. W. Unger's book, "With 'Bobs' and Kruger in South Africa," soon to be published:

"I foresaw that if much of this sort of thing was to take place the British would have to resort to Weyler's reconcentrado policy and collect all the women and children in the towns and cities to prevent starvation.

"Nearer Bloemfontein I came upon a more striking and pitiable scene of desolation. This was a farm house where a few days before I had turned aside from the column to get a glass of water. The hausvrouw had sent her little girl for the water, which she brought me in a pretty china cup. General French's chief of staff was talking to the burgher, who was one of those who had surrendered his arms and taken the oath of allegiance. Several white flags were flying overhead as a sign of neutrality. This place was entirely in ashes, still smoking. The farmer's wife and children were camped in an outbuilding, with a few articles of bedding saved from the house. I had seen the smoke of the burning house half an hour after I had left it, but supposed it was only a huge pile of forage being consumed to avoid its falling into the hands of the Boers. I learned that just after I left the place a party of Boers had occupied the farm, and one of their scouts had fired on the scouts of the passing army. Information of this was conveyed to the British general. He ordered out a squadron of horse to clear the farm of the Boers, which they did. Then the place was burned; the old burgher and his son were made prisoners. I afterward met the officer who had charge of this work, and he said, 'It was the most miserable piece of business I have ever had to do.' His men poured oil over the furniture and woodwork, allowing only a few of the barest necessaries to be removed, and then, despite the pitiable pleadings of the women and children and the frantic protests of the old, white-haired grandfather, the torch was applied and one more desolate home was added to the already too long list which this unhappy war had produced.

"This is but the beginning. I was half prepared for what was to follow, for I heard at Dewetsdorp that, since the expedition had been a failure, orders had been issued from Bloemfontein that no more supplies would be sent out to French's division. This meant that they were to live off the country; and that, somehow, excuses were to be found to ignore the proclamations of protection guaranteed by the field marshal. So parties of scouts were sent out to search the farms for concealed weapons and ammunition. A rusty old gun or a handful of forgotten cartridges was sufficient evidence; then the cattle, sheep and horses were rounded up, all the carts about the place loaded with anything of value the marauders desired, the match was applied and a few prisoners were added to the already overlong list.

"Between twenty and thirty homesteads were destroyed between Dewetsdorp and Bloemfontein to my certain knowledge, and it is very probable that twice that number were added to the list by other detachments of French's troop.

"In each case—after the punishment had been inflicted—some form of trial was given at Bloemfontein. Of course, the prisoners had very little opportunity to defend themselves, and usually they were convicted and sent to Cape Town. Some show of justice was obtained, however. The burgher who had owned the first farm destroyed, and his son also, were actually acquitted, as it was shown that they had not taken part in the firing on the troops and had protested against it; so, after having lost their home and been marched eighty miles as prisoners, they were released. By this time the son had gone insane. I doubt if any compensation was made other than the filing of their claims, to be settled after the conclusion of hostilities."

WHY ENGLAND REJOICES.

All England rejoices that the fear of the purchase of famous Battle Abbey by an American has been averted by its purchase by an Englishman. The abbey is situated near Battle, Hastings, Sussex. The town received its name from being the spot on which the Saxons, under Harold, were defeated by William, duke of Normandy, at the battle of Hastings, in 1066. After the battle William the Conqueror founded a magnificent abbey to commemorate his victory. The high altar in the church is said to have stood on the very spot where the body of the Saxon king was found.

The Norman duke, marching from Pevensey, a few miles away, where he had landed, found the Saxons, under Harold, entrenched behind a stockade on ground which lies within the enclosure of Battle estate. So stubborn was the defense that the future of the day was uncertain until William ordered his archers to shoot upward. An arrow pierced Harold's eye and he fell, with a few of his earls faithful to the last. The abbey was entrusted to the Benedictine order, and enjoyed for 500 years great celebrity. At the Reformation it was presented by Henry VIII. to his master of the horse, who converted the monastic buildings into a private dwelling house and added the banqueting hall. After passing through various hands the property came into the possession of the duke of Cleveland.

Nathaniel Hawthorne described the gatehouse, built in 1338, as just as solid and massive as when it was first built, the perfect reality of a Gothic battlement, hoary and venerable with many centuries. The Abbot's hall, the Beggars' hall and some of the old cloisters are still part of the building, while the ruins include some relics of the Abbey Church of St. Martin, with the site of the high altar, raised in fulfillment of William the Conqueror's vow over the spot where Harold fell.

EARLY POST-RIDERS.

Cyrus, King of Persia, possessed a regular riding post, stations and men with horses that were always in readiness when required. The speed of his horses was such, according to Herodotus, as nothing mortal surpassed, and varied on the road from Susa to Sardis from 60 to 120 miles a day. The early Greeks and Romans were by no means so advanced, the Greeks having but little private correspondence before 600 B. C., while few attempts were made to organize the postal system of the Roman Empire until the Emperor Augustus instituted couriers and stages along the road at which relays of horses were always ready, says a writer in the Empire Review.

England was even still more backward, for it was not until the reign of Henry I. that permanent messengers, styled nuntii and cursores, were first employed in the delivery of the king's writs to the lords and barons. They only began to wear the royal livery in the time of King Henry III., who employed them both in England and in foreign parts on affairs of state as well as on the private and confidential business of the Crown. Their payment was an important item in the royal household accounts and many specimens of the extent to which the system prevailed are found in our public records. Thus, on December 18, 1324, the attention of the wardens of the Cinque Ports, as well as of the mayor and sheriffs of London, was drawn to the fact that many letters, prejudicial to the interests of the Crown, were being brought into the country, and they were commanded to make diligent scruting of all persons passing from parts beyond the seas and to stop all letters concerning which sinister suspicion might arise.

Again a royal writ of September 23, 1326, evidently directed against Queen Isabella, the wife of Edward II., states that "the queen, by council and abetment of the king's enemies, did write daily divers letters to the archbishops, bishops, prelates, earls, barons and others of the king's lieges, as well as of the clergy as of the laity, and to the commons of the various towns, and to individual persons, in order to accomplish their false compassments."

These letters were conveyed by special messengers, wandering minstrels or merchants. It is, however, evident that as time went on private individuals kept horses for hire, so that a messenger might travel post.

HE WANTED TO KNOW IT ALL.

William Gillette, the actor, hides himself in summer as far away from crowds and newspaper personals as possible. Often he uses his time constructing a new work, which Nat Goodwin calls "the Gillette play—a thing that acts itself." One summer Gillette hired a yacht, and, as he tells the story, it was a craft without an equal. With a few friends he set sail from New York and proceeded by way of the sound upon a cruise. They kept close to shore, and a week or so after they left New York were drifting leisurely by a point of land at the end of which sat a solemn Yankee fishing. In a few hours the boat had passed the point and the Yankee aroused himself from his contemplation of the water and asked: "Where are ye from?"

"New York," replied Gillette, with a yachtman's pride.

"How long?"

"Since August 1," shouted the yachtsman again.

The Yankee returned to his contemplation, and the yacht kept on drifting, but along in the afternoon there came a voice over the water and it asked: "What year?"

An anemometer, or wind measure, consists of four cups at the end of arms. It is so constructed that it makes 500 revolutions while a mile of wind passes.

COMING ELECTION IN CUBA

FIRST NATIONAL CONTEST OF BALLOTS WILL BE MAINLY OVER THE PLATT AMENDMENT.

By Governor Nunez, of Havana.

With the first election of a chief magistrate of this new nation only a few months away and with the practical assurance of independence there has come a weakening of old party lines. Questions that were vital two years ago and less have died and have been forgotten. The issue now is not one of politics, so much as one of men. Arrayed for one or other of the leaders, will be voters representing a populaton of conflicting ideas, but unanimous interest. There are about 900,000 white Cubans on the island; 400,000 Cuban negroes; 100,000 Spaniards, and 50,000 foreigners of all other races. The negroes are of a higher grade of intelligence and are considered as being more nearly on a footing with the whites than are most of the negroes of the southern United States. They have fought, hoped and struggled for independence with as much sturdiness as any. The Spaniards, resident in Cuba at the time of the surrender of

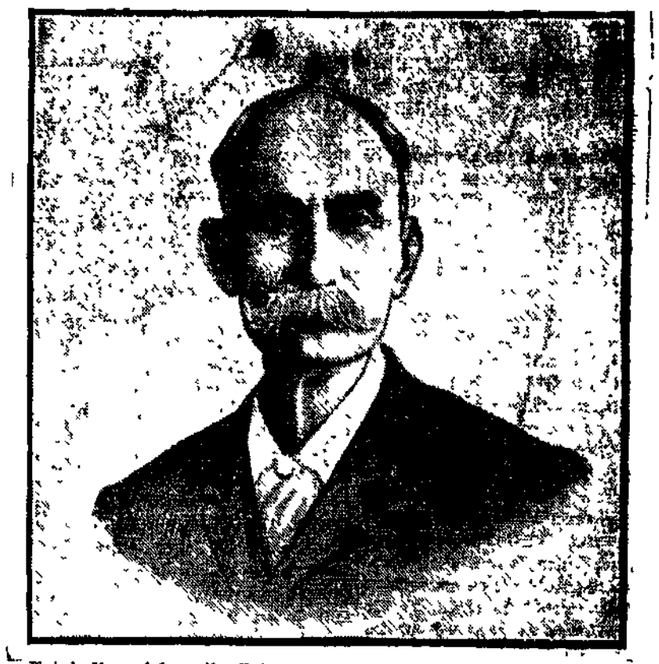

Photo by Moreno & Lopez, New York.

GENERAL MAXIMO GOMEZ.

Warrior, Patriot and Statesman, the Most Influential Man in Cuba and Supporter of Senor Estrada for First Cuban Presidency.

the island to the United States, who have declared their Cuban citizenship, will enjoy equal rights with the natives, as stipulated in the treaty of Paris. Foreign-born residents, who have complied with the regulatons, are likewise enfranchised.

The crystalization of the leading policies has led to the formation of three parties—the national, the republican, and the democratic. The two latter names are fresh from the United States, and mean nothing in so far as the platforms of its two great parties are concerned. The republican party comprises a fraction of the patriots who were active in the war against Spain; the democrats are the survivors of the old autonomist

SENOR TOMAS ESTRADA PALMA.

Cuban Statesman Who Will Probably be the Island's First President.

party, which supported Spain in the war for independence, declaring for allegiance to the mother country, with the privilege of home rule. Spaniards and the old Spanish sympathizers largely comprise the democratic organization.

The national party—by far the strongeest numerically—is made up of the Cubans who demanded absolute independence. Their platform is practically the same as that of the republicans; indeed, the two parties are almost one. The difference is this, the leaders and not the policies have been opposed. The assembly which followed the Spanish evacuation of the island was made up of patriots who, while they had the same end in view, favored different men. The national party organized and claimed General Gomez as its head. The republicans comprised those who broke away on the question of leadership. General Gomez has proved his sincerity and unselfishness, and has won the hearts of all his countrtymen. Today he is by far the most popular man in Cuba. Several times he has refused the candidacy for the office of president. Should he remain firm in his determination, the choice of the national party will be Senor Thomas Estrada Palma. He enjoys the confidance of General Gomez, and is high in the esteeem of the people of the island. Not long ago I was informed that there was a fusion movement in his favor on foot in Havana. It was to comprise the national and republican forces, and a fraction of the democratic party.

But, in some parts of the island, there has been an understanding between the democratic and republican parties that they shall unite in the support of General Baritome Masso. General Masso is the head and front of what I might call the anti-Platt Cubans. He typifies the spirit of revision, which stirred so many when the Platt amendment was put through Those of the patriots who could brook no interference in the island's affairs are still revisionists—and anti-Platts.

The people of the Uited States, generally speaking have but a small idea of how directly and deeply the movements of American politics affect Cuba, and its fledgling parties. Indeed, if we examine deeply into the feeling in Cuba we will find that all the platforms, and parties, and views, and dissensions, are sharply divided by that one line, which is not seen, and, logically, is not supposed to exist in Cuba's internal politics—the Platt amendment.

In the march of events the controversy over this piece of legislation has been left to old memories. But, none the less, its influence is still keenly felt and supplies the only real issue which has taken definite shape. The third clause in the amendment, giving the right to the United States to intervene in case of any trouble in Cuba, or in the event of invasion by the farces of another country, offended two widely different classes of people. On the one hand, the revisionists were inclined to fight it as a thing in the nature of an unlawful privilege; on the other, the friends of the United States felt aggrieved that that should be dismantled which they would willingly give.

General Masso, in his manifesto announcing his candidacy for the presidency, has defined very clearly those features of the Platt amendment as they impress the people of the parties whom he seeks to conciliate in his support.

"The Cuban people," he says, in effect, "must make it clear that, when the definite establishment of their sovereign independence becomes possible, they do not propose to give up any portion either of their independence or their sovereignty. Their local institutons, however grateful they should be to the Uited States, cannot be made to comply with demands that are unwarranted, or put under a servitude that is uncalled for."

He emphasizes his belief that Cuba should have a more definite understanding as to the extent and the significance of the provisions of the amendment, and he urges that, in the treaty between the two countries, Cuba should obtain material trade concessions.

The majority of those who support Senor Palma are willing to drop the controversy until the final terms of limit, and then to consider it

THE FIRST UNCROWNED KING

INTERESTING STORY OF HOW A COMMONER FOUNDED AN EMPIRE—ENGLAND LANDED SOLDIERS.

Moselekatse was one of the greatest of the Zulu potentates. He was a petty chief in the Unwande tribe, which Chaka uprooted. For some reason Chaka spared his life, giving him a command in his army, although he had every other chief of the conquered tribe assegaied. From post to post the young man arose in the Zulu army until he occupied the position of chief commander. The Zulus worshiped him, as much on account of his relentless cruelty as on account of his military genius. While at the height of his power, he deserted Zululand, and the whole of the veteran army, which it is estimated had destroyed over fifty native tribes, followed him over the mountains into the interior of the continent, where the crafty general intended to build up an empire of his own.

A lot of feeble tribes, the Bechuanas, had from time immemorial inhabited the interior regions, now embraced in what is known as the Transvaal and Orange Free State. Through the lands of the Bechuanas Moselekatse swept like an avenging angel, putting the entire population to death. Adding these lands to his newly founded empire the potentate swept onward to the westward, pitching his royal kraal at Buluwayo, now the capital of Rhodesia. But he left several impis or veteran war parties to guard his new possessions.

GOLD BROUGHT WHITE MEN.

When the Boers, driven out of Cape Colony and Natal, trekked across the Orange and Vaal rivers and entered this interior region they encountered Moselekatse's warriors. After a series of dramatic encounters the firearms which the white men carried proved superior to the assegais in the hands of the natives, and the Zulus retreated across the Limpopo. Undisturbed for years, Moselekatse went on cementing his empire. Then gold was discovered in his territory, and white men commenced pouring over the borders. The king issued a decree condemning to death anyone who sought for gold. To announce that gold had been discovered in Moselekatse's empire "was equivalent to calling the king a liar," a local historian has recorded. But in 1872 Moselekatse died, and his son, Lobengula, was crowned as his successor. Soon after the coronation Cecil J. Rhodes and Alfred Beit went to the king and offered him a pension of $6,000 a year, 1,000 rifles and vast quantities of ammunition provided he would grant to them the exclusive right to all the minerals in his kingdom. The temptation was too great for the young king to withstand.

RHODES BECOMES A KING.

Then commenced all his troubles. Rhodes went to England and chartered the South African company, to which was given the sovereign powers of ruling the land. The British government not only gave Cecil Rhodes Lubengula's empire, but it loaned him enough soldiers to conquer it. In the terrific war which followed, the king himself was killed with the bravest of his people. His capital, founded by his father, became the capital of Rhodesia. In this way Rhodes, the empire maker, acquired the very heart of the African continent, territory equal in extent to half of Europe. Rhodesia today is governed by the chartered company. The chartered company owns all the mines, collects all the taxes, customs, furnishes stamps, owns all the railroad and telegraph lines within the province. It levies troops, carries on war, and does whatever else a sovereign power may do. Kruger was blamed for taxing the mines 50 per cent; Rhodesia exacts all the minerals.

Before he had become the uncrowned king of Rhodesia, Rhodes had succeeded in consolidating the several thousand diamond mines around Kimberley into the DeBeers Consolidated Mines, making himself the diamond king of the world. He had also acquired a controlling interest in the Johannesburg gold fields. At the time of the consolidation of the diamond mines he borrowed from the diamond trust $2,500,000 in cash to use in the development of Rhodesia. This was the fund which enabled him to carry on the war with Lobengula. A thrilling account of that war may be found in Olive Schriner's story, "Trooper Peter Halket."

A WOMAN SCORNED.

Partisans of Rhodes have undertaken to explain Olive Schreiner's terrible arraignment of the conduct of that war, by claiming that her hatred of Rhodes results from a disappointment in love. Rhodes has never married. Before her marriage Miss Schreiner and the great financier were intimate friends. Rhodes' neglect to propose a more intimate alliance, it is urged, aroused the woman's fury.

Whatever the cause, Oliver Schreiner's portrayal of the horrors of the Rhodesian war caused all England to shudder. But the protest came too late for practical effect. The nations were subdued, the king killed and Buluwayo became the center of African imperialistic operations. It was in Buluwayo that the Jameson raid was organized. It was upon the borders of Rhodesia that the Chartered company's police were mobilized to invade the Transvaal. Rhodes and Alfred Belt, directors of the company, furnished the funds to sustain the raid. They have both confessed as to this. And why, it may be asked, did Rhodes find it necessary to send a filibustering expedition into the Transvaal? Because Kruger would not grant him the mineral rights in the Boer republic, as Lobengula had done in his kingdom. The Jameson raid failed, and yet the restless ambitious of Cecil Rhodes was not quenched. With Joseph Chamberlain, his friend, occupying the office of secretary for the colonies, he planned to force war upon the Boers and thus accomplish his ends. The war now raging is the result. But Rhodes will probably not live to see its end. Broken with disappointment he has gone home to England—to die.

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PLAGUED BY ANTS.

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"A well known doctor of Minneapolis, who has made a speciality of nervous diseases, has found a new remedy for 'the blues.' As no drugs are administered, he has felt safe in experimenting with at least half a hundred melancholy patients and now declares himself thoroughly satisfied with the good results of his treatment," says the Tribune. "His prescription reads something like this: 'If you keep the corners of your mouth turned up you can't feel blue.' The directions for taking are: 'Smile—keep on smiling—don't stop smiling.' It sounds ridiculous, doesn't it? Well, just try turning up the corners of your mouth, regardless of your mood, and see how it makes you feel; then draw the corners of your mouth down and note the effect, and you will be willing to declare, 'there's something in it.'

"The doctor treats his nervous patients to medicine when necessary, but when the case is one of pure melancholy without bodily ill, he simply recommends the smile cure. He has the patient remain in his office and smile; if it isn't the genuine article, it must at least be an upward curvature of the corners of the mouth, and the better feelings follow inevitably. The treatments are followed up regularly and the patients all testify to their good effect. It takes considerable persuasion to induce some of them to apply the cure, and, of course, the greater number of patients are women, for when a man is blue he is bound to be blue in spite of everything, but a woman is more easily persuaded to try to find a cure.

"The doctor declares that if persons will only draw down the corners of their mouths and use sufficient will power they can actually shed tears. On the other hand, if they will persistently keep the corners of their moths turned up, pleasant thoughts will chase away the gloomy forebodings. His discovery grew out of an experience in his own home. His wife was of a nervous and rather morbid temperament, and when in a despondent mood he would ask her to 'smile a little,' until the saying came to be a household joke. But it brought about good results, and then came the inspiration to try the same cure on others.

"The doctor has not patented his remedy, and it is free to all who choose to take advantage of it."

RUSSIAN OFFICERS' WOES.

A Russian officer, writing to a military publication of that country, tells some of the woes of the service, says the Chicago News. He says: "For a captain to walk about in public is distressing; he has always to be looking about him. A general is easily noticed, and there are but few of them, but colonels and lieutenant colonels are plentiful. A captain rests on a seat, but he has to get up every few minutes to salute some senior officer. He goes into a restaurant and sits down to eat, but immediately he has to lay down his knife and fork and rise to salute a young colonel who enters. If the lieutenant colonel sits at a table close to the captain the latter has to leave his table and get permission of the lieutenant colonel to continue his meal. A colonel enters, and the unfortunate captain has again to leave his table to ask permission to continue eating.

Junior officers are also ordered to salute retired staff officers, who are not always noted for the correctness of their dress. It sometimes happens that a junior officer has to salute a gentleman in nankeen trousers, an unbuttoned coat showing a naked, uncovered neck, and who holds in his hand such an entirely unwarlike article as a basket from which peeps the end of a leg of veal or some vegetables."

Of the women who recently took competitive examinations in Washington for positions in the civil service over 77 per cent. passed, as against 62 per cent. of the men.

THE WAR ON WOMEN.

Stories of British Brutality in Destroying Houses in South Africa.

The following is from advance sheets of F. W. Unger's book, "With 'Bobs' and Kruger in South Africa," soon to be published:

"I foresaw that if much of this sort of thing was to take place the British would have to resort to Weyler's reconcentrado policy and collect all the women and children in the towns and cities to prevent starvation.

"Nearer Bloemfontein I came upon a more striking and pitiable scene of desolation. This was a farm house where a few days before I had turned aside from the column to get a glass of water. The housvrouw had sent her little girl for the water, which she brought me in a pretty china cup. General French's chief of staff was talking to the burgher, who was one of those who had surrendered his arms and taken the oath of allegiance. Several white flags were flying overhead as a sign of neutrality. This place was entirely in ashes, still smoking. The farmer's wife and children were camped in an outbuilding, with a few articles of bedding saved from the house. I had seen the smoke of the burning house half an hour after I had left it, but supposed it was only a huge pile of forage being consumed to avoid its falling into the hands of the Boers. I learned that just after I left the place a party of Boers had occupied the farm, and one of their scouts had fired on the scouts of the passing army. Information of this was conveyed to the British general. He ordered out a squadron of horse to clear the farm of the Boers, which they did. Then the place was burned; the old burgher and his son were made prisoners. I afterward met the officer who had charge of this work, and he said, 'It was the most miserable piece of business I have ever had to do.' His men poured oil over the furniture and woodwork, allowing only a few of the barest necessaries to be removed, and then, despite the pitiable pleadings of the women and children and the frantic protests of the old, white-haired grandfather, the torch was applied and one more desolate home was added to the already too long list which this unhappy war had produced.

"This is but the beginning. I was half prepared for what was to follow, for I heard at Dewetsdorp that, since the expedition had been a failure, orders had been issued from Bloemfontein that no more supplies would be sent out to French's division. This meant that they were to live off the country; and that, somehow, excuses were to be found to ignore the proclamations of protection guaranteed by the field marshal. So parties of scouts were sent out to search the farms for concealed weapons and ammunition. A rusty old gun or a handful of forgotten cartridges was sufficient evidence; then the cattle, sheep and horses were rounded up, all the carts about the place loaded with anything of value the marauders desired, the match was applied and a few prisoners were added to the already overlong list.

"Between twenty and thirty homesteads were destroyed between Dewetsdorp and Bloemfontein to my certain knowledge, and it is very probable that twice that number were added to the list by other detachments of French's troop.

"In each case—after the punishment had been inflicted—some form of trial was given at Bloemfontein. Of course, the prisoners had very little opportunity to defend themselves, and usually they were convicted and sent to Cape Town. Some show of justice was obtained, however. The burgher who had owned the first farm destroyed, and his son also, were actually acquitted, as it was shown that they had not taken part in the firing on the troops and had protested against it; so, after having lost their home and been marched eighty miles as prisoners, they were released. By this time the son had gone insane. I doubt if any compensation was made other than the filing of their claims, to be settled after the conclusion of hostilities."

WHY ENGLAND REJOICES.

All England rejoices that the fear of the purchase of famous Battle Abbey by an American has been averted by its purchase by an Englishman. The abbey is situated near Battle, Hastings, Sussex. The town received its name from being the spot on which the Saxons, under Harold, were defeated by William, duke of Normandy, at the battle of Hastings, in 1066. After the battle William the Conqueror founded a magnificent abbey to commemorate his victory. The high altar in the church is said to have stood on the very spot where the body of the Saxon king was found.

The Norman duke, marching from Pevensey, a few miles away, where he had landed, found the Saxons, under Harold, entrenched behind a stockade on ground which lies within the enclosure of Battle estate. So stubborn was the defense that the future of the day was uncertain until William ordered his archers to shoot upward. An arrow pierced Harold's eye and he fell, with a few of his earls faithful to the last. The abbey was entrusted to the Benedictine order, and enjoyed for 500 years great celebrity. At the Reformation it was presented by Henry VIII. to his master of the horse, who converted the monastic buildings into a private dwelling house and added the banqueting hall. After passing through various hands the property came into the possession of the duke of Cleveland.

Nathaniel Hawthorne described the gatehouse, built in 1338, as just as solid and massive as when it was first built, the perfect reality of a Gothic battlement, hoary and venerable with many centuries. The Abbot's hall, the Beggars' hall and some of the old cloisters are still part of the building, while the ruins include some relics of the Abbey Church of St. Martin, with the site of the high altar, raised in fulfillment of William the Conqueror's vow over the spot where Harold fell.

EARLY POST-RIDERS.

Cyrus, King of Persia, possessed a regular riding post, stations and men with horses that were always in readiness when required. The speed of his horses was such, according to Herodotus, as nothing mortal surpassed, and varied on the road from Susa to Sardis from 60 to 120 miles a day. The early Greeks and Romans were by no means so advanced, the Greeks having but little private correspondence before 600 B. C., while few attempts were made to organize the postal system of the Roman Empire until the Emperor Augustus instituted couriers and stages along the road at which relays of horses were always ready, says a writer in the Empire Review.

England was even still more backward, for it was not until the reign of Henry I. that permanent messengers, styled nuntii and cursores, were first employed in the delivery of the king's writs to the lords and barons. They only began to wear the royal livery in the time of King Henry III., who employed them both in England and in foreign parts on affairs of state as well as on the private and confidential business of the Crown. Their payment was an important item in the royal household accounts and many specimens of the extent to which the system prevailed are found in our public records. Thus, on December 18, 1324, the attention of the wardens of the Cinque Ports, as well as of the mayor and sheriffs of London, was drawn to the fact that many letters, prejudicial to the interests of the Crown, were being brought into the country, and they were commanded to make diligent scruting of all persons passing from parts beyond the seas and to stop all letters concerning which sinister suspicion might arise.

Again a royal writ of September 23, 1326, evidently directed against Queen Isabella, the wife of Edward II., states that "the queen, by council and abetment of the king's enemies, did write daily divers letters to the archbishops, bishops, prelates, earls, barons and others of the king's lieges, as well as of the clergy as of the laity, and to the commons of the various towns, and to individual persons, in order to accomplish their false compassments."

These letters were conveyed by special messengers, wandering minstrels or merchants. It is, however, evident that as time went on private individuals kept horses for hire, so that a messenger might travel post.

HE WANTED TO KNOW IT ALL.

William Gillette, the actor, hides himself in summer as far away from crowds and newspaper personals as possible. Often he uses his time constructing a new work, which Nat Goodwin calls "the Gillette play—a thing that acts itself." One summer Gillette hired a yacht, and, as he tells the story, it was a craft without an equal. With a few friends he set sail from New York and proceeded by way of the sound upon a cruise. They kept close to shore, and a week or so after they left New York were drifting leisurely by a point of land at the end of which sat a solemn Yankee fishing. In a few hours the boat had passed the point and the Yankee aroused himself from his contemplation of the water and asked: "Where are ye from?"

"New York," replied Gillette, with a yachtman's pride.

"How long?"

"Since August 1," shouted the yachtsman again.

The Yankee returned to his contemplation, and the yacht kept on drifting, but along in the afternoon there came a voice over the water and it asked: "What year?"

An anemometer, or wind measure, consists of four cups at the end of arms. It is so constructed that it makes 500 revolutions while a mile of wind passes.

COMING ELECTION IN CUBA

FIRST NATIONAL CONTEST OF BALLOTS WILL BE MAINLY OVER THE PLATT AMENDMENT.

By Governor Nunez, of Havana.

With the first election of a chief magistrate of this new nation only a few months away and with the practical assurance of independence there has come a weakening of old party lines. Questions that were vital two years ago and less have died and have been forgotten. The issue now is not one of politics, so much as one of men. Arrayed for one or other of the leaders, will be voters representing a population of conflicting ideas, but unanimous interest. There are about 900,000 white Cubans on the island; 400,000 Cuban negroes; 100,000 Spaniards, and 50,000 foreigners of all other races. The negroes are of a higher grade of intelligence and are considered as being more nearly on a footing with the whites than are most of the negroes of the southern United States. They have fought, hoped and struggled for independence with as much sturdiness as any. The Spaniards, resident in Cuba at the time of the surrender of the island to the United States, who have declared their Cuban citizenship, will enjoy equal rights with the natives, as stipulated in the treaty of Paris. Foreign-born residents, who have complied with the regulatons, are likewise enfranchised.

The crystalization of the leading policies has led to the formation of three parties the national, the republican, and the democratic. The two latter names are fresh from the United States, and mean nothing in so far as the platforms of its two great parties are concerned. The republican party comprises a fraction of the patriots who were active in the war against Spain; the democrats are the survivors of the old autonomist party, which supported Spain in the war for independence, declaring for allegiance to the mother country, with the privilege of home rule. Spaniards and the old Spanish sympathizers largely comprise the democratic organization.

The national party—by far the strongeest numerically—is made up of the Cubans who demanded absolute independence. Their platform is practically the same as that of the republicans; indeed, the two parties are almost one. The difference is this, the leaders and not the policies have been opposed. The assembly which followed the Spanish evacuation of the island was made up of patriots who, while they had the same end in view, favored different men. The national party organized and claimed General Gomez as its head. The republicans comprised those who broke away on the question of leadership. General Gomez has proved his sincerity and unselfishness, and has won the hearts of all his countrymen. Today he is by far the most popular man in Cuba. Several times he has refused the candidacy for the office of president. Should he remain firm in his determination, the choice of the national party will be Senor Thomas Estrada Palma. He enjoys the confidence of General Gomez, and is high in the esteem of the people of the island. Not long ago I was informed that there was a fusion movement in his favor on foot in Havana. It was to comprise the national and republican forces, and a fraction of the democratic party.

But, in some parts of the island, there has been an understanding between the democratic and republican parties that they shall unite in the support of General Baritome Masso. General Masso is the head and front of what I might call the anti-Platt Cubans. He typifies the spirit of revision, which stirred so many when the Platt amendment was put through. Those of the patriots who could brook no interference in the island's affairs are still revisionists—and anti-Platts.

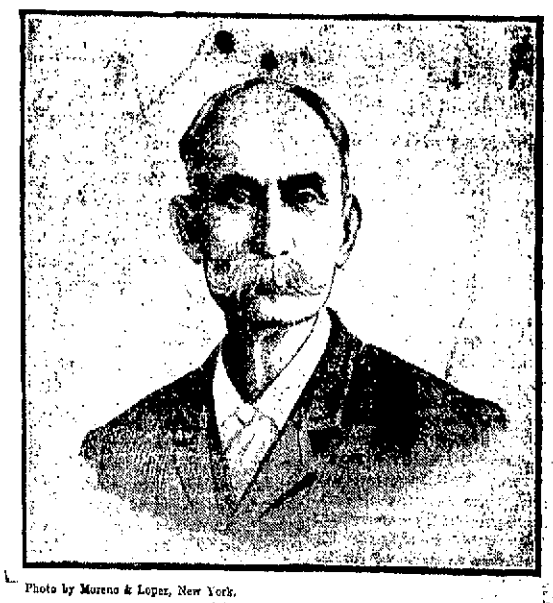

Photo by Moreno & Lopez, New York.

GENERAL MAXIMO GOMEZ.

Warrior, Patriot and Statesman, the Most Influential Man in Cuba and Supporter of Senor Estrada for First Cuban Presidency.

SENOR TOMAS ESTRADA PALMA.

Cuban Statesman Who Will Probably be the Island's First President.

The people of the United States, generally speaking have but a small idea of how directly and deeply the movements of American politics affect Cuba, and its fledgling parties. Indeed, if we examine deeply into the feeling in Cuba we will find that all the platforms, and parties, and views, and dissensions, are sharply divided by that one line, which is not seen, and, logically, is not supposed to exist in Cuba's internal politics—the Platt amendment.

In the march of events the controversy over this piece of legislation has been left to old memories. But, none the less, its influence is still keenly felt and supplies the only real issue which has taken definite shape. The third clause in the amendment, giving the right to the United States to intervene in case of any trouble in Cuba, or in the event of invasion by the farces of another country, offended two widely different classes of people. On the one hand, the revisionists were inclined to fight it as a thing in the nature of an unlawful privilege; on the other, the friends of the United States felt aggrieved that that should be dismantled which they would willingly give.

General Masso, in his manifesto announcing his candidacy for the presidency, has defined very clearly those features of the Platt amendment as they impress the people of the parties whom he seeks to conciliate in his support.

"The Cuban people," he says, in effect, "must make it clear that, when the definite establishment of their sovereign independence becomes possible, they do not propose to give up any portion either of their independence or their sovereignty. Their local institutons, however grateful they should be to the United States, cannot be made to comply with demands that are unwarranted, or put under a servitude that is uncalled for."

He emphasizes his belief that Cuba should have a more definite understanding as to the extent and the significance of the provisions of the amendment, and he urges that, in the treaty between the two countries, Cuba should obtain material trade concessions.

The majority of those who support Senor Palma are willing to drop the controversy until the final treaty, at least, and then to sustain both the

...r and the spirit of the amendment as they understand it.

...but the supporters of General Mas... are still urgent for revision and ...ion, I believe, is contained the ...m of many future political con... on the island of Cuba.

As they stand today, Senor Palma and General Masso, representing such policies as the conditons described have created, are greater than the causes they champion. General Masso is well liked by all native Cubans. He was the last president of the revolutionary party, which existed when the Spanish war began. He was the first to enter the final and successful fight for freedom. He made his way into the country, animating with hope and courage all whom he encountered and by sheer force of personality, saved the day. He is the soldier more than the statesman, and on that he chiefly relies for his success.

Senor Thomas Estrada Palma is the statesman, rather than the soldier. Clear in his views seasoned by their many sorrows, a wise leader, the people of Cuba have every reason for their confidence in him. In my opinion he is likely to be elected. General Gomez's support will have a tremendous influence.

The elections, as the plan now stands, will begin late in December, and reach a conclusion about February. The governors of provinces will first be balloted for, then representatives to the provincial assemblies, and then deputies to the national house. The senatorial election follows, and finally the presidential contest.

The national party is strongeest in four of the six provinces—Santiago, Havana, Camaguey and Pinar del Rio. The republicans are in the ascendancy in Santa Clara and Matanzas. The same party lines and political conditions as apply to the presidential contest govern the minor ones. In the province of Havana, the republican and democratic ranks will probably fuse, with an idea of controlling the minor offices. Once the contests are over, the real business of independence will begin. The president's proclamation is looked for in the latter part of May, accompanying the formal transfer of sovereignty from the United States. Premising that Senor Palma shall have been elected president, a conservative government would be assured. He would endeavor to preserve cordial relations with the United States, seek to avoid all friction and strive to place on a sound basis the financial and commercial affairs of the island.

THE MOUTH.

According to a physiognomist the lower lip is the most important part of the mouth as an indicator of character, says the London Daily Mail. According to its fullness, freshness in appearance and width it indicates benevolence and liberality. A pale, shriveled and narrow lower lip reveals a decided want of these qualities.

There are thick under lips that hang so that they become almost a disfigurement, and these, as well as looking ugly, denote indolence and a love of luxury. Taking the opposite extreme, however, it is not desirable to have pronouncedly thin lips, for when the outline of the lips is narrow and united to a mouth with a sinister expression there is indicated a great deficiency of natural kindness in their owner, a want of warmth and but little capacity to love. Well defined and developed lips, the outlines of which are rounded out, are admired for their beauty and moral worth, being, as they are, tokens of a tender-hearted, amiable and sympathetic disposition.

Well closed lips are a sign of discretion. If the upper one is long, in addition to being pressed down firmly upon the lower one, both mental and physical power appertain to their owner. Supposing the upper lip is very short and the middle teeth of the top row are constantly exposed, a fondness for praise is betrayed.

Frequently another type of mouth is seen, one in which the corners of the lips descend, indicating a person of a despondent disposition, prone to dwell overmuch upon the serious side of life. But when the corners turn up in the form of a Cupid's bow their possessor is of a bright and cheerful nature, always finding a silver lining to every cloud and good in everything.

BIRDS WITH RARE TALENT.

The parrot, the magpie and the raven are not the only birds capable of learning human speech. In them the faculty of imitation is more highly developed than among the other members of the feathered world. There are a score of species that are able to imitate sounds made by other animals. Bluejays, caught early and properly trained, can be taught to speak as well as most parrots, and the same thing can be accomplished with a crow if he is caught young and his tongue slit. M. H. Coupin, a well-known naturalist, tells some ... stories regarding the imita... of ... birds which ... attainments. He tells of a sparrow which learned to imitate the strident noise made by a grasshopper. The cage containing the sparrow was hung during one spring next to a cage in which were grasshoppers. At that time the sparrow took no notice of the noises made by his neighbors, but the next spring, when he found himself again in the company of the grasshoppers, he seemed to consider that it was "up to him" to take part in their daily serenades. He made several attempts to sing after the manner of his neighbors and was moderately successful. For the rest of his life, long after the grasshoppers were dead, he would every now and them give vent to feelings in a strain composed partly of the notes of the grasshoppers and partly of the notes of other birds.

BERLIN APPETITES.

That the restaurant business in Berlin is a paying one, if the location chosen be a good one, the restaurant of the zoological gardens here shows. For a number of years it was leased by a man who understood about as much of the busines as the man in the moon. Yet he became wealthy within a few years, and retired for good to live on the interest of his money. There were days in summer when he sold 1,000 kegs of beer, besides some 20,000 cups of coffee and 50,000 sandwiches, and as prices are high there he must have made thousands of dollars in a single day, says a Berlin correspondent.

Fortunately for the public, another caterer now supplies the hungry and thirsty sightseers at the zoological gardens, a man with a good reputation, and he pays twice the rent for the restaurant buildings, viz., 100,000 marks per annum, besides spending, by the terms of his contract, a matter of almost 500,000 marks for improvements. Yet it is probable that he, too, will retire at the end of his term with a fortune.

There are many instances of this kind in Berlin. One of the finest and most highly priced restaurants on Unter den Linden recently sold its good will for a matter of 1,000,000 marks. The owner of a cafe on Friedrichstrasse who started the place but a couple of years ago is reputed to have cleared about 2,000,000 marks. His head waiter is himself rapidly growing rich from the "trinkgeld" received from the guests, and is said to be in receipt of monthly stipends amounting to some $3,000 in American money.

GERMAN SHARPNESS.

An example of the exceeding sharpness with which the German customs officials are now scrutinizing imports of manufactured merchandise, the following ruling and reclassification of recent date will serve to illustrate what may happen whenever any manufactured article is made of two or more component materials.

There is a certain snap hook known to the trade as the "covert snap," in German as "carabiner haken," which is made of malleable steel or iron, coated with tin.

These have been imported for years under a duty rate of ten shillings per 220 pounds. The snap hook has a latch in the form of a sliding bolt, which is thrown by a small spiral spring of brass or bronzed wire, wholly concealed within the shank of the hook.

Recently some zealous inspector has dissected one of those snaps, removed the bolt and discovered the hidden brass spring, which forms perhaps one-fortieth of the whole weight of the article, whereupon the covert snap has been reclassified as brass goods, dutiable at twenty-four shillings per 220 pounds, which is said to be practically prohibitory in face of domestic competition.—London Express.

CURES ECZEMA AND ITCHING HUMORS THROUGH THE BLOOD—COSTS NOTHING TO TRY.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) is a certain and sure cure for eczema, itching skin, humors, scabs, scales, watery blisters, pimples, aching bones or joints, boils, carbuncles, prickling pain in the skin, old, eating sores, ulcers, etc. Botanic Blood Balm cures the worst and most deep-seated cases by enriching, purifying and vitalizing the blood, thereby giving a healthy blood supply to the skin. Other remedies may relieve, but B. B. B. actually cures, heals every sore, and gives the rich glow of health to the skin, making the blood red and nourishing. Especially advised for old, obstinate cases Druggists, $1. Trial treatment free and prepaid by writing Dr. Gillam, 213 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given. Sold by Ranke & Nusbaum, 88 Calhoun St.

A tribe of peculiar people dwell on the banks of the Purus, in South America. Men, women and children are spotted, with brown spots on a white skin. Their chief article of diet is fish.

Bought for The S...

LONDON STREET NAMES

There Are 23,000 of Them and They Recall Interesting Forgotten Facts.

From Pall Mall to Cutthroat lane, from St. James' street to Halfpenny alley, all London is catalogued in the county council's recently published list of the "Streets and Places" within its jurisdiction. It is a wonderful record that fills these 578 pages. The 23,000 place-names catalogued are the spoils of centuries, the tag-ends of history, the dropped crumbs of generations of Londoners. Names like Ludgate, Lothbury and Watling street, which fade into dim antiquity, take their alphabetic place with Fram street, Telephone avenue and Ladysmith road.

To each place is appended its geography, so that at a glance the Londoner can discover his street and its nearest main artery, his postal district, his parish, his metropolitan borough, his parliamentary division and also the names of any villas, terraces or cottages that have recently ceased to have a separate postal existence.

FRYING PAN ALLEY.

We name the streets more decorously than did our fathers. They rejoiced in a vast number of "lanes," "yards," "courts," "alleys," "rows" and "rents," and to these they attached homely names, some of which were coarse and others less than decent. Even today many names survive in London which would no longer be bestowed. It does not follow that these ought to be suppressed. Many of them are racy of old London life, and all are harmeless; moreover, their gradual disappearance is inevitable. In all London there is only one Frying Pan alley left. This name was once curiously popular in London. In a directory of 1755 passage that opened out into a wide stairs and a Frying Pan yard. Whence rose this name, and in what did its charm consist? Was the the shape of a frying pan suggested by any long, narrow passage that opened out into a wide court? If so, similar comparisons may have suggested the name Coffin alley, near Cow Cross street, and Brandyleg alley, near Fleet street.

The freedom used in naming small London streets and courts in the eighteenth centry arose partly from the fact that many of these names were unofficial in their origin and were not inscribed on the corner houses. Thus the inhabitants were free to call a street by the most expressive names that came to their lips. If this happened to be Dirty lane, then the street became Dirty lane to all the world. Ten streets bore this label in Dr. Johnson's day; now it is not tolerated. An equal candor must have inspired the residents of Breakneck alley in the Minories, Brimstone court and Crackbrain court near the Tower, and Jackanapes row in Cheapside. All these names are abolished, and with them many others of a merely eccentric character. There was once an Adam-a-digging yard in Westminster. Gone are Broomstick alley, Breeches yard, Kidney stairs, Tinder Box alley and Pie corner. The suppression of the last two names may be regretted. If Pie corner had to go from Smithfield, why have we retained Pudding lane in Eastcheap? Both names were worth keeping, for it was in Pudding lane that the great fire of London started, and it was at Pie corner that it ended.

BRUTAL PASTIMES RECALLED.

However, losses of this kind have been few. We still have various Bear lanes and Cockpit courts to recall two brutal recreations. Ducking Pond mews in Mayfair, just behind Piccadilly, commemorates a pond to which the proprietors of the Dog and Duck tavern used to admit Londoners and their dogs by two-penny tickets, the sport offered being the chasing of unfortunate ducks up and down a willow-shaded sheet of water.

Of all London's vanishing glory the Maypole in the Strand has been taken as the type since Bramston sang:

"What's not destroyed by Time's devouring hand?
Where's Troy and where's the Maypole in the Strand?"

Yet, to this day, behind the Strand, there is still a May-pole alley. This lane led straight to the May-pole of London's jocund springtimes. Unfortunately, it will disappear in the Strand-Holborn avenue.

The oddest of London's minor street names is Crooked Usage, found in Chelsea. This very old name probably arose at a time when the land was divided into allotments. These small holdings would be separated by strips of unturned grass, which were used in common by the tenants. These usages were, as a rule, straight; but it is suggested that one was crooked, and was known for this singularity as "the crooked usage," a name that descended to a street and is still preserved. As already stated, many homely designations linger. A Cutthroat lane still lends its terror to Camberwell. Double X place may be found in Behnal Green, Halfpenny alley recalling an old "halfpenny hatch," or toll gate, survives in Bermondsey. Jacob's Well passage, Noah's Ark alley, Selah place, Zoar street, Adam and Eve lane and other Biblical names probably date from Puritan times. Among other queer survivals are Labor-in-Vain street in Shadwell, Periwinkle street in Ratcliff, Lily Pot lane in the city and Sea Witch lane in Greenwich.

The subject is vast and one does but pick up its pebbles. Thus the personal names given to many London precincts have a charm of their own, as Took's court, Baldwin's gardens, Fulwood's rents. Who were Took, Baldwin and Fulwood? Who was the Mr. Ball of Ball's Pond road and Foubert of Foubert's place in Regent street.

These questions will be asked for many a year, and fortnately most of them can be answered. Took's court, near Chancery lane, has been variously called Tucker's, Duke's and Tuke's court, so that conjecture can but play gingerly round the Mr. Thomas Tuck, whose local charities are recorded in the parish church of St. Andrew's, Holburn. Baldwin's gardens, in the Gray's Inn road, are said to hark back to Richard Baldwin, one of Queen Elizabeth's gardeners, who built some houses here in 1859. Fulwood's rents, that curious old precinct which lifts its sagging red-tiled roofs above the Chancery lane station of the Tube railway, is a genuine bit of seventeenth century London. It was so called from Christopher Fulwood, whose sister, Jane Fulwood, died here in poverty as early as 1618. Lord Bacon may have known these houses. As for Foubert's place, it celebrates Major Foubert, whose fashionable riding school had the support of Charles II., and was deemed highly advantageous to the young officers of the Restoration. "Major Foubert's passage," was the name when the Poet Rogers was young, and he wished this full style had been retained. Lamb's Conduit street is named after one William Lamb, who more than 300 years ago built a water conduit at Holborn Cross at a cost of £1,500.

In all these cases the personal name borne by each place seems to have sprung up naturally, or to have been bestowed by common consent, and the result is that the memories of these worthies are kept green. Only last year a lively discussion arose in the personalities of Took and Bozier; whereas, the memories of great noblemen are hardly kept alive in the street names they proudly established. Who knows which Cecil or Norfolk is perpetuated in Cecil street and Norfolk street? Sir Walter Scott remarks in "Peveril of the Peak," that probably few of those who live in Buckingham street, Duke street and Villiers street—that cluster of old brick streets by Charing cross—think of the witty and eccentric noblemen whose titles are preserved in these names. Revelry hangs a tale. The immediate descendants of George Villiers, Duke of Buckingham, were not content with imposing every name in his title on the streets near the Adelphi; for when they had built George street, Villiers street, Duke street and Buckingham street, they bethought themselves of the preposition and created Of alley. This alley survives as York place.

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The one emphatic point in this statement of marvelous multiplication is this: "*If the conditions are favorable.*" The most dangerous microbe cannot injure man unless the conditions are favorable. It is conceded that we inhale these microbes every day without injury, that we receive them into the body with the water we drink and the food we eat and suffer no harm, the reason being that the conditions are not favorable to microbic propagation. It becomes a great question, therefore: What are the conditions favorable to the propagation of disease microbes in the human body? The answer is, unsanitary conditions. The same law rules the blood that rules the brook: keep it pure and it is healthful; let it stagnate and become fouled with decayed matter and it breeds disease. The prime necessity for microbic reproduction is dirt. Dirt has been defined as "matter out of place." The grease which collects in the kitchen sink is dirt, just as much as the dust which accumulates in unswept corners, and it seems perfectly proper in the scope of this definition to speak of dirty blood.

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Healthy Old Age

Netherland, Tenn., April 16, 1900.

I am 50 years old. My trouble was change of life. I truly sympathize with any woman who suffers as I have. After the torture and pain of two years I purchased two bottles of Wine of Cardui and took it according to directions. In a short time it began to relieve me. Now I feel like another woman. I cannot speak too highly of its merits. You may think I am exaggerating but I say I would not take $1,000 for the good it has done me. Mrs. M. E. MATTHEWS

Whether to live to a healthy old age, the mother of strong sons and fair daughters, or to go down to a premature grave after a life saddened by misery and barrenness, is the choice a woman may make for herself. Mrs. Matthews' statement shows how a suffering woman can clearly make the right choice with

WINE OF CARDUI

at hand to regulate the declining function and keep her in perfect health. If this important functional change finds a woman in poor health, serious circumstances invariably follow. The shock aggravates any existing disorder and old age is full of suffering. How many women fade quickly after prime because the change of life overtakes them in ill health? To a healthy woman the change need have no terrors. It is necessary to women wishing to enjoy old age, to take the Wine of Cardui treatment before it is too late, to eradicate every kind of "female diseases" from the system. You can secure a dollar bottle of Wine of Cardui from your druggist and take it in your own home.

Owenby, N. C., February 23, 1900.

I have used Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught for the change of life and find them a great help to me. I thank you for your medicine and the good it has done me. Mrs. M. S. OWENBY.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

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letter and the spirit of the amendment as they understand it.

But the supporters of General Masso are still urgent for revision and herein, I believe, is contained the germ of many future political contests on the island of Cuba.

As they stand today, Senor Palma and General Masso, representing such policies as the conditons described have created, are greater than the causes they champion. General Masso is well liked by all native Cubans. He was the last president of the revolutionary party, which existed when the Spanish war began. He was the first to enter the final and successful fight for freedom. He made his way into the country, animating with hope and courage all whom he encountered and by sheer force of personality, saved the day. He is the soldier more than the statesman, and on that he chiefly relies for his success.

Senor Thomas Estrada Palma is the statesman, rather than the soldier. Clear in his views seasoned by their many sorrows, a wise leader, the people of Cuba have every reason for their confidence in him. In my opinion he is likely to be elected. General Gomez's support will have a tremendous influence.

The elections, as the plan now stands, will begin late in December, and reach a conclusion about February. The governors of provinces will first be balloted for, then representatives to the provincial assemblies, and then deputies to the national house. The senatorial election follows, and finally the presidential contest.

The national party is strongeest in four of the six provinces—Santiago, Havana, Camaguey and Pinar del Rio. The republicans are in the ascendancy in Santa Clara and Matanzas. The same party lines and political conditions as apply to the presidential contest govern the minor ones. In the province of Havana, the republican and democratic ranks will probably fuse, with an idea of controlling the minor offices. Once the contests are over, the real business of independence will begin. The president's proclamation is looked for in the latter part of May, accompanying the formal transfer of sovereignty from the United States. Premising that Senor Palma shall have been elected president, a conservative government would be assured. He would endeavor to preserve cordial relations with the United States, seek to avoid all friction and strive to place on a sound basis the financial and commercial affairs of the island.

THE MOUTH.

According to a physiognomist the lower lip is the most important part of the mouth as an indicator of character, says the London Daily Mail. According to its fullness, freshness in appearance and width it indicates benevolence and liberality. A pale, shriveled and narrow lower lip reveals a decided want of these qualities.

There are thick under lips that hang so that they become almost a disfigurement, and these, as well as looking ugly, denote indolence and a love of luxury. Taking the opposite extreme, however, it is not desirable to have pronouncedly thin lips, for when the outline of the lips is narrow and united to a mouth with a sinister expression there is indicated a great deficiency of natural kindness in their owner, a want of warmth and but little capacity to love. Well defined and developed lips, the outlines of which are rounded out, are admired for their beauty and moral worth, being, as they are, tokens of a tender-hearted, amiable and sympathetic disposition.

Well closed lips are a sign of discretion. If the upper one is long, in addition to being pressed down firmly upon the lower one, both mental and physical power appertain to their owner. Supposing the upper lip is very short and the middle teeth of the top row are constantly exposed, a fondness for praise is betrayed.

Frequently another type of mouth is seen, one in which the corners of the lips descend, indicating a person of a despondent disposition, prone to dwell overmuch upon the serious side of life. But when the corners turn up in the form of a Cupid's bow their possessor is of a bright and cheerful nature, always finding a silver lining to every cloud and good in everything.

BIRDS WITH RARE TALENT.

The parrot, the magpie and the raven are not the only birds capable of learning human speech. In them the faculty of imitation is more highly developed than among the other members of the feathered world. There are a score of species that are able to imitate sounds made by other animals. Bluejays, caught early and properly trained, can be taught to speak as well as most parrots, and the same thing can be accomplished with a crow if he is caught young and his tongue slit. M. H. Coupin, a well-known naturalist, tells some curious stories regarding the imitative powers of certain birds which are generally supposed to lack such attainments. He tells of a sparrow which learned to imitate the strident noise made by a grasshopper. The cage containing the sparrow was hung during one spring next to a cage in which were grasshoppers. At that time the sparrow took no notice of the noises made by his neighbors, but the next spring, when he found himself again in the company of the grasshoppers, he seemed to consider that it was "up to him" to take part in their daily serenades. He made several attempts to sing after the manner of his neighbors and was moderately successful. For the rest of his life, long after the grasshoppers were dead, he would every now and then give vent to feelings in a strain composed partly of the notes of the grasshoppers and partly of the notes of other birds.

BERLIN APPETITES.

That the restaurant business in Berlin is a paying one, if the location chosen be a good one, the restaurant of the zoological gardens here shows. For a number of years it was leased by a man who understood about as much of the busines as the man in the moon. Yet he became wealthy within a few years, and retired for good to live on the interest of his money. There were days in summer when he sold 1,000 kegs of beer, besides some 20,000 cups of coffee and 50,000 sandwiches, and as prices are high there he must have made thousands of dollars in a single day, says a Berlin correspondent.

Fortunately for the public, another caterer now supplies the hungry and thirsty sightseers at the zoological gardens, a man with a good reputation, and he pays twice the rent for the restaurant buildings, viz., 100,000 marks per annum, besides spending, by the terms of his contract, a matter of almost 500,000 marks for improvements. Yet it is probable that he, too, will retire at the end of his term with a fortune.

There are many instances of this kind in Berlin. One of the finest and most highly priced restaurants on Unter den Linden recently sold its good will for a matter of 1,000,000 marks. The owner of a cafe on Friedrichstrasse who started the place but a couple of years ago is reputed to have cleared about 2,000,000 marks. His head waiter is himself rapidly growing rich from the "trinkgeld" received from the guests, and is said to be in receipt of monthly stipends amounting to some $3,000 in American money.

GERMAN SHARPNESS.

An example of the exceeding sharpness with which the German customs officials are now scrutinizing imports of manufactured merchandise, the following ruling and reclassification of recent date will serve to illustrate what may happen whenever any manufactured article is made of two or more component materials.

There is a certain snap hook known to the trade as the "covert snap," in German as "carabiner haken," which is made of malleable steel or iron, coated with tin.

These have been imported for years under a duty rate of ten shillings per 220 pounds. The snap hook has a latch in the form of a sliding bolt, which is thrown by a small spiral spring of brass or bronzed wire, wholly concealed within the shank of the hook.

Recently some zealous inspector has dissected one of those snaps, removed the bolt and discovered the hidden brass spring, which forms perhaps one-fortieth of the whole weight of the article, whereupon the covert snap has been reclassified as brass goods, dutiable at twenty-four shillings per 220 pounds, which is said to be practically prohibitory in face of domestic competition.—London Express.

CURES ECZEMA AND ITCHING HUMORS THROUGH THE BLOOD—COSTS NOTHING TO TRY.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) is a certain and sure cure for eczema, itching skin, humors, scabs, scales, watery blisters, pimples, aching bones or joints, boils, carbuncles, prickling pain in the skin, old, eating sores, ulcers, etc. Botanic Blood Balm cures the worst and most deep-seated cases by enriching, purifying and vitalizing the blood, thereby giving a healthy blood supply to the skin. Other remedies may relieve, but B. B. B. actually cures heals every sore, and gives the rich glow of health to the skin, making the blood red and nourishing. Especially advised for old, obstinate cases. Druggists, $1. Trial treatment free and prepaid by writing Dr. Gilliam, 213 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given. Sold by Ranke & Nusbaum, 88 Calhoun St.

A tribe of peculiar people dwell on the banks of the Porus, in South America. Men, women and children are spotted, with brown spots on a white skin. Their chief article of diet is fish.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

LONDON STREET NAMES

There Are 23,000 of Them and They Recall Interesting Forgotten Facts.

From Pall Mall to Cutthroat lane, from St. James' street to Halfpenny alley, all London is catalogued in the county council's recently published list of the "Streets and Places" within its jurisdiction. It is a wonderful record that fills these 578 pages. The 23,000 place-names catalogued are the spoils of centuries, the tag-ends of history, the dropped crumbs of generations of Londoners. Names like Ludgate, Lothbury and Watling street, which fade into dim antiquity, take their alphabetic place with Fram street, Telephone avenue and Ladysmith road.

To each place is appended its geography, so that at a glance the Londoner can discover his street and its nearest main artery, his postal district, his parish, his metropolitan borough, his parliamentary division and also the names of any villas, terraces or cottages that have recently ceased to have a separate postal existence.

FRYING PAN ALLEY.

We name the streets more decorously than did our fathers. They rejoiced in a vast number of "lanes," "yards," "courts," "alleys," "rows" and "rents," and to these they attached homely names, some of which were coarse and others less than decent. Even today many names survive in London which would no longer be bestowed. It does not follow that these ought to be suppressed. Many of them are racy of old London life, and all are harmeless; moreover, their gradual disappearance is inevitable. In all London there is only one Frying Pan alley left. This name was once curiously popular in London. In a directory of 1755 passage that opened out into a wide stairs and a Frying Pan yard. Whence rose this name, and in what did its charm consist? Was the the shape of a frying pan suggested by any long, narrow passage that opened out into a wide court? If so, similar comparisons may have suggested the name Coffin alley, near Cow Cross street, and Brandyleg alley, near Fleet street.

The freedom used in naming small London streets and courts in the eighteenth centry arose partly from the fact that many of these names were unofficial in their origin and were not inscribed on the corner houses. Thus the inhabitants were free to call a street by the most expressive names that came to their lips. If this happened to be Dirty lane, then the street became Dirty lane to all the world. Ten streets bore this label in Dr. Johnson's day; now it is not tolerated. An equal candor must have inspired the residents of Breakneck alley in the Minories, Brimstone court and Crackbrain court near the Tower, and Jackanapes row in Cheapside. All these names are abolished, and with them many others of a merely eccentric character. There was once an Adam-a-digging yard in Westminster. Gone are Broomstick alley, Breeches yard, Kidney stairs, Tinder Box alley and Pie corner. The suppression of the last two names may be regretted. If Pie corner had to go from Smithfield, why have we retained Pudding lane in Eastcheap? Both names were worth keeping, for it was in Pudding lane that the great fire of London started, and it was at Pie corner that it ended.

BRUTAL PASTIMES RECALLED.

However, losses of this kind have been few. We still have various Bear lanes and Cockpit courts to recall two brutal recreations. Ducking Pond mews in Mayfair, just behind Piccadilly, commemorates a pond to which the proprietors of the Dog and Duck tavern used to admit Londoners and their dogs by two-penny tickets, the sport offered being the chasing of unfortunate ducks up and down a willow-shaded sheet of water.

Of all London's vanishing glory the Maypole in the Strand has been taken as the type since Bramston sang:

"What's not destroyed by Time's devouring hand?
Where's Troy and where's the Maypole in the Strand?"

Yet, to this day, behind the Strand, there is still a May-pole alley. This lane led straight to the May-pole of London's jocund springtimes. Unfortunately, it will disappear in the Strand-Holborn avenue.

The oddest of London's minor street names is Crooked Usage, found in Chelsea. This very old name probably arose at a time when the land was divided into allotments. These small holdings would be separated by strips of unturned grass, which were used in common by the tenants. These usages were, as a rule, straight; but it is suggested that one was crooked, and was known for this singularity as "the crooked usage," a name that descended to a street and is still preserved. As already stated, many homely designations linger. A Cutthroat lane still lends its terror to Camberwell. Double X place may be found in Bethnal Green. Halfpenny alley recalling an old "halfpenny hatch," or toll gate, survives in Bermondsey. Jacob's Well passage, Noah's Ark alley, Selah place, Zoar street, Adam and Eve lane and other Biblical names probably date from Puritan times. Among other queer survivals are Labor-in-Vain street in Shadwell, Periwinkle street in Ratcliff, Lily Pot lane in the city and Sea Witch lane in Greenwich.

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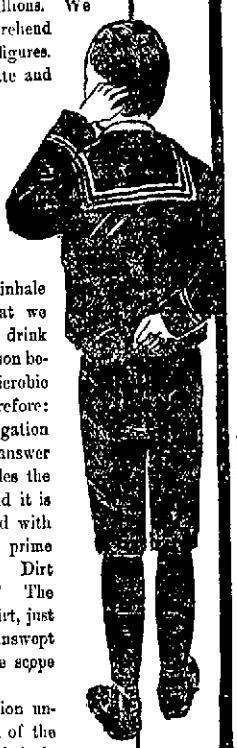

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Whether to live to a healthy old age, the mother of strong sons and fair daughters, or to go down to a premature grave after a life saddened by misery and barrenness, is the choice a woman may make for herself. Mrs. Matthews' statement shows how a suffering woman can clearly make the right choice with

WINE OF CARDUI

at hand to regulate the declining function and keep her in perfect health. If this important functional change finds a woman in poor health, serious circumstances invariably follow. The shock aggravates any existing disorder and old age is full of suffering. How many women fade quickly after prime because the change of life overtakes them in ill health? To a healthy woman the change need have no terrors. It is necessary to women wishing to enjoy old age, to take the Wine of Cardui treatment before it is too late, to eradicate every kind of "female diseases" from the system. You can secure a dollar bottle of Wine of Cardui from your druggist and take it in your own home.

Owenby, N. C., February 23, 1900.

I have used Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught for the change of life and find them a great help to me. I thank you for your medicine and the good it has done me. Mrs. M. S. OWENBY.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

THE TEXT OF IT IS VISIONS — A SERMON IN WHICH THE MINISTER DECLARES FAITH IN THEM.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 1.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage discusses a much talked-of subject and one in which all are interested. The text is Joel ii., 28: "I will pour out my spirit upon all flesh * * * * * your old men shall dream dreams, your young men shall see visions."

In this photograph of the Millennium the dream is lifted into great conspicuity. You may say of a dream that it is nocturnal fantasia, or that it is the absurd combination of waking thoughts, and with a slur of intonation you may say: "It is only a dream;" but God has honored the dream by making it the avenue through which again and again he has marched upon human soul, decided the fate of nations and changed the course of the world's history. God appeared in a dream to Abimelech, warning him against an unlawful marriage; in a dream to Jacob, announcing, by the ladder set against the sky full of angels, the communication between earth and heaven; in a dream to Joseph, foretelling his coming power under the figure of all the sheaves of the harvest bowing down to his sheaf; to the chief butler, foreteling his disimprisonment; to the chief baker, announcing his decapitation; to Pharaoh, showing him first the seven plenty years, and then the seven famine-stricken years, under the figure of the seven lean cows devouring the seven fat cows; to Solomon, giving him the choice between wisdom and riches and honor; to a warrior under the figure of a barley cake smiting down a tent, encouraging Gideon in his battle against the Midianites; to Nebuchadnezzar, under the figure of a broken image and a hewn-down tree; to Joseph, of the New Testament, announcing the birth of Christ in his own household; and again bidding him to fly from Herodic persecutions; to Pilate's wife, warning her not to become complicated with the judicial overthrow of Christ.

We will admit that God in ancient times and under Bible dispensation addressed the people through dreams. The question now is, does God appear in our day and reveal Himself through dreams.? That is the question everybody asks, and that question I will try to answer. You ask me if I believe in dreams. My answer is, I do, but all I have to say will be under five heads.

Remark the first: The Scriptures are so full of revelation from God that if we get no communication from Him in dreams we ought, nevertheless, to be satisfied.

FULL OF REVELATION.

With twenty guide books to tell you how to get toNewYork, or Pittsburg, or London, or Glasgow, or Manchester, do you want a night vision to tell you how to make the journey? We have in this Scripture full direction in regard to the journey of this life, and how to get to the Celestial City, and with this grand guide book, this magnificent directory, we ought to be satisfied. I have more faith in a decision to which I come when I am awake than when I am sound asleep. I have noticed that those who give a great deal of their time to studying dreams get their brains addled. They are very anxious to remember what they dreamed about the first night they slept in a new house. If in their dream they take the hand of a corpse they are going to die. If they dream of a garden, it means a sepulcher. If something turns out according to a night vision, they say, "Well, I am not surprised; I dreamed it." If it turns out different from the night vision, they say, "Well, dreams go by contraries." In their efforts to put their dreams into rhythm they put their waking thoughts into discord. Now, the Bible is so full of revelation that we ought to be satisfied if we get no further revelation.

Sound sleep received great honor when Adam slept so extraordinarily that the surgical incision which gave him Eve did not wake him, but there is no such need for extraordinary slumber now, and he who catches an Eve must needs be wide awake! No need of such a dream as Jacob had with a ladder against the sky, when 10,000 times it has been demonstrated that earth and heaven are in communication. No, such dreams needed as that which was given to Abimelech, warning him against an unlawful marriage, when we have the records of the county clerk's office. No need of such a dream as was given to Pharaoh about seven years of famine, for now the seasons march in regular procession and steamer and rail train carry breadstuffs to every famine-struck nation. No need of a dream like that which encouraged Gideon, for all through Christendom it is announced and acknowledged and demonstrated that righteousness, sooner of later, will get the victory.

If there should come about a crisis in your life upon which the Bible does not seem to be sufficiently specific, go to God in prayer and you will get especial direction. I have more faith, 99 times out of a hundred, in directions given you with the Bible in your lap and your thoughts uplifted in prayer to God, than in all the information you will get unconscious on your pillow.

WHY HARRY WITH DREAMS?

I can very easily understand why the Babylonians and the Egyptians, with no Bible, should put so much stress on dreams, and the Chinese in their holy book, "Chow King," should think their emperor gets his directions through dreams from God, and that Homer should think that all dreams came from Jove, and that in ancient times dreams were classified into a science. But why do you and I put so much stress upon dreams when we have a supernal book of infinite wisdom on all subjects? Why should Eddystone and Barnegat lighthouses question a summer firefly?

Remark the second: All dreams have an important meaning. They prove that the soul is comparatively independent of the body. The eyes are closed, the senses are dull, the entire body goes into a lethargy which in all languages is used as a type of death, and then the soul spreads its wings and never sleeps. It leaps the Atlantic ocean and mingles its scenes 3,000 miles away. It travels great reaches of time, flashes back eighty years, and the octogenarian is a boy again in his father's house. If the soul, before it has entirely broken its chain of flesh, can do all this, how far can it leap, what circles can it cut when it is fully liberated? Every dream, whether agreeable or harrassing, whether sunshiny or tempestuous, means so much that ring from your couch you ought to kneel down and say: "O God, am I immortal? Whence? Whither? Two natures. My soul caged now—what when the door of the cage is opened? If my soul can fly so far in the few hours in which my body is asleep in the night, how far can it fly when my body sleeps the long sleep of the grave?" Oh! this power to dream, how startling, how overwhelming! Immortal! immortal!

Remark the third: The vast majority of dreams are merely the result of disturbed physical condition and are not a supernatural message. Job had carbuncles and he was scared in the night. He says: "Thou scarest me with dreams, and terrifiest me with visions." Solomon had an overwrought brain, overwrought with public business, and he suffered fom erratic slumber, and he writes in Ecclesiastes: "A dream cometh through the multitude of business." Dr. Gregory, in experimenting with dreams, found that a bottle of hot water put to his feet while in slumber made him think he was going up the hot sides of Mt. Etna. Another morbid physician, experimenting with dreams, his feet uncovered through sleep, thought he was riding in an Alpine diligence. But a great many dreams are not merely narcotic disturbance. Anything that you see while under the influence of chloral or brandy or "hashesh" or laudanum is not a revelation from God.

The learned De Quincey did not ascribe to divine communication what he saw in sleep, opium-saturated, dreams which he afterward described in the following words:

"I was worshiped, I was sacrificed, I fled from the wrath of Brahma, through all the forests of Asia. Vishnu hated me. Sceva laid in wait for me. I came suddenly upon Isis and Osiris. I had done a deed, they said, that made the crocodiles tremble. I was buried for a thousand years in stone coffins, with mummies and sphinxes in narrow chambers at the heart of eternal pyramids. I was kissed with the cancerous kiss of crocodiles, and lay confounded with unutterable slimy things among wreathy and Nilotic mud."

NARCOTIC DISTURBANCES.

Do not mistake narcotic disturbances for divine revelation. But I have to tell you that the majority of the dreams are merely the penalty of outraged digestive organs, and you have no right to mistake the nightmare for heavenly revelation. Late suppers are a warrantee deed for bad dreams. Highly spiced salads at 11 o'clock at night, instead of opening the door heavenward, open the door infernal and diabolical. You outrage natural law, and you insult the God who made those laws.

It takes from three to five hours to digest food, and you have no right to keep your digestive organs in struggle when the rest of your body is in somnolence. The general rule is, eat nothing after 6 o'clock at night, retire at 10, sleep on your right side, keep the window open five inches for ventilation, and other worlds will not disturb you much. By physical maltreatment you take the ladder that Jacob saw in his dream, and you lower it to the nether world, allowing the ascent of the demoniacal. Dreams are midnight dyspepsia. An unregulated desire for something to eat ruined the race in Paradise, and an unregulated desire for something to eat keeps it ruined. The world during 6,000 years has tried in vain to digest that first apple. The world will not be evangelized until we get rid of a dyspeptic Christianity. Healthy people do not want this cadaverous and sleepy thing that some people call religion. They want a religion that lives regularly every day and sleeps soundly by night. If through trouble or coming on of old age or exhaustion of Christian service you cannot sleep well, then you may expect from God "songs in the night," but there are no blessed communications to those who willingly surrender to indigestibles. Napoleon's army at Leipsic, Dresden and Borodino came near being destroyed through the disturbed gastric juices of its commander. That is the way you have lost some of your battles.

Another remark I make is that our dreams are apt to be merely the echo of our daytime thoughts. I will give you a receipt for pleasant dreams. Fill your days with elevated thought and unselfish action, and your dreams will be set to music. If all day you are gouging and grasping and avaricious, in your dreams you will see gold that you cannot clutch and bargains in which you were out-Shylocked. If during the day you are irascible and pugnacious and gunpowdery of disposition, you will at night have battles with enemies in which they will get the best of you. If you are all day long in a hurry, at night you will dream of rail trains that you want to catch, while you cannot move one inch toward the depot. If you are always oversuspicious and expectant of assault, you will have at night hallucinations of assassins with daggers drawn. No one wonders that Richard III., the iniquitous, the night before the battle of Bosworth Field dreamed that all those whom he had murdered stared at him and that he was torn to pieces by demons from the pit. The scholar's dream is a philosophic echo. The poet's dream is a rhythmic echo. Coleridge composed his "Kubla Khan" asleep in a narcotic dream, and, waking up, wrote down 300 lines of it. Tartinia, the violin player, composed his most wonderful sonata while asleep in a dream so vivid that waking he easily transferred it to paper.

Waking thoughts have their echo in sleeping thoughts. If a man spend his life in trying to make others happy, and is heavenly minded, around his pillow he will see cripples who have got over their crutch, and processions of celestial imperials, and hear the grand march roll down from drums of heaven over jasper parapets. You are very apt to hear in dreams what you hear when you are wide awake.

Now, having shown you that having a Bible we ought to be satisfied not getting any further communication from God, and having shown you that all dreams have an important mission, since they show the comparative independence of the soul from the body, and having shown you that the majority of dreams are a result of disturbed physical condition, and having shown you that our sleeping thoughts are apt to be an echo of our waking thoughts, I come now to my fifth and most important remark, and that is to say that it is capable of proof that God does sometimes in our day, and has often since the close of the Bible dispensation, appeared to people in dreams.

All dreams that make you better are from God. How do I know it? Is not God the source of all good? It does not take a very logical mind to argue that out. Tertullian and Martin Luther believed in dreams. The dreams of John Huss are immortal. St. Augustine, the Christian father, gives us the fact that a Carthaginian physician was persuaded of the immortality of the soul by an argument which he heard in a dream. The night before his assassination the wife of Julius Caesar dreamed that her husband fell dead across her lap.

It is possible to prove that God does appear in dreams to warn, to convert and to save men. My friend, a retired sea captain, and a Christian, tells me that one night while on the sea he dreamed that a ship's crew were in great suffering. Waking from his dream he put about the ship, tacked in different directions, surprised everybody on his vessel—they thought he was going crazy—sailed on in another direction hour after hour, and for many hours, until he came to the perishing crew and rescued them, and brought them to New York. Who conducted that dream? The God of the sea.

In 1865 a vessel went from Spithead for the West Indies and ran on the ledge of rocks called the Caskets. The vessel went down, but the crew clambered up on the Caskets, to die of thirst or starvation as they supposed. But there was a ship bound for Southampton that had the captain's son on board. This lad twice in one night dreamed that there was a crew of sailors dying on the Caskets. He told his father of this dream. The vessel came down by the Caskets in time to find and to rescue those poor dying men. Who conducted that dream? The God of the rocks, the God of the sea.

Rev. Dr. Bushnell, in his marvelous book entitled "Nature and the Supernatural," gives the following fact that he got from Captain Yount, in California—a fact confirmed by many families: Captain Yount dreamed twice one night that 150 miles away there was a company of travelers fast in the snow. He also saw in the dream rocks of peculiar formation, and, telling his dream to an old hunter, the hunter said: "Why, I remember those rocks; those rocks are in the Carson Valley Pass, 150 miles away." Captain Yount, impelled by this dream, although laughed at by his neighbors, gathered men together, took mules and blankets and started out on the expedition, traveled 150 miles, saw those very rocks which he had described in his dream, and found the suffering ones at the foot of those rocks, brought them back to confirm the story of Captain Yount. Who conducted that dream? The God of the snow, the God of the Sierra Nevadas.

RESOURCE AND COMFORT.

God has often appeared in resource and comfort. You have known people—perhaps it is something I state in your own experience—you have seen people go to sleep with bereavements inconsolable, and they awakened in perfect resignation because of what they had seen in slumber. Dr. Cranage, one of the most remarkable men I ever met—remarkable for benevolence and great philanthropies—at Wellington, England, showed me a house where the Lord had appeared in a wonderful dream to a poor woman. This woman was rheumatic, sick, poor to the last point of destitution. She was waited on and cared for by another woman, her only attendant. Word came to her one day that this poor woman had deid, and the invalid of whom I am speaking lay helpless upon the couch, wondering what would become of her. In that mood she fell asleep. In her dreams she said the Angel of the Lord appeared, and took her into the open air and pointed in one direction, and there were mountains of bread, and pointed in another direction, and there were mountains of butter, and pointed in another direction, and there were mountains of all kinds of worldly supply. The Angel of the Lord said to her: "Woman, all these mountains belong to your father, and do you think He will let you, his child, hunger and die?" Dr. Cranage told me by some divine impulse he went into that destitute home, saw the suffering there, and administered unto it, caring for her all the way through. Do you tell me that that dream was woven out of earthly anodynes? Was that the phantasmagoria of a diseased brain? No; it was an all-sympathetic God addressing a poor woman through a dream.

Furthermore, I have to say that there are people who were converted to God through a dream. Rev. John Newton, the fame of whose piety fills all Christendom, while a profligate sailor on shipboard, in his dream thought that a being approached him and gave him a very beautiful ring, and put it upon his finger, and said to him: "As long as you wear that ring you will be prospered; if you lose that ring you will be ruined." In the same dream another personage appeared, and by a strange infatuation persuaded John Newton to throw overboard that ring, and it sank into the sea. Then the mountains in sight were full of fire and the air was lurid with consuming wrath. While John Newton was repenting of his folly in having thrown overboard the treasure, another personage came through the dream and told John Newton he would plunge into the sea and bring that ring up if he desired it. He plunged into the sea and brought it up, and said to John Newton, "Here is that gem, but I think I will keep it for you, lest you lose it again;" and John Newton consented, and all the fire went out from the mountains, and all the signs of lurid wrath disappeared from the air, and John Newton said that he saw in his dream that that valuable gem was his soul, and that the being who persuaded him to throw it overboard was Satan, and that the one who plunged in and restored that gem, keeping it for him, was Christ. And that dream makes one of the most wonderful chapters in the life of that most wonderful man.

A German was crossing the Atlantic ocean, and in his dream he saw a man with a handful of white flowers, and he was told to follow the man who had that handful of white flowers. The German, arriving in New York, wandered into the Fulton street prayer meeting, and Mr. Lamphier—the great apostle of prayer meetings—that day had given to him a bunch of tuberoses. They stood on his desk, and at the close of the religious services he took the tuberoses and started homeward, and the German followed him, and through an interpreter told Mr. Lamphier that on the sea he had dreamed of a man with a handful of white flowers and was told to follow him. Suffice to say that through that interview and following interviews he became a Christian and is a city missionary preaching the gospel to his own countrymen. God in a dream!

John Hardonk, while on ship board, dreamed one night that the day of judgment had come, and that the roll of the ship's crew was called, except his own name, and that these people, this crew, were all banished, and in his dream he asked the reader why his own name was omitted, and he was told it was to give him more opportunity for repentance. He woke up a different man. He became illustrious for Christian attainment. If you do not believe these things then you must discard all testimony and refuse to accept any kind of authoritative witness. God in a dream!

WORLD SHALL BLAZE.

Rev. Herbert Mendes was converted to God through a dream of the last judgment and many of us have had some dream of that great day of judgment which shall be the winding up of the world's history. If you have not dreamed of it, perhaps tonight you may dream of that day. There are enough materials to make a dream. Enough voices, for there shall be the roaring of the elements and the great earthquake. Enough light for the dream, for the world shall blaze. Enough excitement, for the mountains shall fall. Enough water, for the ocean shall rear. Enough astronomical phenomena, for the stars shall go out. Enough populations, for all the races of all the ages will fall into line of one of two processions, the one ascending, the other descending, the one led on by the rider on the white horse of eternal victory, the other led on by Apollyon on the black charger of eternal defeat. The dream comes on me now and I see the lightnings from above answering the volcanic disturbances from beneath, and I hear the long reverberating thunders that shall wake up the dead, and all the seas lifting up their crystal voices, cry: "Come to judgment!" and all the voices of the heaven cry: "Come to judgment!" and crumbling mausoleum and Westminster abbeys and pyramids of the dead with marble voices cry: "Come to judgment!" And the archangel seizes an instrument of music which has never yet been sounded, an instrument of music that was made only for one sound, and thrusting that mighty trumpet through the clouds, and turning it this way, he shall put it to his lip and blow the long, loud blast that shall make the solid earth quiver, crying: "Come to judgment!"

Then from this earthly grossness quit,
Attired in stars, we shall forever sit.

GENERATE THEIR OWN FIRE.

The fact has recently been discovered that forest trees not infrequently generate the fires by which they are destroyed. The banks of the River Cam, in Cambridgeshire, England, have recently exhibited an unusual number of such cases, and young growing willows have been the victims in nearly every case. Cambride used to pride itself upon its beautiful willows, and it was, therefore, with sorrow that the people discovered one morning the charred remains of what had once been a really beautiful specimen of the willow tree.

The fate of the tree naturally attracted attention to the phenomenon and thereafter, but too much opportunity was afforded for the study of it. At one point in the river in particular the process was seen. Green trees covered with rich masses of foliage suddenly burst forth into conflagration and burned to their very cores. Fine willows in full vigor poured forth clouds of smoke from their half-burned stems.

An examination of the charred remains of the trees revealed nothing in the way of explanation, but as the trees which met their fates were for the most part young there could hardly have been any putrescence or fermentation.

Just why the willows should meet such sudden ends is not apparent, but the peculiar formation of the tree, its pliant boughs and the drooping of its leaves and flowers may have had something to with it.

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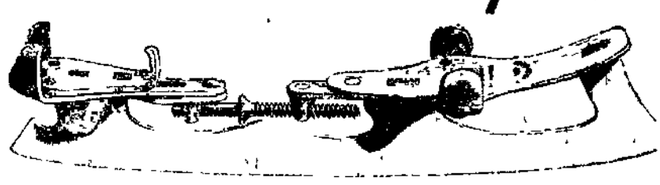
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DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

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Washington, D. C., Dec. 1.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage discusses a much talked-of subject and one in which all are interested. The text is Joel ii., 28: "I will pour out my spirit upon all flesh * * * * * your old men shall dream dreams, your young men shall see visions."

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With twenty guide books to tell you how to get toNewYork, or Pittsburg, or London, or Glasgow, or Manchester, do you want a night vision to tell you how to make the journey? We have in this Scripture full direction in regard to the journey of this life, and how to get to the Celestial City, and with this grand guide book, this magnificent directory, we ought to be satisfied. I have more faith in a decision to which I come when I am awake than when I am sound asleep. I have noticed that those who give a great deal of their time to studying dreams get their brains addled. They are very anxious to remember what they dreamed about the first night they slept in a new house. If in their dream they take the hand of a corpse they are going to die. If they dream of a garden, it means a sepulcher. If something turns out according to a night vision, they say, "Well, I am not surprised; I dreamed it." If it turns out different from the night vision, they say, "Well, dreams go by contraries." In their efforts to put their dreams into rhythm they put their waking thoughts into discord. Now, the Bible is so full of revelation that we ought to be satisfied if we get no further revelation.

Sound sleep received great honor when Adam slept so extraordinarily that the surgical incision which gave him Eve did not wake him, but there is no such need for extraordinary slumber now, and he who catches an Eve must needs be wide awake! No need of such a dream as Jacob had with a ladder against the sky, when 10,000 times it has been demonstrated that earth and heaven are in communication. No, such dreams needed as that which was given to Abimelech, warning him against an unlawful marriage, when we have the records of the county clerk's office. No need of such a dream as was given to Pharaoh about seven years of famine, for now the seasons march in regular procession and steamer and rail train carry breadstuffs to every famine-struck nation. No need of a dream like that which encouraged Gideon, for all through Christendom it is announced and acknowledged and demonstrated that righteousness, sooner of later, will get the victory.

If there should come about a crisis in your life upon which the Bible does not seem to be sufficiently specific, go to God in prayer and you will get especial direction. I have more faith, 99 times out of a hundred, in directions given you with the Bible in your lap and your thoughts uplifted in prayer to God, than in all the information you will get unconscious on your pillow.

WHY HARRY WITH DREAMS?

I can very easily understand why the Babylonians and the Egyptians, with no Bible, should put so much stress on dreams, and the Chinese in their holy book, "Chow King," should think their emperor gets his directions through dreams from God, and that Homer should think that all dreams came from Jove, and that in ancient times dreams were classified into a science. But why do you and I put so much stress upon dreams when we have a supernal book of infinite wisdom on all subjects? Why should Eddystone and Barnegat lighthouses question a summer firefly?

Remark the second: All dreams have an important meaning. They prove that the soul is comparatively independent of the body. The eyes are closed, the senses are dull, the entire body goes into a lethargy which in all languages is used as a type of death, and then the soul spreads its wings and never sleeps. It leaps the Atlantic ocean and mingles its scenes 3,000 miles away. It travels great reaches of time, flashes back eighty years, and the octogenarian is a boy again in his father's house. If the soul, before it has entirely broken its chain of flesh, can do all this, how far can it leap, what circles can it cut when it is fully liberated? Every dream, whether agreeable or harrassing, whether sunshiny or tempestuous, means so much that ring from your couch you ought to kneel down and say: "O God, am I immortal? Whence? Whither? Two natures. My soul caged now—what when the door of the cage is opened? If my soul can fly so far in the few hours in which my body is asleep in the night, how far can it fly when my body sleeps the long sleep of the grave?" Oh! this power to dream, how startling, how overwhelming! Immortal! immortal!

Remark the third: The vast majority of dreams are merely the result of disturbed physical condition and are not a supernatural message. Job had carbuncles and he was scared in the night. He says: "Thou scarest me with dreams, and terrifiest me with visions." Solomon had an overwrought brain, overwrought with public business, and he suffered fom erratic slumber, and he writes in Ecclesiastes: "A dream cometh through the multitude of business." Dr. Gregory, in experimenting with dreams, found that a bottle of hot water put to his feet while in slumber made him think he was going up the hot sides of Mt. Etna. Another morbid physician, experimenting with dreams, his feet uncovered through sleep, thought he was riding in an Alpine diligence. But a great many dreams are not merely narcotic disturbance. Anything that you see while under the influence of chloral or brandy or "hashesh" or laudanum is not a revelation from God.

The learned De Quincey did not ascribe to divine communication what he saw in sleep, opium-saturated, dreams which he afterward described in the following words:

"I was worshiped, I was sacrificed, I fled from the wrath of Brahma, through all the forests of Asia. Vishnu hated me. Sceva laid in wait for me. I came suddenly upon Isis and Osiris. I had done a deed, they said, that made the crocodiles tremble. I was buried for a thousand years in stone coffins, with mummies and sphinxes in narrow chambers at the heart of eternal pyramids. I was kissed with the cancerous kiss of crocodiles, and lay confounded with unutterable slimy things among wreathy and Nilotic mud."

NARCOTIC DISTURBANCES.

Do not mistake narcotic disturbances for divine revelation. But I have to tell you that the majority of the dreams are merely the penalty of outraged digestive organs, and you have no right to mistake the nightmare for heavenly revelation. Late suppers are a warrantee dred for bad dreams. Highly spiced salads at 11 o'clock at night, instead of opening the door heavenward, open the door infernal and diabolical. You outrage natural law, and you insult the God who made those laws.

It takes from three to five hours to digest food, and you have no right to keep your digestive organs in struggle when the rest of your body is in somnolence. The general rule is, eat nothing after 6 o'clock at night, retire at 10, sleep on your right side, keep the window open five inches for ventilation, and other worlds will not disturb you much. By physical maltreatment you take the ladder that Jacob saw in his dream, and you lower it to the nether world, allowing the ascent of the demoniacal. Dreams are midnight dyspepsia. An unregulated desire for something to eat ruined the race in Paradise, and an unregulated desire for something to eat keeps it ruined. The world during 6,000 years has tried in vain to digest that first apple. The world will not be evangelized until we got rid of a dyspeptic Christianity. Healthy people do not want this cadaverous and sleepy thing that some people call religion. They want a religion that lives regularly every day and sleeps soundly by night. If through trouble or coming on of old age or exhaustion of Christian service you cannot sleep well, then you may expect from God "songs in the night," but there are no blessed communications to those who willingly surrender to indigestibles. Napoleon's army at Leipsic, Dresden and Borodino came near being destroyed through the disturbed gastric juices of its commander. That is the way you have lost some of your battles.

Another remark I make is that our dreams are apt to be merely the echo of our daytime thoughts. I will give you a receipt for pleasant dreams. Fill your days with elevated thought and unselfish action, and your dreams will be set to music. If all day you are gouging and grasping and avaricious, in your dreams you will see gold that you cannot clutch and bargains in which you were out-Shylocked. If during the day you are irascible and pugnacious and gunpowdery of disposition, you will at night have battles with enemies in which they will get the best of you. If you are all day long in a hurry, at night you will dream of rail trains that you want to catch, while you cannot move one inch toward the depot. If you are always oversuspicious and expectant of assault, you will have at night hallucinations of assassins with daggers drawn. No one wonders that Richard III., the iniquitous, the night before the battle of Bosworth Field dreamed that all those whom he had murdered stared at him and that he was torn to pieces by demons from the pit. The scholar's dream is a philosophic echo. The poet's dream is a rhythmic echo. Coleridge composed his "Kubla Khan" asleep in a narcotic dream, and, waking up, wrote down 300 lines of it. Tartinia, the violin player, composed his most wonderful sonata while asleep in a dream so vivid that waking he easily transferred it to paper.

Waking thoughts have their echo in sleeping thoughts. If a man spend his life in trying to make others happy, and is heavenly minded, around his pillow he will see cripples who have got over their crutch, and processions of celestial imperials, and hear the grand march roll down from drums of heaven over jesper parapets. You are very apt to hear in dreams what you hear when you are wide awake.

Now, having shown you that having a Bible we ought to be satisfied not getting any further communication from God, and having shown you that all dreams have an important mission, since they show the comparative independence of the soul from the body, and having shown you that the majority of dreams are a result of disturbed physical condition, and having shown you that our sleeping thoughts are apt to be an echo of our waking thoughts, I come now to my fifth and most important remark, and that is to say that it is capable of proof that God does sometimes in our day, and has often since the close of the Bible dispensation, appeared to people in dreams.

All dreams that make you better are from God. How do I know it? Is not God the source of all good? It does not take a very logical mind to argue that out. Tertullian and Martin Luther believed in dreams. The dreams of John Huss are immortal. St. Augustine, the Christian father, gives us the fact that a Carthinginian physician was persuaded of the immortality of the soul by an argument which he heard in a dream. The night before his assassination the wife of Julius Caesar dreamed that her husband fell dead across her lap.

It is possible to prove that God does appear in dreams to warn, to convert and to save men. My friend, a retired sea captain, and a Christian, tells me that one night while on the sea he dreamed that a ship's crew were in great suffering. Waking from his dream he put about the ship, tacked in different directions, surprised everybody on his vessel—they thought he was going crazy—sailed on in another direction hour after hour, and for many hours, until he came to the perishing crew and rescued them, and brought them to New York. Who conducted that dream? The God of the sea.

In 1865 a vessel went from Spithead for the West Indies and ran on the ledge of rocks called the Gaskets. The vessel went down, but the crew clambered up on the Gaskets, to die of thirst or starvation as they supposed. But there was a ship bound for Southampton that had the captain's son on board. This lad twice in one night dreamed that there was a crew of sailors dying on the Caskets. He told his father of this dream. The vessel came down by the Caskets in time to find and to rescue those poor dying men. Who conducted that dream? The God of the rocks, the God of the sea.

Rev. Dr. Bushnell, in his marvelous book entitled "Nature and the Supernatural," gives the following fact that he got from Captain Yount, in California—a fact confirmed by many families: Captain Yount dreamed twice one night that 150 miles away there was a company of travelers fast in the snow. He also saw in the dream rocks of peculiar formation, and, telling his dream to an old hunter, the hunter said: "Why, I remember those rocks; those rocks are in the Carson Valley Pass, 150 miles away." Captain Yount, impelled by this dream, although laughed at by his neighbors, gathered men together, took mules and blankets and started out on the expedition, traveled 150 miles, saw these very rocks which he had described in his dream, and found the suffering ones at the foot of those rocks, brought them back to confirm the story of Captain Yount. Who conducted that dream? The God of the snow, the God of the Sierra Nevadas.

RESOURCE AND COMFORT.

God has often appeared in resource and comfort. You have known people—perhaps it is something I state in your own experience—you have seen people go to sleep with bereavements inconsolable, and they awakened in perfect resignation because of what they had seen in slumber. Dr. Cranage, one of the most remarkable men I ever met—remarkable for benevolence and great philanthropies—at Wellington, England, showed me a house where the Lord had appeared in a wonderful dream to a poor woman. This woman was rheumatic, sick, poor to the last point of destitution. She was waited on and cared for by another woman, her only attendant. Word came to her one day that this poor woman had died, and the invalid of whom I am speaking lay helpless upon the couch, wondering what would become of her. In that mood she fell asleep. In her dreams she said the Angel of the Lord appeared, and took her into the open air and pointed in one direction, and there were mountains of bread, and pointed in another direction, and there were mountains of butter, and pointed in another direction, and there were mountains of all kinds of worldly supply. The Angel of the Lord said to her: "Woman, all these mountains belong to your father, and do you think He will let you, his child, hunger and die?" Dr. Cranage told me by some divine impulse he went into that destitute home, saw the suffering there, and administered unto it, caring for her all the way through. Do you tell me that that dream was woven out of earthly anodynes? Was that the phantasmagoria of a diseased brain? No; it was an all-sympathetic God addressing a poor woman through a dream.

Furthermore, I have to say that there are people who were converted to God through a dream. Rev. John Newton, the fame of whose piety fills all Christendom, while a profligate sailor on shipboard, in his dream thought that a being approached him and gave him a very beautiful ring, and put it upon his finger, and said to him: "As long as you wear that ring you will be prosperd; if you lose that ring you will be ruined." In the same dream another personage appeared, and by a strange infatuation persuaded John Newton to throw overboard that ring, and it sank into the sea. Then the mountains in sight were full of fire and the air was lurid with consuming wrath. While John Newton was repenting of his folly in having thrown overboard the treasure, another personage came through the dream and told John Newton he would plunge into the sea and bring that ring up if he desired it. He plunged into the sea and brought it up, and said to John Newton, "Here is that gem, but I think I will keep it for you, lest you lose it again;" and John Newton consented, and all the fire went out from the mountains, and all the signs of lurid wrath disappeared from the air, and John Newton said that he saw in his dream that that valuable gem was his soul, and that the being who persuaded him to throw it overboard was Satan, and that the one who plunged in and restored that gem, keeping it for him, was Christ. And that dream makes one of the most wonderful chapters in the life of that most wonderful man.

A German was crossing the Atlantic ocean, and in his dream he saw a man with a handful of white flowers, and he was told to follow the man who had that handful of white flowers. The German, arriving in New York, wandered into the Fulton street prayer meeting, and Mr. Lamphier—the great apostle of prayer meetings—that day had given to him a bunch of tuberoses. They stood on his desk, and at the close of the religious services he took the tuberoses and started homeward, and the German followed him, and through an interpreter told Mr. Lamphier that on the sea he had dreamed of a man with a handful of white flowers and was told to follow him. Suffice to say that through that interview and following interviews he became a Christian and is a city missionary preaching the gospel to his own countrymen. God in a dream!

John Hardonk, while on ship board, dreamed one night that the day of judgment had come, and that the roll of the ship's crew was called, except his own name, and that these people, this crew, were all banished, and in his dream he asked the reader why his own name was omitted, and he was told it was to give him more opportunity for repentance. He woke up a different man. He became illustrious for Christian attainment. If you do not believe these things then you must discard all testimony and refuse to accept any kind of authoritative witness. God in a dream!

WORLD SHALL BLAZE.

Rev. Herbert Mandes was converted to God through a dream of the last judgment and many of us have had some dream of that great day of judgment which shall be the winding up of the world's history. If you have not dreamed of it, perhaps tonight you may dream of that day. There are enough materials to make a dream. Enough voices, for there shall be the roaring of the elements and the great earthquake. Enough light for the dream, for the world shall blaze. Enough excitement, for the mountains shall fall. Enough water, for the ocean shall rear. Enough astronomical phenomena, for the stars shall go out. Enough populations, for all the races of all the ages will fall into line of one of two processions, the one ascending, the other descending, the one led on by the rider on the white horse of eternal victory, the other led on by Apollyon on the black charger of eternal defeat. The dream comes on me now and I see the lightnings from above answering the volcanic disturbances from beneath, and I hear the long reverberating thunders that shall wake up the dead, and all the seas lifting up their crystal voices, cry: "Come to judgment!" and all the voices of the heaven cry: "Come to judgment!" and crumbling mausoleum and Westminster abbeys and pyramids of the dead with marble voices cry: "Come to judgment!" And the archangel seizes an instrument of music which has never yet been sounded, an instrument of music that was made only for one sound, and thrusting that mighty trumpet through the clouds, and turning it this way, he shall put it to his lip and blow the long, loud blast that shall make the solid earth quiver, crying: "Come to judgment!"

Then from this earthly grossness quit,
Attired in stars, we shall forever sit.

GENERATE THEIR OWN FIRE.

The fact has recently been discovered that forest trees not infrequently generate the fires by which they are destroyed. The banks of the River Cam, in Cambridgeshire, England, have recently exhibited an unusual number of such cases, and young growing willows have been the victims in nearly every case. Cambride used to pride itself upon its beautiful willows, and it was, therefore, with sorrow that the people discovered one morning the charred remains of what had once been a really beautiful specimen of the willow tree.

The fate of the tree naturally attracted attention to the phenomenon and thereafter, but too much opportunity was afforded for the study of it. At one point in the river in particular the process was seen. Green trees covered with rich masses of foliage suddenly burst forth into conflagration and burned to their very cores. Fine willows in full vigor poured forth clouds of smoke from their half-burned stems.

An examination of the charred remains of the trees revealed nothing in the way of explanation, but as the trees which met their fates were for the most part young there could hardly have been any putrescence or fermentation.

Just why the willows should meet such sudden ends is not apparent, but the peculiar formation of the tree, its pliant boughs and the drooping of its leaves and flowers may have had something to with it.

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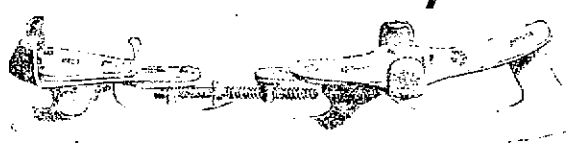

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UNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

ECESSITY FOR MIRACLES AND THEIR REALITY—PUNISHMENT OF PHARAOH AND RELEASE OF ISRAELITES.

Lindsay Withrow, D. D., Park et Church, Boston, in the Chi- Record.)

son for Sunday, Dec. 8, 1901.

:—"Moses and Pharaoh."

:—Exodus xi., 1-10.

this lesson we are brought to ully the Old Testament record racles. Are they credible?

one of our church organs edi- : "Within recent years the city of much of the Old Tes- has been questioned by some an teachers, and in propor- as doubt of the historical accu- of these records has grown be- the miracles they chronicle aded.

any preacher of the gospel nged now if he calls the story sun and moon standing still a and of Jonah in the belly of sh a parable? Here and there nfesses that he is positive no miracle except the resur- of Christ.

nd it is even a question whether candidate for the ministry refuse to avow a belief that ody of Jesus came forth from rave alive he would be refused tion.

me scholars frankly say that es are a hindrance rather than to their faith."

acles have been a subject of for a long time. It is not ble to hear so much from rs of our time calling them in on, as though our modern rs had made some recondite ery, which justifies them in rid of miracles. But let us hat evidence—not what notion, hat evidence—is there that n and moon did not stand still? could make the solar system uld stop it just as easily, and art it again without disturbing estial equilibrium.

entire issue of the credibility acles rests upon the question —His nature and power. Back unbelief that this, that or the miracle actually occurred lies uestion, Could it have happen- and the skeptical disbelief that ould have occurred is born of ought that it could not have ed.

E CALLED INCREDIBLE.

when the story of Daniel in n's den or of the three young in the seven times heated is under discussion they are ide as incredible because such could not have occurred.

it the story of fire falling on altar and offering on Car- rejected as incredible it is it could not have been. The a did not part and pile up in giving a passage for the Is- to go over dry shod because not have done so. The story ah is rejected as a story "very rdinary in itself," although esus Christ said of Jonah ew xii., 39-41 and Luke xi., is compatible with the opin- the Book of Jonah is a rec- eal fact."

the author of that last remark with this. "The only ques- Are they Christ's remarks, mpatible with the opinion e Book of Jonah is a para- and what is this but saying spoke of Jonah in the fish act, but cannot we coerce the into a mere parable story? oes not seem trustful to scrip- all, much as it has become od in some quarters.

e asserting that an affirma- the Bible is false let those so furnish us with facts to its untruth. And now have before us Moses and there are miracles many ich we have to do.

esson piece might well be said Exodus, chapters iv.-xi., be- ll through that piece of scrip- is Moses and Pharaoh and that fill the field of view. two individually we observe st. He is 80 years old. The y years of his life were spent palace, looked upon as "the Pharaoh's daughter." For- the king's court he fled afar dian, on the north, and there shepherd of the flocks of his n-law, Jethro. Forty years t there on "the back side of lderness," and doubtless dis- his soul greatly by com- with God.

e age of 80 he heard the call (Exodus iii.-x.): "Come I will send thee unto Phar- thou may bring forth My srael." There were three s whose reign touched the e of Israel in Egypt. Pha- I., reigned when Joseph xalted. His successor was II., at whose court Moses ated and grew up, and Ram- was succeeded by Maneptah, hom the exodus occurred.

ARACTER OF PHARAOH.

g to the attitude of these two es, we see the timid atti- fences and the defiant temper h. Moses feared his coun- trymen (iii., 11-13) had become so conformed to the heathen religion of Egypt that they would not know what Moses meant by "the God of your fathers."

At that time the Almighty armed him with a new name and further urged him to go forward. But Moses was not a man of natural courage, and so his spirits quailed at thought of encouraging his countrymen and the king. "My countrymen will say (iv., 1) the Lord hath not appeared unto thee."

Then the Lord gave him a wonder working rod and a miraculous attack, followed by a miraculous cure of leprosy. Armed thus, one would expect Moses to advance to any adventure, but he still shrank and sought release from meeting Meneptah. And so Moses (iv., 10) "said unto the Lord, O my Lord, I am not eloquent neither heretofore nor since Thou hast spoken unto Thy servant, but I am slow of speech and of a slow tongue."

Urging him to the undertaking, the Lord said: "I will be with thy mouth and teach thee what thou shalt say." Certainly such pressure upon him and promises to him should have dissipated his dread, and nerved his determination to do the best he could. But instead of that we hear him (iv., 13) say: "Oh, my Lord, send, I pray thee by the hand of whom Thou wilt send." By anybody but me. Let me off at all events.

At that "the anger of the Lord was kindled against Moses," and it is only what we should expect. Nor do we imagine it difficult when it is not Moses but some one of us who shrink from meeting a clear call of duty.

The Lord does not dispatch us to a duty without the promise (Exodus ii., 12), "Certainly I will be with the," and "I will be with thy mouth and teach thee what to say." Then, having assured us thus, He expects a prompt obedience. Then the reward of such obedience is generally as great as that which resulted (Exodus iv., 20-31) when Moses and Aaron repeated the Lord's message to the people: "The people believed" and "they bowed their heads and worshiped."

HEBREWS' REQUEST DENIED.

Encouraged by this success (Exodus v., 1), Moses and Aaron sought an audience with Pharaoh and informed him the God of the Hebrews desired him to let the bondmen go "three days' journey into the wilderness and sacrifice." But instead of granting the slaves that respite from their heavy tasks and an opportunity to worship, Pharaoh mocked at mention of the Lord, asking: "Who is the Lord, that I should hearken unto His voice and let the people go?" "Get you unto your burdens." And right away he issued a decree which doubled the oppressive weight of Egypt's yoke.

A very scornful sovereign was this Pharaoh. He felt fearless of anything the God of the Hebrews could do. So heavily did a new decree press upon the people that they (Exodus v., 20-21) complained of Moses and Aaron as having provoked the king, rather than placated him. Depressed and distressed, Moses "returned unto the Lord and said: 'Lord, wherefore, hast thou evil entreated this people; for since I came to Pharaoh to speak in Thy name he hath evil entreated this people, neither hast Thou delivered Thy people." How natural in us, as in the men of that day, to be in haste to have God hurry up His promised good things. With wondrous forbearance the Lord gave Moses (Exodus vi., 1-13) a renewed assurance that the emancipation He had promised would certainly be effected, and He would bring Israel out of Egypt with a mighty hand and signs of wonders.

Of this release and of their return to the land of Canaan the record begins in chapter vii., in which we have the first of a series of miracles. Having Paraoh still before us, it is to be noticed that again and again in the course of this record it is said: "I will harden Pharaoh's heart." Several instances occur where Pharaoh is said to harden his own heart. But the chiefest interest has always been in the other assertion: "I will harden Pharaoh's heart."

Is that worthy of the God of the Hebrews, the God of heaven, and our God? Is it not revolting to any person of ethical sense that God should harden a heart and then show His power in the destruction of the one whose heart He hardened? It all depends upon the method by which the hardening was accomplished. Let us see it in a relation very readily appreciated. Suppose a parent shall request a child to do a definite thing. The child refuses and repeats the refusal with disdain ("Who is my father or my mother that I should obey them?") and still the request is repeated. Does not each renewal, accompanied by a refusal, harden the heart of the child? It cannot be otherwise.

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ODD RULES OF PARLIAMENT.

There are some exceedingly odd rules that apply to members of the British parliament—rules that seem to have been suggested by some humorist of the time in the dim and almost forgotten past when they were adopted. Only the most daring of the members ever dare to violate the code of laws, written or unwritten, that have been in vogue for a century or more. Probably the most singular rule of all is that which prohibits a member of the house of commons from raising both his feet from the floor at the same time. He can wave one foot wildly in the air if he wants to, but the other must rest upon the floor. This rule, however, does not apply to members who sit on the front benches. For some unexplained reason they are allowed the privilege of doing what they like with their feet.

Keir Hardy, the "labor" member of parliament, is said to be the only man who ever entered the precincts of the parliament house wearing a cap. Many of the conservative members expected to see the towers of the great building fall upon the daring radical and crush him when he made his appearance with a cap on his head. Although the towers stood the shock no once since has dared to run a like risk of annihilation.

FOR SHATTERED NERVES.

A remedy that will soothe, build up the wasted tissues and enrich the blood is indispensible. Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound has been wonderfully successful in cases of nervousness, as thousands of grateful people will testify. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

For the Children.

JACK THE GIANT KILLER ...AND HIS BABY GIANT

Copyright, 1900, by Caroline Wetherell.

1 Little Jack the Giant Killer
Caught the giant named Ah Grim
When Ah Grim was young and smaller
And at once adopted him,

2 Brought him up upon the bottle,
Made for him a mammoth crib,
Pushed him in a baby carriage,
Made him always wear a bib.

3 Ah soon grew ten inches daily.
And when Jack would hide from view
Ah would cry: "I've lost my papa!
And I don't know what to do!"

4 Toys for Grim were quite expensive,
And he broke them up so soon
Jack was soon a hopeless bankrupt—
Scarcely dared to eat at noon.

Clever Insects.

Such should be the title of these lines, for whoever observes these interesting insects finds it easy enough to foretell exactly the kind of weather to be expected. At least that is the opinion of many raisers of bees. Generally the bee stays at home when rain is in the air. When the sky is simply dark and cloudy, these busy workers do not leave their dwelling all at once. A few go out first, as though the queen had sent out messengers to study the state of the atmosphere. The greater number remain on observation until the clouds begin to dissipate, and it is only then that the battalions entire rush out in search of their nectar. A bee never goes out in a fog, because it is well aware that dampness and cold are two fearsome, redoubtable enemies. We do not mean, however, that the bee is a meteorologist in the absolute sense of the word. Its cleverness consists in never being taken unawares, for it possesses untiring vigilance. Often one may observe the sudden entrance of bees into the hive when a dense cloud hides the sun and even though the rain is not in evi-

Dogs and Leopards.

It seems that the leopard looks upon dog flesh as a tidbit. Therefore it is with special pleasure that it knows of the presence of a dog within its native haunts.

Dr. Pruen, who wrote "The Arab and the African," owned two fine mastiffs. One night these were chained up in the veranda of his house. By and by a keen nosed, sharp eyed leopard came upon them unawares. He was a bit taken aback at their size. He was still more surprised when one dog got him by the head and the other by the tail and stretched him quite still, and the foolish dogs simply fixed him there, doing nothing but growling. Before the servants had time to come up with their guns the leopard contrived to escape the mastiffs' watchfulness—they could not have kept close watch—and vanished unharmed.

A Bad Sign.

"I say, Jessie, do you understand French?"

"A little. Do you?"

"Oh, yes. I understand it very well, because when pa and ma talk French I know I'm going to have

Nervous Strain

REACTS UPON THE LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

Nearly everyone of us is much of the time under tremendous nervous strain. This means a using up of brain and nerve tissues, the waste from which must be carried off through the blood and eliminated through the liver, kidneys and bowels. At times the conditions under which we live make it impossible for nature to do this rapidly and thoroughly enough without help. It is just this help which Alma-Bromo Salt gives It acts on the liver, kidneys and bowels in a gentle way, removing thoroughly all impurities and gives a tone to the whole system which cannot be had from drugs and medicines.

If you write to the Michigan Drug Co., Detroit, Mich., who are the general distributors of this natural product of the famous Alma-Bromo Spring at Alma, Mich., they will send you free, prepaid, enough of the Salt to give it a good trial, or you can obtain a full-size bottle from your druggist.

Write today for Free Sample.

ALMA-BROMO TRADE MARK FOR CONSTIPATION EFFERVESCENT SALT

For sale by druggists generally. A Free Sample Bottle will be sent you on addressing THE MICHIGAN DRUG CO., DETROIT, MICH., who are the general distributors of this natural product.

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$1.00 Per Day Upward.

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From the Fall River Boats take the 9th Ave. Elevated to 59th Street, from which Hotel is one minute's walk.

Within ten minutes of amusement and shopping centres. All cars pass the Empire.

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W. JOHNSON QUINN, Prop.

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Parrots.

That talk, and some that are willing to learn, with our guarantee, from $5.00 up.

Dogs.

We have in all varieties Fox and Bull Terriers, Spaniels and Newfoundland pups.

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Short and Soft Finger Dip

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FOX TYPEWRITER CO.,
Grand Rapids, Mich.
Dealers Wanted.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

NECESSITY FOR MIRACLES AND THEIR REALITY—PUNISHMENT OF PHARAOH AND RELEASE OF ISRAELITES.

(John Lindsay Withrow, D. D., Park Street Church, Boston, in the Chicago Record.)

Lesson for Sunday, Dec. 8, 1901.

Topic—"Moses and Pharaoh."

Text—Exodus xi., 1-10.

In this lesson we are brought to face fully the Old Testament record of miracles. Are they credible?

Says one of our church organs editorially: "Within recent years the historicity of much of the Old Testament has been questioned by some Christian teachers, and in proportion as doubt of the historical accuracy of these records has grown belief in the miracles they chronicle has faded.

"Is any preacher of the gospel challenged now if he calls the story of the sun and moon standing still a myth and of Jonah in the belly of the fish a parable? Here and there one confesses that he is positive about no miracle except the resurrection of Christ.

"And it is even a question whether if a candidate for the ministry should refuse to avow a belief that the body of Jesus came forth from the grave alive he would be refused ordination.

"Some scholars frankly say that miracles are a hindrance rather than a help to their faith."

Miracles have been a subject of dispute for a long time. It is not profitable to hear so much from scholars of our time calling them in question, as though our modern scholars had made some recondite discovery, which justifies them in getting rid of miracles. But let us saw what evidence—not what notion, but what evidence—is there that the sun and moon did not stand still? If we could make the solar system we could stop it just as easily, and also start it again without disturbing the celestial equilibrium.

The entire issue of the credibility of miracles rests upon the question of God—His nature and power. Back of all unbelief that this, that or the other miracle actually occurred lies the question, Could it have happened? And the skeptical disbelief that it should have occurred is born of the thought that it could not have occurred.

ARE CALLED INCREDIBLE.

Thus when the story of Daniel in the lion's den or of the three young princes in the seven times heated furnace is under discussion they are cast aside as incredible because such things could not have occurred.

Or is it the story of fire falling on Elijah's altar and offering on Carmel? If rejected as incredible it is because it could not have been. The Red Sea did not part and pile up in walls, giving a passage for the Israelites to go over dry shod because it could not have done so. The story of Jonah is rejected as a story "very extraordinary in itself," although what Jesus Christ said of Jonah (Matthew xii., 39-41 and Luke xi., 29-30) "is compatible with the opinion that the Book of Jonah is a record of real fact."

And the author of that last remark follows with this. "The only question is, Are they Christ's remarks, also compatible with the opinion that the Book of Jonah is a parable." And what is this but saying Christ spoke of Jonah in the fish as a fact, but cannot we coerce the account into a mere parable story? This does not seem trustful to scripture at all, much as it has become the method in some quarters.

Before asserting that an affirmation in the Bible is false let those who do so furnish us with facts to establish its untruth. And now that we have before us Moses and Pharaoh there are miracles many with which we have to do.

The lesson piece might well be said to cover Exodus, chapters iv.-xi., because all through that piece of scripture it is Moses and Pharaoh and miracles that fill the field of view. Of the two individually we observe Moses first. He is 80 years old. The first forty years of his life were spent in the palace, looked upon as "the son of Pharaoh's daughter." Forsaking the king's court he fled afar into Median, on the north, and there acted as shepherd of the flocks of his father-in-law, Jethro. Forty years he dwelt there on "the back side of the wilderness," and doubtless disciplined his soul greatly by communion with God.

At the age of 80 he heard the Lord's call (Exodus iii.-x.): "Come now and I will send thee unto Pharaoh that thou may bring forth My people Israel." There were three Pharaohs whose reign touched the residence of Israel in Egypt. Pharaoh, Seti I., reigned when Joseph was exalted. His successor was Rameses II., at whose court Moses was educated and grew up, and Rameses II. was succeeded by Maneptah, under whom the exodus occurred.

CHARACTER OF PHARAOH.

Passing to the attitude of these two personages, we see the timid attitude of Moses and the defiant temper of Pharaoh. Moses feared his countrymen (iii., 11-13) had become so conformed to the heathen religion of Egypt that they would not know what Moses meant by "the God of your fathers."

At that time the Almighty armed him with a new name and further urged him to go forward. But Moses was not a man of natural courage, and so his spirits quailed at thought of encouraging his countrymen and the king. "My countrymen will say (iv., 1) the Lord hath not appeared unto thee."

Then the Lord gave him a wonder working rod and a miraculous attack, followed by a miraculous cure of leprosy. Armed thus, one would expect Moses to advance to any adventure, but he still shrank and sought release from meeting Meneptah. And so Moses (iv., 10) "said unto the Lord, O my Lord, I am not eloquent neither heretofore nor since Thou hast spoken unto Thy servant, but I am slow of speech and of a slow tongue."

Urging him to the undertaking, the Lord said: "I will be with thy mouth and teach thee what thou shalt say." Certainly such pressure upon him and promises to him should have dissipated his dread, and nerved his determination to do the best he could. But instead of that we hear him (iv., 13) say: "Oh, my Lord, send, I pray thee by the hand of whom Thou wilt send." By anybody but me. Let me off at all events.

At that "the anger of the Lord was kindled against Moses," and it is only what we should expect. Nor do we imagine it difficult when it is not Moses but some one of us who shrink from meeting a clear call of duty.

The Lord does not dispatch us to a duty without the promise (Exodus ii., 12), "Certainly I will be with the," and "I will be with thy mouth and teach thee what to say." Then, having assured us thus, He expects a prompt obedience. Then the reward of such obedience is generally as great as that which resulted (Exodus iv., 20-31) when Moses and Aaron repeated the Lord's message to the people: "The people believed" and "they bowed their heads and worshiped."

HEBREWS' REQUEST DENIED.

Encouraged by this success (Exodus v., 1), Moses and Aaron sought an audience with Pharaoh and informed him the God of the Hebrews desired him to let the bondmen go "three days' journey into the wilderness and sacrifice." But instead of granting the slaves that respite from their heavy tasks and an opportunity to worship, Pharaoh mocked at mention of the Lord, asking: "Who is the Lord, that I should hearken unto His voice and let the people go?" "Get you unto your burdens." And right away he issued a decree which doubled the oppressive weight of Egypt's yoke.

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ODD RULES OF PARLIAMENT.

There are some exceedingly odd rules that apply to members of the British parliament—rules that seem to have been suggested by some humorist of the time in the dim and almost forgotten past when they were adopted. Only the most daring of the members ever dare to violate the code of laws, written or unwritten, that have been in vogue for a century or more. Probably the most singular rule of all is that which prohibits a member of the house of commons from raising both his feet from the floor at the same time. He can wave one foot wildly in the air if he wants to, but the other must rest upon the floor. This rule, however, does not apply to members who sit on the front benches. For some unexplained reason they are allowed the privilege of doing what they like with their feet.

Keir Hardy, the "labor" member of parliament, is said to be the only man who ever entered the precincts of the parliament house wearing a cap. Many of the conservative members expected to see the towers of the great building fall upon the daring radical and crush him when he made his appearance with a cap on his head. Although the towers stood the shock no once since has dared to run a like risk of annihilation.

FOR SHATTERED NERVES.

A remedy that will soothe, build up the wasted tissues and enrich the blood is indispensible. Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound has been wonderfully successful in cases of nervousness, as thousands of grateful people will testify. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

For the Children.

JACK THE GIANT KILLER ...AND HIS BABY GIANT

Copyright, 1900, by Caroline Wetherell.

1 Little Jack the Giant Killer
Caught the giant named Ah Grim
When Ah Grim was young and smaller
And at once adopted him;

2 Brought him up upon the bottle,
Made for him a mammoth crib,
Pushed him in a baby carriage,
Made him always wear a bib.

3 Ah soon grew ten inches daily,
And when Jack would hide from view
Ah would cry: "I've lost my papa!
And I don't know what to do!"

4 Toys for Grim were quite expensive,
And he broke them up so soon
Jack was soon a hopeless bankrupt—
Scarcely dared to eat at noon.

Clever Insects.

Such should be the title of these lines, for whoever observes these interesting insects finds it easy enough to foretell exactly the kind of weather to be expected. At least that is the opinion of many raisers of bees. Generally the bee stays at home when rain is in the air. When the sky is simply dark and cloudy, these busy workers do not leave their dwelling all at once. A few go out first, as though the queen had sent out messengers to study the state of the atmosphere. The greater number remain on observation until the clouds begin to dissipate, and it is only then that the battalions entire rush out in search of their nectar. A bee never goes out in a fog, because it is well aware that dampness and cold are two fearsome, redoubtable enemies. We do not mean, however, that the bee is a meteorologist in the absolute sense of the word. Its cleverness consists in never being taken unawares, for it possesses untiring vigilance. Often one may observe the sudden entrance of bees into the hive when a dense cloud hides the sun and even though the rain is not in evidence yet.

Dogs and Leopards.

It seems that the leopard looks upon dog flesh as a tidbit. Therefore it is with special pleasure that it knows of the presence of a dog within its native haunts.

Dr. Pruen, who wrote "The Arab and the African," owned two fine mastiffs. One night these were chained up in the veranda of his house. By and by a keen nosed, sharp eyed leopard came upon them unawares. He was a bit taken aback at their size. He was still more surprised when one dog got him by the head and the other by the tail and stretched him quite still, and the foolish dogs simply fixed him there, doing nothing but growling. Before the servants had time to come up with their guns the leopard contrived to escape the mastiffs' watchfulness—they could not have kept close watch—and vanished unharmed.

A Bad Sign.

"I say, Jessie, do you understand French?"

"A little. Do you?"

"Oh, yes. I understand it very well, because when pa and ma talk French I know I'm going to have [illegible]."

Nervous Strain

REACTS UPON THE LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

Nearly everyone of us is much of the time under tremendous nervous strain. This means a using up of brain and nerve tissues, the waste from which must be carried off through the blood and eliminated through the liver, kidneys and bowels. At times the conditions under which we live make it impossible for nature to do this rapidly and thoroughly enough without help. It is just this help which Alma-Bromo Salt gives. It acts on the liver, kidneys and bowels in a gentle way, removing thoroughly all impurities and gives a tone to the whole system which cannot be had from drugs and medicines.

If you write to the Michigan Drug Co., Detroit, Mich., who are the general distributors of this natural product of the famous Alma-Bromo Spring at Alma, Mich., they will send you free, prepaid, enough of the Salt to give it a good trial, or you can obtain a full-size bottle from your druggist.

Write today for Free Sample.

ALMA-BROMO
TRADE MARK
EFFERVESCENT SALT

For sale by druggists generally. A Free Sample Bottle will be sent you on addressing THE MICHIGAN DRUG CO., DETROIT, MICH., who are the general distributors of this natural product.

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BROADWAY & 63D ST. N. Y. CITY
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
SUMMER RATES.
$1.00 Per Day Upward.

From Grand Central Station take 7th Ave. and Broadway cars, seven minutes to Empire.

From the Fall River Boats take the 9th Ave. Elevated to 59th Street, from which Hotel is one minute's walk.

Within ten minutes of amusement and shopping centres. All cars pass the Empire.

Send postal for descriptive booklet.

W. JOHNSON QUINN, Prop.

...NOW...

Is the time to buy a good singing CANARY; price, $1.75 each. Suitable brass cages for the same from 75c to $5.00. Also Gold Finches, Linnets, Larks and Mocking Birds.

Parrots.

That talk, and some that are willing to learn, with our guarantee, from $5.00 up.

Dogs.

We have in all varieties Fox and Bull Terriers, Spaniels and Newfoundland pups.

RABBITS, GUINEA PIGS, WHITE MICE, WHITE RATS, SQUIRRELS AND MONKEYS.

Angora Cats & Kittens.

The choicest and finest collection of these cats that can be found anywhere.

Write for what you want and catalogue for the asking.

We guarantee safe arrival.

HOPE, Philadelphia, Pa. 35 N. Ninth St.,

J. C. Peltier.

Undertaker

and Embalmer.

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FOX TYPEWRITER.

Pleases Both Purchaser and Operator,

Durability
For the Purchaser.
AND
Speed and Ease
For the Operator.

Points of Mechanical Excellence.

Improved Automatic Escapement.
Non-Tilting Carriage.
Adjustable Type Bar Hanger.
Improved Ball Bearing Carriage.
Short and Soft Finger Dip

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE.

FOX TYPEWRITER CO.,
Grand Rapids, Mich.
Dealers Wanted.

ONLY A BLADE OF GRASS

A Bit of Poetry in Prose That is Well Worth Preserving By Any One.

The elderly man was seated in Schenley park fairly reveling in the fresh green grass, drinking it in as he might drink the nectar of the gods, eating it as he might eat their ambrosia, says the Pittsburg Dispatch.

"There is nothing quite in all the material world," he said to his companion, "that appeals to me with such invigorant insistence as the green grass. It is at once a tonic and a sedative, a rest and a refreshing, and no matter how long I look upon it it is no less beautiful when I look again. I cannot say that I greatly admired the late John J. Ingalls, of Kansas, in his caustic moods and ill-tempered abuse of those who offended him, but when I recall what he said of the grass I can forgive him many things. Let me quote it to you, and pray remember it, as I have remembered it, for it is worthy of all preservation. He says:

" 'Next in importance to the divine profusion of water, light and air, those three great physical facts which render existence possible, may be reckoned the universal beneficence of grass. Grass is the forgiveness of nature—her constant benediction. Fields trampled with battle, saturated with blood, torn with ruts of cannon, grow green again with grass and carnage is forgotten. Streets abandoned by traffic become grass-grown, like rural lanes, and are obliterated. Forests perish, flowers vanish, but grass is immortal.

" 'Beleaguered by the sullen hosts of winter, it withdraws into the impregnable fortress of its subterranean vitality, and emerges upon the first solicitation of spring. Sown by the winds, propagated by the subtile horticulture of the elements, which are its ministers and servants, it softens the rude outlines of the world. Its tenacious fibers hold the earth in its place and prevent its soluble components from washing into the wasting sea. It invades the solitudes of deserts, climbs the inaccessible slopes of forbidden pinnacles of mountains, modifies climate and determines the history, character and destiny of nations. Unobtrusive and patient, it has immortal vigor and aggression. Banished from the thoroughfare and the field, it bides its time to return, and when vigilence is relaxed, or the dynasty has perished, it silently resumes the throne from which it has been expelled, but which it never abdicates. It bears no blazonry of bloom to charm the senses with fragrance or splendor, but its homely hue is more enchanting than the lily or the rose. It yields no fruit in earth or air, and yet should its harvest fail for a single year famine would depopulate the world.'

"There," concluded the elderly person, "you may not have given much thought to anything so lowly as the grass, but when you have heard such a tribute to it as that you must always feel afterward that it is you and not the grass which is lacking in the virtue of greatness."

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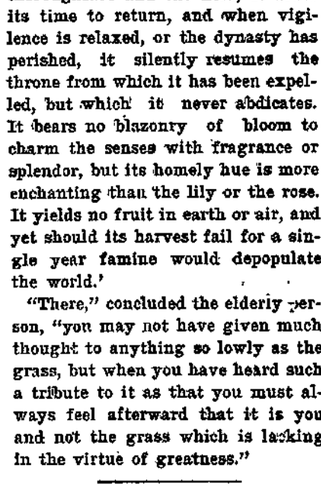
An English writer exclaims: "The American steel makers manufacture business out of nothing!" And one has only to look upon the recent development in the United States of steel building, steel bridges, steel railroad cars, steel railroad ties, steel ships, and so on, to realize the truth of this assertion. Mr. Carnegie kept more than a hundred draughtsmen employed in the business of proving that steel was better for certain purposes than wood or stone. Did a New York builder propose putting up a large office structure, Mr. Carnegie agreed to draw the plans without charge, provided only that in case steel was used his company should have the contract. It is by such methods that the new corporation proposes to spread itself.



Desperate Case Of Piles Cured.

Mrs. Wm. Kenmore, South Omaha, writes: "I suffered many years with protruding piles and dared not risk an operation. My case became desperate. I took Pyramid Pile Cure and in a short time was entirely cured, with no return of the trouble." Sold by all druggists, 50 cents a box. Book, "Piles, Causes and Cure," mailed free. Pyramid Drug Co., Mar-

WHEN YOUR THROAT RATTLES.

A quack doctor stood on his wagon in a suburban town selling his cure-all. A group of people gathered about him, and he undertook to explain to them the construction of the throat.

"My dear friends," he began, "perhaps you don't know it, but there are two passages in the throat. One is called the esphagus, and the other the cephagi. Now, the solid victuals go down the first, the liquids down the second. Over the top of the passage is a cover, with a hinge down the middle, and when you swallow beefsteak the little door over the cephagus flies open and the other drops down, and vice versa when you take a drink of coffee."

This proved too much for a farmer, who, shaking with laughter, called out in a loud voice:

"Gosh! but those doors must go flipper-flopper when a fellow eats bread and milk!"

RAILWAY SPEED.

A Scottish railway maintains its place at the head of the express runs of the season in Britain, says the Scottish American. The Caledonian railway comes first with the run of the Aberdeen night train from Forfar to Perth. This train does the distance of 32½ miles in 33 minutes, or an average speed of 59 miles an hour. The Northeastern follows closely with a run from Darlington to York, a distance of 44½ miles, in 45 minutes, this being an average of almost 59 miles an hour. The Great Northern, although beaten now by the Northeastern, records several accelerations. It has a number of runs about 55 miles an hour. The Caledonian has several very quick runs besides that already mentioned. For instance, the morning train from Perth to Aberdeen covers 89¼ miles in one hour and 37 minutes, an average speed of considerably over 55 miles an hour. The fastest run of the North British is the morning run from Berwick to Edinburgh at a speed of over 54 miles.

RELICS OF LOST TRIBE.

A valuable archaeological find has just been made near the ancient town of Novgorod, on the banks of Lake Ilmen. The articles found include hundreds of flint arrowheads, spearheads, axheads of slate, flint fish hooks and an enormous mass of crockery and similar fragments, ornamented in the same style as those found previously in other parts of the same province. Archaeologists consider the discovery proof of the existence in the neighborhood of Lake Ilmen of a numerous population during the stone age. The articles found are all of one class and date, indicating the existence of a considerable tribe, which must have either been wiped out or have migrated to other regions before attaining any higher stage of culture than that of the stone age.—London Standard.

A QUAINT CEREMONY.

His majesty the king received yesterday half a dozen old horseshoes, 61 nails, two bundles of faggots and a sharp and a blunt hatchet as part of his rents inherited from William the Conqueror. The rent was paid by the corporation of the city of London with all the ceremony befitting their service to their liege.

The yellow light of a city fog lent an old-time air to the bare room on the second floor of the east wing of the law courts, where a number of ladies and gentlemen had assembled. On the table were spread the flat horseshoes, which are themselves very ancient, and were probably made for an extinct species of horse of elephantine proportions, says the London Mail.

The appearance of the king's remembrancer, George Pollock, was the signal for turning on the electric lights, and the illumination of those who were ignorant of the quaint custom about to be performed.

The remembrancer said the ceremony they were about to witness had been observed for the last 700 years, and probably was performed long before that. At any rate, it could be traced from the time of King John. The city solicitor and Mr. Secondary attended there on behalf of the corporation, and he himself on behalf of the crown, to receive from them the dues which had been held for hundreds of years on these terms.

These curious quit rents were in respect of lands in the county of Shropshire, called the "Moors," and for a forge in the parish in which the ceremony was taking place. They were at one time received by the king in person, later by the lord chancellor, and afterward by the lord chief baron. Since 1856 they had been received by the king's remembrancer.

The warrants having been read, the remembrancer called out, "Tenants of the lands, come forward and do your services." The secondary, T. Vaughan Roderick, took up his ax and at once clove the first bundle of faggots, the pieces of which flew in all directions, and were kept by the ladies as mementoes. He then took the blunt cleaver and laboriously cut through the second bundle.

Afterward it was the turn of the city solicitor, Sir H. Homewood Crawford, who counted out the horseshoes, six in number, ten nails for each shoe and one over.

"Good number!" called the remembrancer, and the proceedings were over.

NATIVE POPULATION GROWING.

The census returns show that the native white population of the United States exceeds the foreign-born element in the ratio of more than 5 to 1, there being more than 56,000,000 whites against a little more than 10,000,000 foreigners. Of the natives something more than 41,000,000 are also of native parentage. A more striking fact brought out is that since 1890 the native white element has increased 23 per cent. and the foreign white element only 12. If this ratio continues the foreign element must steadily become a smaller proportion of the entire population, which is only another way of saying that the population will become more homogeneous as time passes.—Washington Times.

FILIPINO CHARACTERISTICS.

The idea of an invasion of Filipino labor either into Hawaii or the United States proper is the sublimest absurdity, says a Manila newspaper. The idea that the Filipino will work anywhere can be engendered only in the minds of people who have no conception of the Filipino's characteristics and physical capacity. The Filipino will not work. Their own country will never be developed unless labor can be brought from China or elsewhere to reclaim the sugar lands, to seed and gather hemp and to fell and work up the very valuable timber lands. The Filipino is not a worker, as the Americans here have learned quite too often in road building and on other public enterprises. Have no fear of the Filipino "laboring man." He doesn't exist; he is a myth.

In addition to his disinclination to work the Filipino will not leave his home—his family, his fighting cocks, his lazy and happy-go-lucky life. Few will consent to go from one province to another, and it is very rarely that a Filipino woman can be induced to leave her native village, even to accompany her husband.

If the Honolulu planters should finally be able to induce a shipload of them to go to Hawaii as "laborers on sugar plantations" they would regret their move within two months.

KRAUSE'S HEADACHE CAPSULES

Will instantly cure headaches of any kind. Being pure vegetable they are harmless and leave no bad after effects. We offer $500 reward for any trace of antipyrene, morphine, chloral or any injurious substance found in them. Price 25c. Sold by Dreir & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

SULTAN'S FRENCH ANCESTORS.

A fact not generally known, but now causing considerable comment in Europe, is the relationship which exists between Abdul Hamid, the sultan, and all the descendants of the Empress Josephine, says the New York Commercial Advertiser. In 1783 a certain Mlle. de Rivry, a girl of 17, was captured by pirates while on her way from France to Martinique, where she was to join her family. She was taken to Constantinople and sold, and ultimately she became the favorite wife of Abdul Hamid I., who died in 1789. The issue of this union was Mahmoud II., whose grandson the present sultan is. Thus it comes that Abdul is the great-grandson of a first cousin of Napoleon III.'s grandmother. In that way he is related to many of the reigning and princely families of Christian Europe. It is related of the sultana that, although a professing Mohammedan through her life, when she was dying her son, the Sultan Mahmoud, allowed a monk from the Holy Land to enter the Yildiz Kiosk Palace secretly and reconcile her with the church.

PHONOGRAPH ON THE STUMP.

A candidate for municipal honors in Sheffield has lately been putting his views before the electors by means of a phonograph, and it is possible, says a London paper, that the plan may soon be extensively adopted. At a recent parliamentary election in Victoria one of the candidates shirked the task of personally airing his views by sending a phonograph around the various townships in charge of a man on horseback. The electors, however, resented the applicaton of this time-saving method and left the owner of the machine at the bottom of the poll. The main difficulty seems to lie in the fact that, while the phonograph will render a speeech plainly enough, it cannot be heckled or got to reply to questions.

Siberian butter is now sent in large quantities to London and Hamburg, under the label of Danish butter.

Over one-third of the manufactured goods which are made in France are the product of female labor.

Mother's Friend.

A Promoter of Health.

Mother's Friend puts comfort and ease in a married woman's back and limbs. One applies it externally—no dosing and swallowing of nasty drugs—no internal treatment at all. This liniment strengthens, invigorates, toughens and freshens the muscular tissues, gives them elasticity, makes the tendons supple and stimulates the nerves. It is intended solely for expectant mothers. If applied regularly throughout the whole period of pregnancy, morning sickness is escaped. It is soothing, and quiets the nerves.

Labor is quickly and almost painlessly passed. Bright, sweet, healthy babies are born under the conditions wrought by Mother's Friend, and the mother's strength soon rallies. Women who dread the paramount issue are ignorant of the means that art and science do give toward assisting nature, in this event where the mother's life is of equal importance to that of the child who is born.

All reliable druggists have Mother's Friend, and the price is $1 per bottle.

A worthy book "Motherhood" will be sent free on application to

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RUGS FROM OLD AND NEW CARPETS AND SCARFS.

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H. C. SPRINGER, Prop.

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EIGHT NEW BOOKS ARE BROUGHT OUT EACH WEEK, THE LATEST BEING:

25. "A CIGARETTE MAKER'S ROMANCE"
By MARION CRAWFORD, (author of "Via Crucis").—A Count fell in love with and married this young Russian.

26. "DR. DODD'S SCHOOL"
By JAMES L. FORD, (author of "The Literary Shop").—The American "Tom Brown's School Days."

27. "CAPTAIN SHANNON"
By COULSON KERNAHAN, (author of "God and The Ant").—A Literary "Sherlock Holmes" who ferrets out anarchism in high life.

28. "ASHES OF EMPIRE"
By ROBERT W. CHAMBERS, (author of "The Red Republic").—Romantic adventures of two American Correspondents during the siege of Paris.

29. "ACTIVE SERVICE"
By STEPHEN CRANE, (author of "Red Badge of Courage").—A New York Correspondent, his sweetheart and an actress at the Greek and Turkish War.

30. "MADEMOISELLE DE BERNY"
By PAULINE BRADFORD MACKIE, (author of "A Georgian Actress").—A romance of Valley Forge and Gay Philadelphia.—A Tory Girl and a Patriot Officer.

31. "HER SAILOR"
By MARSHALL SAUNDERS, (author of "Beautiful Joe").—The Love Affair of an American Girl and a Spanish Captain.—"She Fell in Love with Her Husband."

32. "THE CONTINENTAL DRAGOON"
By R. N. STEPHENS, (author of "An Enemy to the King").—Adventures in New York during the Revolutionary War.

No more of this edition will be printed, and when the *pro rata* number sent to each city is exhausted you will be obliged to pay $1.25 each to fill any vacancies in your set. Get them all before it is too late.

The association announcements are made in this paper exclusively. The **various authors** and publishers have agreed to **surrender usual royalties** and profits for a limited time for the sake of the world-wide publicity secured—**hence the reduction** in price. Cut out the list and put a cross before the names of books wanted.

City readers secure the volumes for **25 cents** each and the voucher, at our book counter.

Out-of-town readers mail **30 cents** each, with the voucher clipped from this paper, and the books ordered will be sent post-paid. It is best to apply promptly, either personally or by mail.

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( ) "A Puritan's Wife"—Max Pemberton
( ) "American Wives and English Husbands"—Atherton
( ) "Bonaventure"—George W. Cable
( ) "The Rudder Grangers Abroad"—Frank R. Stockton
( ) "I, Thou and the Other One"—Amelia E. Barr
( ) "Tales of Our Coast"—S. R. Crockett
( ) "Driven Back to Eden"—E. P. Roe
( ) "Captain Shannon"—Coulson Kernahan
( ) "Dr. Dodd's School"—Jas. L. Ford
( ) "A House in Bloomsbury"—Mrs. Oliphant
( ) "A Fair Barbarian"—Frances Hodgson Burnett
( ) "The Uncalled"—Paul Laurence Dunbar
( ) "The Splendid Spur"—A. T. Quiller-Couch
( ) "Simon Dale"—Anthony Hope
( ) "Face to Face"—Robert Grant
( ) "The Heart of Toil"—Octave Thanet
( ) "Free Joe"—Joel Chandler Harris
( ) "Across the Chasm"—Julia Magruder
( ) "Sevenoaks"—J. G. Holland
( ) "Within the Capes"—Howard Pyle
( ) "The Last Meeting"—Brander Matthews
( ) "Young Blood"—E. W. Hornung
( ) "The Continental Dragoon"—R. N. Stephens
( ) "Tekla"—Robert Barr
( ) "The Herb Moon"—John Oliver Hobbes
( ) "The Light of Scarthey"—Egerton Castle
( ) "Ashes of Empire"—Robt. W. Chambers
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( ) "Her Sailor"—Marshall Saunders
( ) "A Cigarette Maker's Romance"—Marion Crawford

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A quack doctor stood on his wagon in a suburban town selling his curealL. A group of people gathered about him, and he undertook to explain to them the construction of the throat.

"My dear friends," he began, "perhaps you don't know it, but there are two passages in the throat. One is called the esphagus, and the other the cephagi. Now, the solid victuals go down the first, the liquids down the second. Over the top of the passage is a cover, with a hinge down the middle, and when you swallow beefsteak the little door over the esphagus flies open and the other drops down, and vice versa when you take a drink of coffee."

This proved too much for a farmer, who, shaking with laughter, called out in a loud voice:

"Gosh! but those doors must go flipper-flopper when a fellow eats bread and milk!"

RAILWAY SPEED.

A Scottish railway maintains its place at the head of the express runs of the season in Britain, says the Scottish American. The Caledonian railway comes first with the run of the Aberdeen night train from Forfar to Perth. This train does the distance of 32½ miles in 33 minutes, or an average speed of 59 miles an hour. The Northeastern follows closely with a run from Darlington to York, a distance of 44½ miles, in 45 minutes, this being an average of almost 59 miles an hour. The Great Northern, although beaten now by the Northeastern, records several accelerations. It has a number of runs about 55 miles an hour. The Caledonian has several very quick runs besides that already mentioned. For instance, the morning train from Perth to Aberdeen covers 89¼ miles in one hour and 37 minutes, an average speed of considerably over 55 miles an hour. The fastest run of the North British is the morning run from Berwick to Edinburgh at a speed of over 54 miles.

RELICS OF LOST TRIBE.

A valuable archaeological find has just been made near the ancient town of Novgorod, on the banks of Lake Ilmen. The articles found include hundreds of flint arrowheads, spearheads, axheads of slate, flint fish hooks and an enormous mass of crockery and similar fragments, ornamented in the same style as those found previously in other parts of the same province. Archaeologists consider the discovery proof of the existence in the neighborhood of Lake Ilmen of a numerous population during the stone age. The articles found are all of one class and date, indicating the existence of a considerable tribe, which must have either been wiped out or have migrated to other regions before attaining any higher stage of culture than that of the stone age.—London Standard.

A QUAINT CEREMONY.

His majesty the king received yesterday half a dozen old horseshoes, 61 nails, two bundles of faggots and a sharp and a blunt hatchet as part of his rents inherited from William the Conqueror. The rent was paid by the corporation of the city of London with all the ceremony befitting their service to their liege.

The yellow light of a city fog lent an old-time air to the bare room on the second floor of the east wing of the law courts, where a number of ladies and gentlemen had assembled. On the table were spread the flat horseshoes, which are themselves very ancient, and were probably made for an extinct species of horse of elephantine proportions, says the London Mail.

The appearance of the king's remembrancer, George Pollock, was the signal for turning on the electric lights, and the illumination of those who were ignorant of the quaint custom about to be performed.

The remembrancer said the ceremony they were about to witness had been observed for the last 700 years, and probably was performed long before that. At any rate, it could be traced from the time of King John. The city solicitor and Mr. Secondary attended there on behalf of the corporation, and he himself on behalf of the crown, to receive from them the dues which had been held for hundreds of years on these terms.

These curious quit rents were in respect of lands in the county of Shropshire, called the "Moors," and for a forge in the parish in which the ceremony was taking place. They were at one time received by the king in person, later by the lord chancellor, and afterward by the lord chief baron. Since 1856 they had been received by the king's remembrancer.

The warrants having been read, the remembrancer called out, "Tenants of the lands, come forward and do your services." The secondary, T. Vaughan Roderick, took up his ax and at once clove the first bundle of faggots, the pieces of which flew in all directions, and were kept by the ladies as mementoes. He then took the blunt cleaver and laboriously cut through the second bundle.

Afterward it was the turn of the city solicitor, Sir H. Homewood Crawford, who counted out the horseshoes, six in number, ten nails for each shoe and one over.

"Good number!" called the remembrancer, and the proceedings were over.

NATIVE POPULATION GROWING.

The census returns show that the native white population of the United States exceeds the foreign-born element in the ratio of more than 5 to 1, there being more than 56,000,000 whites against a little more than 10,000,000 foreigners. Of the natives something more than 41,000,000 are also of native parentage. A more striking fact brought out is that since 1890 the native white element has increased 23 per cent. and the foreign white element only 12. If this ratio continues the foreign element must steadily become a smaller proportion of the entire population, which is only another way of saying that the population will become more homogeneous as time passes.—Washington Times.

FILIPINO CHARACTERISTICS.

The idea of an invasion of Filipino labor either into Hawaii or the United States proper is the sublimest absurdity, says a Manila newspaper. The idea that the Filipino will work anywhere can be engendered only in the minds of people who have no conception of the Filipino's characteristics and physical capacity. The Filipino will not work. Their own country will never be developed unless labor can be brought from China or elsewhere to reclaim the sugar lands, to seed and gather hemp and to fell and work up the very valuable timber lands. The Filipino is not a worker, as the Americans here have learned quite too often in road building and on other public enterprises. Have no fear of the Filipino "laboring man." He doesn't exist; he is a myth.

In addition to his disinclination to work the Filipino will not leave his home—his family, his fighting cocks, his lazy and happy-go-lucky life. Few will consent to go from one province to another, and it is very rarely that a Filipino woman can be induced to leave her native village, even to accompany her husband.

If the Honolulu planters should finally be able to induce a shipload of them to go to Hawaii as "laborers on sugar plantations" they would regret their move within two months.

KRAUSE'S HEADACHE CAPSULES

Will instantly cure headaches of any kind. Being pure vegetable they are harmless and leave no bad after effects. We offer $500 reward for any trace of antipyrene, morphine, chloral or any injurious substance found in them. Price 25c. Sold by Dreir & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

SULTAN'S FRENCH ANCESTORS.

A fact not generally known, but now causing considerable comment in Europe, is the relationship which exists between Abdul Hamid, the sultan, and all the descendants of the Empress Josephine, says the New York Commercial Advertiser. In 1783 a certain Mlle. de Rivry, a girl of 17, was captured by pirates while on her way from France to Martinique, where she was to join her family. She was taken to Constantinople and sold, and ultimately she became the favorite wife of Abdul Hamid I., who died in 1789. The issue of this union was Mahmoud II., whose grandson the present sultan is. Thus it comes that Abdul is the great-grandson of a first cousin of Napoleon III.'s grandmother. In that way he is related to many of the reigning and princely families of Christian Europe. It is related of the sultana that, although a professing Mohammedan through her life, when she was dying her son, the Sultan Mahmoud, allowed a monk from the Holy Land to enter the Yildiz Kiosk Palace secretly and reconcile her with the church.

PHONOGRAPH ON THE STUMP.

A candidate for municipal honors in Sheffield has lately been putting his views before the electors by means of a phonograph, and it is possible, says a London paper, that the plan may soon be extensively adopted. At a recent parliamentary election in Victoria one of the candidates shirked the task of personally airing his views by sending a phonograph around the various townships in charge of a man on horseback. The electors, however, resented the applicaton of this time-saving method and left the owner of the machine at the bottom of the poll. The main difficulty seems to lie in the fact that, while the phonograph will render a speeech plainly enough, it cannot be heckled or got to reply to questions.

Siberian butter is now sent in large quantities to London and Hamburg, under the label of Danish butter.

Over one-third of the manufactured goods which are made in France are the product of female labor.

Mother's Friend.

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Mother's Friend puts comfort and ease in a married woman's back and limbs. She applies it externally—no dosing and swallowing of nasty drugs—no internal treatment at all. This liniment strengthens, invigorates, toughens and freshens the muscular tissues, gives them elasticity, makes the tendons supple and stimulates the sinews. It is intended solely for expectant mothers. If applied regularly throughout the whole period of pregnancy, morning sickness is escaped. It is soothing, and quiets the nerves.

Labor is quickly and almost painlessly passed. Bright sweet, healthy babies are born under the conditions wrought by Mother's Friend, and the mother's strength soon returns. Women who dread the paramount issue are ignorant of the means that art and science do give toward assisting nature, in this event where the mother's life is of equal importance to that of the child who is born.

All reliable druggists have Mother's Friend, and the price is $1 per bottle.

A worthy book "Motherhood" will be sent free on application to

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Mrs. Wm. Kenmore, South Omaha, writes: "I suffered many years with protruding piles and dared not risk an operation. My case became desperate. I took Pyramid Pile Cure and in a short time was entirely cured, with no return of the trouble." Sold by all druggists, 50 cents a box. Book, "Piles, Causes and Cure," mailed free. Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

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By JAMES L. FORD, (author of "The Literary Shop").—The American "Tom Brown's School Days."

27. "CAPTAIN SHANNON"
By COULSON KERNAHAN, (author of "God and The Ant").—A Literary "Sherlock Holmes" who ferrets out anarchism in high life.

28. "ASHES OF EMPIRE"
By ROBERT W. CHAMBERS, (author of "The Red Republic").—Romantic adventures of two American Correspondents during the siege of Paris.

29. "ACTIVE SERVICE"
By STEPHEN CRANE, (author of "Red Badge of Courage").—A New York Correspondent, his sweetheart and an actress at the Greek and Turkish War.

30. "MADEMOISELLE DE BERNY"
By PAULINE BRADFORD MACKIE, (author of "A Georgian Actress").—A romance of Valley Forge and Gay Philadelphia.—A Tory Girl and a Patriot Officer.

31. "HER SAILOR."
By MARSHALL SAUNDERS, (author of "Beautiful Joe").—The Love Affair of an American Girl and a Spanish Captain.—"She Fell in Love with Her Husband."

32. "THE CONTINENTAL DRAGOON"
By R. N. STEPHENS, (author of "An Enemy to the King").—Adventures in New York during the Revolutionary War.

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ANNOUNCEMENTS OF THE HOURS OF DEVOTION IN THE CHURCHES OF FORT WAYNE.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Berry street M. E. church, corner Harrison street—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; sermon, 10:30 a. m., subject, "Devotion Declared and Proved;" general class, 12 m.; junior league, 2:30 p. m.; Epworth meeting, 6:30 p. m.; sermon, 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. H. J. Norris, pastor.

Wayne street Methodist Episcopal church, corner Broadway, Asher S. Preston, pastor—Subjects for morning and evening, respectively, "The Water of Life Changed to Wine" and "The Magnetic Christ;" Sunday school at 9:30; class at 12; junior league at 3; league at 6:30, led by Mr. H. W. Brown, topic, "The Value of Influence." Woman's Bible meeting, Tuesday, 3 p. m.; lesson, Gen. 4. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30.

Simpson Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Dawson and Harrison, one square west of Calhoun street—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., superintendent, Miss Edith Zook; morning sermon, 10:30, by Rev. J. A. Patterson, pastor; subject, "The Universal Application of Christianity;" class meeting, 11:45; junior league, 2 o'clock p. m.; vesper service, 6:30, subject, "The Value of Influence;" evening sermon by the pastor. A strong evangelical spirit has prevailed in all the services of this church for the last five or six weeks, resulting in several accessions to the church. The central thought in all these services has been applied Christianity.

St. Paul M. E. church, Walton avenue—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., C. B. Watterson, superintendent; preaching at 10:30; class meeting at 12 m.; singing practice, led by C. B. Watterson, at 3:30; preaching at 7 o'clock. Ladies' Aid will meet Wednesday at 1:30. Official meeting Monday evning, 7:30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. B. Sawyer, pastor.

Trinity M. E. church, corner of Fourth and Cass streets, Charles E. White, pastor—The services for tomorrow will be: Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., F. A. McMakin, superintendent; the pastor will preach at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m.; the morning subject will be, "The Faithful Stewardship;" the classes will meet at 11:45 a. m.; the junior league will hold its session at 3 p. m., with Mrs. Charles E. White as superintndent; the Epworth league will observe the usual devotional hour at 6:30 p. m. and Mr. John Parker will have the work in charge. Our monthly business meeting will be held on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Mid-week prayer meeting will be on Wednesday evening; also, the choir will practice after this service.

BAPTIST.

First Baptist church, Jefferson street, between Webster and Harrison—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; public worship at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; sermons by the pastor, Rev. J. N. Field; morning subject, "The Three R's of Christian Living: the Rule, the Region, the Reason;" evening subject, "Woman's Capital: Her Character and Reputation;" junior B. Y. P. U. meeting at 2 p. m.; senior B. Y. P. U. meeting at 6:30 p. m. South Wayne mission at 9 a. m. Lakeside and Hanna street missions at 3 p. m. Culture class Monday at 8 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Several cottage prayer meetings will be held next week. Definite notice will be given later.

REFORMED.

Salem Reformed church, next to postoffice. Sunday school at 9:30; morning services at 10:30; evening services at 7:30. The evening service will be in English. The monthly social of the Ladies' society will be held in their parlors in the rear of the church next Thursday afternoon. Young Peoples' meeting next Wednesday evening.

St. John's Reformed church, corner of Webster and Washington streets, John H. Bosch, pastor—9 a. m., Sunday school; 10:15 a. m., morning services and preaching, subject, "Preparing the Way for the Lord;" 2:45 p. m., meeting of the Young Peoples' Mission society; 7 p. m., devotional meeting of the Young People; 7:30 p. m., evening services and preaching; Wednesday evening, discussion and explanation of Sunday school lesson.

Grace Reformed church, on Washington street, between Barr and Lafayette streets. Sabbath morning services at 10:30, subject of sermon, "How to Make the Church Go;" evening service at 7:30, subject, "How to Win Your Friends for Christ." Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; Young People's meeting, led by the pastor, subject, "The Right Use of Ability." Mid-week service on Wednesday evening; monthly meeting of the official board on Monday evening. A. K. Zartman, pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN.

First Presbyterian church, corner of Clinton and Washington streets, Rev. D. W. Moffat, D. D., pastor. Rev. J. G. Wishard, of Indianapolis, will occupy the pulpit in the morning and will make an address on Persian missions. The meeting is the annual thank offering service of the Woman's Missionary society. Dr. Wishard will address the Sunday school and will probably exhibit the decorations bestowed upon him by the Shah of Persia. There will be special music at the morning service. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening as usual.

Westminster Presbyterian church, West Berry street, between Webster and Ewing; Rev. J. Budman Fleming, pastor.—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m., subject, "Christian Strength." Evening service at 7:30, subject, "Service and Reward." Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:45; prayer meeting Wenesday evening.

Third Presbyterian church, corner Harrison and Taber streets, Rev. J. A. P. McCaw, D. D., pastor. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m., Mr. O. B. Fitch, superintendent; morning service at 10:45, subject of sermon, "Paul and Felix;" offerings for the board of missions for Freedmen; Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m.; evening service at 7:30, subject of sermon, "Jeremiah's Vision of Two Baskets of Figs." Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7:30.

Bethany Presbyterian church, corner Boone and Fry streets. Rev. J. C. Breckinridge, pastor.—Services as follows Sabbath: Teachers' meeting, 9:15; Sunday school at 9:45; continuation of the gospel services a few nights during the week; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.; evening service at 7:30.

EPISCOPALIAN.

The services at Trinity Episcopal church on Sunday will be: Holy communion, 8 a. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; morning service and sermon, 10:45; evening service, 7:30. The St. Margaret's guild will hold its annual bazar and supper in the parish house on the afternoon and evening of Friday, the 13th.

ENGLISH LUTHERAN.

Trinity English Lutheran church, corner Wayne and Clinton streets—Sunday school, 9:30; morning service and sermon, 10:45; Luther league, 7:00; evening service, 7:30. Rev. S. Wagenhals, pastor.

Christ's Lutheran church, Jefferson and Webster streets, L. J. Motschman, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Luther league at 6:45 p. m.; divine worship at 10:45 a. m. At this time the pastor will preach the first of a series of Advent sermons in answering the question, "Why Did Christ Come to the World?" The first will be "Christ, the Fulfillment of Prophecy and Law." At 7:30 p. m. the W. H. and F. M. society will give their annual program. Meeting of the Sunday school association for the election of officers Tuesday at 7:30 p. m.

English Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, West Washington and Fulton streets. Sunday school, 9:15 a. m.; preaching, 10:30 a. m., "Christ's Coming in Glory;" evening service at 7:30, "Priests and Levites—Types of Christ and His Christians." No evening service next Sunday, Dec. 15th. Holy communion Sunday Dec. 22nd. Children's Christmas service Dec. 25th at 7:30 p. m.

Y. W. C. A.

E. A. K. Hackett will conduct the services at the Y. W. C. A. as usual Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Singing by Mrs. William Miles.

CHURCH OF CHRIST.

West Jefferson Street Church of Christ, corner of Griffith street, Rev. Edgar William Allen, pastor—10:30 a. m. Rev. John Encill, of Syracuse, N. Y., will preach; 7:30 p. m., sermon, "Three Facts About Salvation;" 9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 3 p. m., Junior Endeavor; 6:30 p. m., Christian Endeavor; Monday, 4:30 p. m., children's hour; Monday night Rev. John Eucill will preach; there will be a baptismal service; Tuesday night the Tableau D'Art company will give an entertainment; this is the third entertainment in the People's Lecture Course; Wednesday and Thursday nights Rev. John Eucill will preach; Thursday afternoon the Ladies' Aid society meets with Mrs. Woolley, 59 Swinney avenue.

West Creighton Avenue Church of Christ, corner Miner street and West Creighton avenue, Rev. Z. A. Harris, minister—For week beginning Dec. 8: Lord's Day services: Sunday school, 9.30 a. m.; preaching, 10:30 a. m.; Mr. Burns, of the Railroad Y. M. C. A., will occupy the pulpit in the morning; there will be no evening services; Junior C. E., 3 p. m.; prayer meeting Wednesday evening; teachers' meeting Thursday evening.

UNITED BRETHREN.

Calvary U. B. church, corner of Harmer and Lewis streets, Rev. John W. Lake, pastor—Sunday services: Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., Allen A. Bowser, superintendent; Busy Bees at 2:30 o'clock; Y. P. C. U. devotional meeting at 6:30 p. m., Elmer Guffin, leader; preaching service at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; mid-week services: Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30, W. H. Woodruff, leader.

RAILROAD Y. M. C. A.

Men's meeting at 3 p. m.; address by E. G. Anderson; Bible class led by Hiram A. Phillep, 4 p. m.; regular monthly meeting of the committee of management on Monday at 7:30 p. m.

GERMAN BAPTIST.

Corner Green and Smith streets, J. Ahner, pastor. The usual Lord's day services; Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m., A. M. Eby, superintendent; preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; song service to begin at 7 p. m.; prayer meeting on Thursday evening.

EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION.

Bethel Evangelical church, corner DeWald and Clinton streets—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; German preaching at 10:30 a. m.; Rev. C. C. Beyrer, of South Bend, will preach in the morning; his subject will be "Preaching Christ, the Lord;" English preaching in the evening at 7:30; Young People's Alliance at 6:30 p. m.; subject, "The Right Use of Ability." Mid-week services: Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30; preaching Friday evening by the presiding elder, Rev. D. S. Oakes, of Kendallville. Rev. J. H. Evans, pastor.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Plymouth Congregational church, Jefferson and Harrison streets; Rev. J. Webster Bailey, pastor.—Morning service at 10:45 a. m.; subject of sermon, "God's Message to the Unchurched." Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; B. Paul Mossman, superintendent. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30 p. m. Men's prayer meeting at 6:15. Evening service at 7:30. The pastor preaches morning and evening. Second meeting for systematic Bible study Monday evening at 7:30, "The Doctrine of God." Wednesday evening, monthly missionary concert; subject, "Turkey."

South Congregational church, corner DeWald street and Hoagland avenue; Rev. D. T. Williams, pastor. The services next Sunday will be: Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Subjects of discourses, morning, "The Law of Tithing;" evening, "A Momentous Question." Bible school, 9:30 a. m.; Dr. A. E. VanBuskirk, superintendent. Jr. C. E., 3 p. m.; Sr. C. E., 6:30 p. m. Mid-week service Wednesday evening, 7:30; topic, "Glimpses of Mission Fields."

FREE METHODIST.

Free Methodist church, 268 East Creighton avenue.—Preaching Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; young people's meeting at 7 p. m.; Sunday school at 3 p. m. Cottage holiness meeting Monday night. Class meeting Tuesday night. Prayer and praise service Thursday night. P. S. Shoemaker, pastor.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

First Church of Christ, Scientist.—Services, 10:30 a. m. in Masonic Temple. Subject, "Sacrament;" golden text, "But I say unto you, I will not drink henceforth of this fruit of the vine, until that day when I drink it new with you in my Father's kingdom"—Matthew, 26:29. Responsive reading, John, 21:1-14. Testimonial meetings every Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock, in Harmony hall, 20 West Berry street. Reading rooms open every day at 103 East Berry street.

Second Church of Christ, Scientist.—Services, 10:30 a. m., Sunday, in Jewish temple, No. 96 Harrison street. Subject, "Sacrament;" golden text, "But I say unto you, I will not drink henceforth of this fruit of the vine, until that day when I drink it new with you in my Father's kingdom"—Matthew, 26:29. Responsive reading, John, 21:1-14. Testimonial meetings every Wednesday evening. Reading room open daily except Sunday from 2 to 5 p. m., in the church edifice.

NON-SECTARIAN BIBLE CLASS.

At 3 o'clock every Sunday afternoon a non-sectarian Bible class meets at 199 Lafayette street.

CITY MISSION.

At 170 West Main street, L. Hostettler, superintendent—Services each night at 7:45 and on the Sabbath at 3 p. m.

AFRICAN METHODIST.

A. M. E. church, corner Wayne and Francis streets.—Hours of service: At 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sabbath school at 3 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. Rev. A. Smith, pastor.

GERMAN LUTHERAN.

Emanuel Lutheran, West Jefferson street, Rev. C. Gross, pastor—Sunday services, 10:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

St. John's Lutheran church, corner Washington boulevard and Van Buren street, Rev. H. P. Dannecker, pastor—Services (German), 10:00 a. m.; services (German) for children, 2 p. m.; services (English), 7:30 p. m.

Trinity, corner of Huffman and Oakland streets, Rev. J. A. Bohn, pastor—Sunday services, 10 a. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

German Lutheran Zion's church, Creighton avenue and Hanna street, Rev. H. Chr. Luehr, pastor—Services, 10:00 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sundays.

Grace Lutheran church, corner Pontiac and Gay streets, Rev. A. O. Swinehart, pastor—Services, 10 a. m.; services for children, 2 p. m.

St. Paul's on Barr street, Rev. Jacob Miller, pastor—Services, 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

Evangelical Lutheran Concordia congregation, southwest corner of Fletcher and Alliger streets—Sunday services: Preaching at 10 a. m. and Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Rev. August Lange, pastor.

Emmaus Lutheran, Broadway and Creighton avenue, Rev. Philip Wambsganss, jr., pastor—Sunday services, 10:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Rt. Rev. Herman J. Alerding, D. D., bishop; Rev. P. F. Roche, pastor; Rev. J. H. Bathe, chancellor; Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, assistant.

Masses at 6, 8, 8:30 (children's services) and 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 2 p. m.; vespers at 3 p. m.

The following meetings are held every Sunday in rotation during the month, commencing at 4 o'clock: First Sunday, Married Men's sodality, Rev. J. H. Bathe, director, and Young Men's sodality, Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director. Second Sunday, Rosary sodality. Third Sunday, Young Ladies' sodality. Fourth Sunday, Boys' sodality, Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director, and Young Girls' sodality. The Catholic Knights of America, branch 103, meets the first and third Sundays of each month, Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director. The Sacred Heart league has special devotions on the first Friday of each month at 7:30 p. m., Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director.

St. Patrick's, corner of DeWald and Harrison streets, Rev. Joseph F. Delaney, pastor; Rev. Thomas Mungovan, assistant.—The services at the church are as follows: Mass at 7:45 a. m.; children's mass at 9 a. m.; high mass at 10:30 a. m.; catechism at 2:15 p. m.; vespers at 3 p. m. Masses at 6:30 and 8 a. m. during week days.

Following is a list of the various societies of the church and the time of meeting: Married Men's and Young Men's sodalities, first Sunday in the month; Rosary society, second Sunday; Young Ladies' sodality, third Sunday; also the first three Sundays of the month for the office of the Blessed Virgin; Boys' and Girls' sodalities, fourth Sunday at 2:30 p. m.; all other meetings at 4 o'clock, immediately after vespers; each society takes communion on Sunday of meeting; St. Vincent de Paul society meets the fourth Sunday of the month; Ladies' Catholic Benevolent association meets first and fourth Thursdays; St. Joseph Benevolent society meets third Sunday of the month. Sacred Heart devotions on the first Friday of the month at 7:30 p. m.

St. Mary's (German), corner of Lafayette and Jefferson streets, Rev. John H. Oechtering, pastor; assistant, Rev. Gustave Hottenroth—Sunday services, 8 and 10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

St. Paul's (German), corner West Washington and Griffith streets, Rev. F. J. H. Kroll, pastor—Services, 10 a. m. and 7 p. m.

St. Peter's (German), corner East DeWald and Warsaw streets, Rev. Ferdinand Koerdt, pastor—Sunday services, 7:45 and 9:45 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

St. Joseph's chapel (in connection with St. Joseph's hospital), Rev. Thomas Eisenring, C. S. S., chaplain—Sunday services, 10 a. m. and 4 p. m.; weekly services, 8 a. m.

Church of the Precious Blood, corner of Barthold and Fourth streets, Rev. Francis Nigsch, pastor—Morning mass at 7:45; high mass, with sermon, at 10 a. m., and vespers at 3 p. m.

HAIR GOODS.

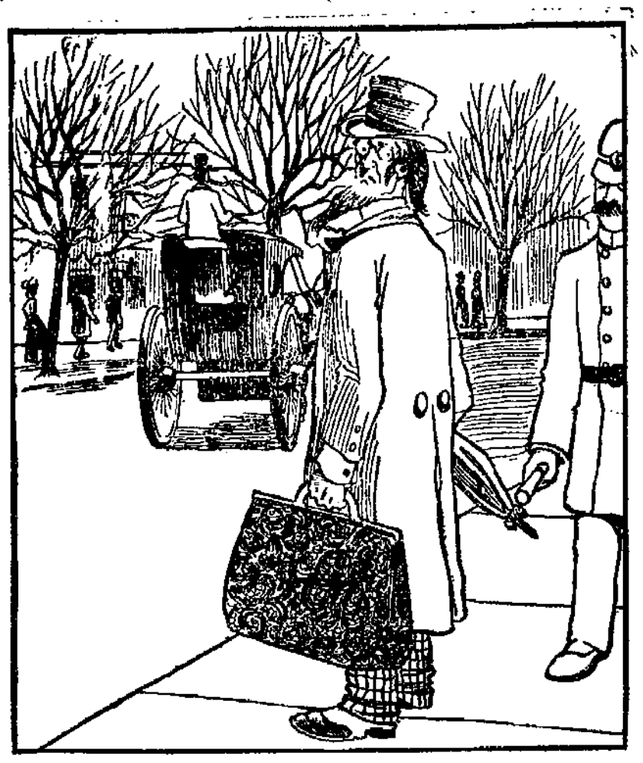
Purchasers will find here only the choicest hair goods; latest in combs, aigretts, bows, etc.

MISS E. C. RODENBECK,
124 Calhoun St. Lau Block.
10-16-tf

For a few days only $1.00 and $1.25 books at 25c. See list in another column 5-tf

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

A PUZZLE PICTURE.



CAN YOU SEE THE BUNKO STEERER?

A Lurking Danger.

TO FORT WAYNE PEOPLE.

There's a lurking danger in a bad back.

Most backache pains are Kidney Ills.

The kidneys filter the blood, keep it pure and healthy.

When the kidney filters become clogged up many serious disorders follow quickly.

Backache, headache, weariness, nervousness make you miserable all the time.

Neglect sick kidneys, urinary disorders set in, Diabetes, Bright's Disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills

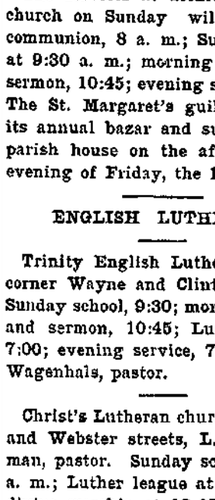
cure every form of Kidney Ills. They act on the kidneys only. Doan's Kidney Pills are indorsed by people you know, by Fort Wayne people.

Prof. A. Keller, of 157 Wells street, says: "Kidney trouble with me was not of a few days' standing, but had been bothering me for a long time, and I had tried many different remedies without getting much relief. As I was reading our paper one day I happened to notice an article about Doan's Kidney Pills, so I went to Meyer Bros. & Co.'s drug store and got a box. Before I began taking them I had a very bad headache, dizzy spells and my feet and back swelled. As soon as I began the use of Doan's Kidney Pills I could feel that the symptoms were growing less, and from day to day I kept improving until I had taken all of the box. I was then stronger and my health was better than it had been for months."

All druggists, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Law

Of health has no uniformed guardians of its peace. If it had there would be arrests innumerable in every restaurant every day of the year. Both in the quantity and quality of the food they eat and in the manner of its consumption men and women sin each day against the laws of health. Those who will not heed Nature's warnings cannot escape her punishments, and dyspepsia or stomach "trouble" is the invariable penalty of careless eating.



There is no other medicine for diseases of the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition which can compare with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures these diseases perfectly and permanently, and enables the building up of the whole body into vigorous health.

"I took two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for stomach trouble," writes Clarence Carnes, Esq., of Taylorstown, Loudoun Co., Va. "It did me so much good that I didn't take any more. I can eat most anything now. I am so well pleased with it I hardly know how to thank you for your kind information. I tried a whole lot of things before I wrote to you. There was a gentleman told me about your medicine, how it had cured his wife. I thought I would try a bottle of it. I am glad I did, for I don't know what I would have done if it had not been for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

"77"

USED HABITUALLY KEEPS OFF THE

GRIP

Persons who take "77" habitually never have a severe attack of Grip, and so are not among the wrecks caused by this insidious disease.

"77" breaks up Coughs, Colds, Grip, Catarrh, Influenza, Bronchitis and Sore Throat by restoring the checked circulation, starting the blood coursing through the veins—relieving the congestion—giving the liver, heart and lungs a chance to act. Take "77" early and persistently to get the best results.

At all Druggists 25 cents, or mailed on receipt of price. Doctor's Book mailed free. Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., cor. William and John streets, New York.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL, CONSULT .....

DR. WENGER, SPECIALIST,

25 years European and American hospital and private practice experience for all Desperate, Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases of Head, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidney, Stomach, Heart, Bowels, Bladder, Blood, Skin, Eye, Ear and Sexual Diseases.

Kidney and Urinary weak back, pain in side, abdomen, bladder, sediment in urine, brick dust or white, painful urnacious, Bright's disease and all diseases of the bladder.

Private Diseases—Gleet, Gonorrhoea, Inflammations, Discharges, Strictures, Weaknes of Organs, Syphilis, Hydrocele, Varicocele and kindred troubles quickly restored.

Lost Manhood and all its attending ailments, both young, middle-aged and old men. The awful effects of early indiscretions, producing weakness, nervous debility, night emissions, exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, loss of energy and weakness of both body and brain.

Cancers, Tumors, Piles cured without knife or pain.

Do not let timidty or prejudice keep you from calling.

OFFICE DAYS—Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays.

Sunday hours, 2 to 4 only.

Dr. N. R. Wenger,
126 Calhoun Street,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

TO THE SICK AND AFFLICTED.

WHO ARE SUFFERING from any cause and cannot get well, consult the eminent specialist, DR. CHARLES ALBERT ZIMMERMAN. There's probably no physician or specialist in Fort Wayne or elsewhere who is curing more chronic, obstinate lingering diseases and cancers than he is.

IN A PRACTICE OF 27 YEARS, he has to his credit 3,047 cured cancers; 119 cured cancers this year.

OBSTINATE DISEASES, even in their most aggravated forms of the head, throat and lungs, female diseases, dropsy, heart, stomach, kidneys, bladder, nerves, muscles, bones, paralysis, rheumatism, all bad blood and skin diseases, structure, varicocele and all diseases of the sexual organs of man or woman quickly cured by new method. No failures, a perfect cure in every case. Read what grateful patients say of his skill and success.

A NEW TESTIMONIAL EVERY WEEK.

South Whitley, Ind., Oct. 5, 1901.

Dr. Charles A. Zimmerman, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Respected Sir: I am pleased to announce to the public and all who suffer in any way from lung trouble that your skillful treatment has completely cured me of a serious lung trouble (consumption hereditary). I had been treated by our local physicians without receiving any benefit. You have given me every satisfaction. I only regret that I did not apply to you sooner. The proverb says: "Better late than never." I can now perform my daily work, a thing I could not do before commencing your treatment six months ago. Pains in my lungs are all gone. No more cough. Now that I am cured, please accept my best wishes and thanks for the prompt manner in which you attended to my case. I say to all consumptives, go to Dr. Zimmerman. He can cure you. CLYDE F. MONTZ.

Write for Electro Medical Cleaner. It will explain why we cure where others fail. Sample copy free. Address Sanitarium, 36 West Wayne Street.

Mme. Zimmerman, M. E. M. B. C.

DERMATOLOGIST AND BEAUTY SPECIALIST. Superfluous hair, moles, warts, pimples, black heads, scars and all facial blemishes permanently removed with the electric needle without scarring.

ZIMMERMAN BEAUTY COLLEGE,
36 West Wayne Street.

A NIGHT AT THE PLAY.

"FLORADORA" COMING.

There is one thing about which Managers John C. Fisher and Thos. W. Ryley are very particular and that is that in the announcements of "Floradora's" great run in New York city their representatives confine themselves to facts. The tremendous success of the play, which has passed the end of it first year on Broadway, has been such an unheard of thing in theatrical history there is no need of exaggerating the real condition of the play's success, the management considering the actual record remarkable enough without having the advance agent overtax his brain for the sake of adding to it. "Floradora" never had any need of extravagant booming, for counts for very much, is the most cordial manner and to the gratifying results it has received wherever presented—at the same time the novelty of the theme. Very little of late years has been written in the dramatic of the gold fields and the slums of New York, consequently there is very much to interest. For the presentation of this play the company engaged are of the very best in their various lines and particular spheres.

"THE LITTLE RED SCHOOL HOUSE."

Not since Dickens came over the water and swayed the public to laughter and tears has any writer taken captive a whole people and made them laugh nd weep as will as

Marguerita Sylva in "The Princess Chic."

before it was six weeks old in its American production the magnificent quality of its music, the superior merit of the players engaged in its presentation and the gorgeous production which it received had set the whole country talking.

The sale of seats for the engagement at the Masonic Temple theater will commence Tuesday morning. As the play is to be here for one night only, there is good reason to believe that some box office records will be broken.

"SUNSET MINES."

"Sunset Mines," which is said to be a beautiful play of heart interest, and brimful of life and action, and in which the scenery of the different localities in which the play is laid is correct, will be seen at the Temple next Saturday. The chief attraction of the play, and which probably ac-

has Hal Reid in his new play, "The Little Red School House." The title is reminiscent of everyone's childhood days and what pleasant memories it revives in the minds of all. "The Little Red School House" is a play in which love's old sweet song is sung in the sunsets and moonlights of South Carolina to the tunes of the nightingales and whipper-wills, accompanied by the golden and everlasting harp-chord of a mother's love. It is as fragrant as the breath of violets. Mr. Reid personally appears in this play in the leading role, assisted by Bertha Belle Westbrook and a capable company under the efficient and liberal management of F. C. Whitney, who has staged it in a most elaborate manner. "The Little Red School House" will be seen at the Temple December 12.

"CAUGHT IN THE WEB."

Joseph Le Brandt's great four-act drama, "Caught in the Web," will be seen for the first time at the Temple next Tuesday evening. The play is said to be a happy combination of pathos and humor. The comedy element is introduced in a natural manner to brighten the dark, seamy side of life as it is lived in New York—that bee-hive of bustling, bustling humanity, all intent upon the pursuit of wealth—some in the broad sunlit ways of honesty, others along the dark narrow alleys of vice and crime. Each side is shown in his magnificent play, and a great moral lesson is taught. Both the play and company have met with the most pronounced success everywhere. The lavish manner in which the piece is presented, the superb company, the five gorgeous sets of scenery and the magnificent costumes has been the talk of every city in which "Caught in the Web" has been seen. Prices 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

WILLIAM H. CRANE AS "DAVID HARUM."

William H. Crane is as happy this season as he was last in the possession of a play, which, in point of drawing ability, outshines even "The Senator" in its palmiest days. The play in question is the dramatization of "David Harum," which he gave for four months in New York last season and just closed a six weeks' engagement in Chicago, and which is to ask attention at the Temple theater on Monday evening, Dec. 16. Charles Frohman, who is now Mr. Crane's manager, owns the dramatic rights to the book, and he entrusted the work of transplanting by Westcott, from the leaves of the book to the stage, to R. and M. W. Hitchcock. The comedy is divided into three acts, and all of its scenes are laid in Homeville, New York. The first act shows David Harum trading horses, the second doing business in his bank, and the last pictures the better side of his nature in his home. The comedy is full of the atmosphere of a bustling little country town, and it retains all of the characters and many of the bright and odd expressions of the book. Mr. Crane's make-up as Harum is described as excellent, and his portrayal of the man is in his best and most artistic vein. In the horse trade with Deacon Perkins he is especially good, and his telling of the visit to the circus is one of the most artistic things in the play. Mr. Frohman selected the company and it contains some clever character actors. Among them are William Sampson, Charles J. Jackson, Frank Burbeck, Harry M. Blake, W. Rawley, W. H. Dupont, Sheridan Tupper, Guy Nichols and Charles Avery. Nesbett, Miss Kate Meek and Miss Lois Frances Clark. The sale of seats commences at the box office next Tuesday morning. Prices 50c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

MARGUERITA SYLVA IN "THE PRINCESS CHIC."

Lovers of light opera are to renew the acquaintance at the Temple theater Monday with the newest and, from all accounts, the most successful of recent American prima donna

Scene From "The Little Red School House."

stars, Miss Marguerita Sylva. Miss Sylva comes at the head of an especially strong singing company, organized by Manager Kirk LaShelle for the expleitation of his pretty and dashing opera comique, "The Princess Chic." This is Miss Sylva's second season as a star and, during her tour last season she was so successful everywhere that those who are familiar with her work feel sure that Fort Wayne, like all the other cities in which she has appeared in "The Princess Chic," will again place upon her the sign and seal of approval.

Those who have seen "The Princess Chic" will recall that it is an opera comique of a much higher grade of excellence, both as to music and porary comic opera offering. In writing it, Kirke LaShelle, the librettist, and Julian Edwardes, the composer, were evidently moved by the commendable desire to provide a much more ambitious and meritorious offering than the average modern light opera. It will be recalled that in his book Kirke LaShelle has succeeded admirably in securing and transferring to the stage the romantic atmosphere of the medieval days of feudal splendor through which the story runs. He has given the opera a coherent and consistent plot that possesses real interest and much dramatic power. Much of the success with which the opera has met must be credited to Julian Edwardes, the composer of the score. Mr. Edwardes has succeeded in giving a truly characteristic musical setting to the happy lines in Mr. LaShelle's lyrics and he has injected into his music the dash and swing and vim of the wild, free days which Mr. LaShelle chose for the period of his opera. Stage settings and costumes of really unusual richness and beauty have been provided for the opera by Manager LaShelle and, on its tour last season, the greatest praise was bestowed upon his generosity as shown in the lavish outlay made upon this production.

But it is the personality of Marguerita Sylva that is said to augment and accentuate the genuine charm of the opera. This clever vocalist, who is a native of Brussels, Belgium, and who has been pursuing her dramatic career since she was but nine years old, is a remarkably beautiful woman. She combines the romance of the orient with the dashing vivacity of the Parisienne in her beauty. The piece is staged superbly and carries a splendid chorus. It will disappoint many lovers of refined music if it is not the musical sensation of the season. In selecting the company for the support of his new star, Mr. LaShelle has been guided first of all by the desire for vocal excellence and he firmly believes that, in the Marguerita Sylva Opera company, he is presenting what is unquestionably the strongest singing organizatiton on the American light opera stage. In the company are, besides Miss Sylva, Hubert Wilke, Edward A. Metcalfe, recently the principal comedian with Alice Nielsen; Walter A. Lawrence, Thomas C. Leary, Frederick Knights and Neil McNell. Miss Dorothy Hunting, a society woman from Toronto, Ont., whom Manager LaShelle asserts has a phenomenal contralto voice, and Miss Edna Floyd, are also in Miss Sylva's company.

William H. Crane as "David Harum."

WILL BUY PASSENGER LAUNCH

FOR 'BUS SERVICE AT ROME CITY.

Boat Will Meet All Trains and Will Call For and Deliver Passengers at Cottages.

A launch service which will prove a great convenience for the cottagers at Rome City will be inaugurated next summer at the resort. The Rome City Steamer company, composed mostly of Fort Wayne gentlemen, has decided to purchase a launch which will meet all trains and call for and deliver passengers at any part of the lake. The boat will also carry light freight and will be used to a limited extent for towing purposes.

M. F. Owen and Edward Gilmartin have left for the east, where they will inspect a number of models of gasoline launches with a view of purchasing. The boat will be thirty-five feet long, eight feet beam and will draw slightly over a foot of water. Such a boat can be purchased for about $800 or $1,000.

By the following season the company expects to have another passenger boat in service on the lake, which will be a great improvement on the two which have been in service for many years past. It will be about sixty or seventy feet long and will be designed to carry between two hundred and three hundred persons.

The level of the lake was recently lowered over four feet in order that the beaches might be cleaned of weeds. Many improvements are being made at the popular resort and quite a number of cottages are being erected this fall.

BEWARE OF OINTMENTS FOR CATARRH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio by F. J. Cheney and Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price, 75c. per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Get one of the $1.00 and $1.25 books at The Sentinel office for 25c. See list in another column. 5-tf

WABASH EXCURSIONS.

St. Louis, Mo.—$10.00 round trip. Tickets at this low round trip rate will be sold for train No. 3, the St. Louis limited, on Saturday nights only, and good to return on all trains up to and including train No. 6, leaving St. Louis at 2:45 Monday morning. This gives you twenty hours in the world's fair city dec2-tf

Clearing Sale at Daugherty's. Fort Wayne's finest Millinery is now on sale at exactly half price, regardless of cost or value.
4-4t

GREAT YIELD OF A BIG FARM

THE PRODUCT OF MONDAMIN MEADOWS FOR 1901.

Carefully Kept Record of an Allen County Farm Conducted Along Advanced Lines.

Mondamin Meadows, Hon. T. E. Ellison's splendid farm of 400 acres in Aboit township, is not only one of the larger of Allen county farms, but it easily ranks among the most productive. Mr. Ellison laughingly lays claim to being "a book farmer," and Mondamin Meadows is conducted along the most advanced lines as to methods, system and detail.

Below will be found a report of the yield of this farm during the past year, and it will prove of much interest—the more so when it is remembered that much of the land has been reclaimed by drainage during the past few years, and it illustrates the wonderful possibilities of this fertile section when capably and systematically managed.

To the Editor—You frequently publish the business done by manufacturing establishments, so I thought that you might like to report the output of my farm, Mondamin Meadows. In order that your readers may understand the report made by my foreman, I wish to say that my farm consists of 400 acres of bottom land. Mrs. Ellison farms about 18 acres of this. She will not allow a tree, a brush, or even a weed cut down on her part. About 12 acres of her part is natural forest, about three acres a dense growth of sumach, sassafras, quakenasp and other small timber, and about three acres an open glade, where golden rod and iron weed grow in profusion. Nature is doing her utmost upon the small hills and in the glade to make this part most beautiful, from the time of spring beauties to the late asters, with all kinds of flowers and vines, and when our friends gather and enjoy the shade and delightful resting places, and gather wild roses and wild strawberries in great profusion, we feel an ample rental is returned from this part of the farm.

About sixteen acres is set aside for barnyards, the dwelling houses, the dairy and that part of the orchard that can not be used for any profitable purpose. About fifty acres on the north end of the farm is permanent pasture, of which thirty acres is in a well timbered grove.

On the south end of the farm we have set apart forty-five acres of open ground, and five acres of timber land, which the foreman speaks of as furnishing pasture to the young cattle. The remainder of the farm is utilized in the raising of the various crops from which we feed our stock and derive our income.

During the season of 1900 there was about forty acres of this tillable land cleared and made ready for the crops of 1901, and is used the first time this year. All the rest of the land has been used from one to ten years, as we gradually cleared and drained it. During the season of 1900 we put up 650 tons of ensilage, and cribbed 3,300 bushels of corn, storing about 100 tons of shredded fodder and 50 tons of hay. This was all used on the farm and we bought about $60 worth of hay in addition.

Yours truly,
T. E. Ellison.

Mondamin Meadows, December 1, 1901.—Mr. Ellison: As we have all our crops in the barns and cribs, I thought you might like to know, in a general way, what we have raised since I took charge of the farm last winter.

The first work we had, outside of the dairy and general care of the stock, was putting up ice. This we did in February, when we stored 100 tons, at a total expense of 63 cents per ton. (When the cost of doing work is given, the time of the men is estimated at $1 per day; man and team at $2.25 per day.)

Early in the spring we sowed one bushel of oats per acre on forty-five acres (the south permanent pasture). At the same time we sowed alsik and red clover, with several kinds of grass seed, so as to secure a permanent pasture. We turned thirty-two head of cattle onto these oats May 26th, and they grew and did finely until October 24th, when they were taken to the barn. The clover and grass did not do so well until this fall because of the dry season. It now shows a most excellent catch, and promises large pasturage for next year.

On the 16th day of April we sowed two acres of alfalfa, thirty pounds of alfalfa seed and three pecks of oats to each acre.

On the 18th of June we cut and put up three and one-half tons of hay, three-fifths oats and two-fifths alfalfa.

On the 18th of October we cut and stored two tons more, entirely alfalfa, making eight tons for the first season.

On April 25th we drilled four acres in oats and peas—one bushel of oats, one and one-half of peas to each acre—for green feed. Two weeks later we drilled three and one-half acres more in the same manner. This furnished green feed for 100 cows for four weeks, in addition to the feed they got from the fifty acres of permanent pasture.

On the 27th of April we planted or drilled five acres of corn. This grew very rapidly, and on the 4th of July much of it was from nine to ten feet high. Two and one-half acres of this furnished green feed for the 100 cows from the time the oats and peas were gone, about July 12th, until August 15th, when we commenced making ensilage.

On May 2 we began planting our field corn, and with one team finished planting 152 acres on the 22nd. Fifteen acres of this corn was considerably damaged by a wind storm, and the fodder had to be cut very high, and the corn was lighter than the rest of the field. From fifty acres of this field corn we put up 630 tons of ensilage. From the other 102 acres we husked and gathered into the cribs over 7,200 bushels of corn, and shredded and put into the barn between 450 and 500 loads of fodder, which I estimate at 200 tons. This corn was all cut with one McCormick harvester, and husked and shredded with a Big Four Stevens husker and shredder.

On the 24th of June we began mowing our small red clover. From twenty acres we put forty-one large loads of hay in the barn, as much as could be hauled upon a haywack 18 feet long.

On the 18th of August we cut 15 acres of this same clover field and gathered 20 loads.

On the 26th of April we sowed two bushels of oats per acre on six acres for hay, and gathered 16 large loads.

On the 24th of July we sowed 4½ acres of millet, one bushel per acre, and on the 20th of September cut and took up nine large loads.

On the 4th of May we sowed broadcast ¾ of an acre of Dwarf Essex rape; in three weeks more half an acre in addition. We had 51 shoats and 9 large hogs. We began feeding this to them on the 17th of June, and they had all they could eat twice each day, until frosts in November, and there was still a quarter of an acre of the second growth left untouched.

We had 11½ acres of wheat, Winter King variety. We thrashed, machine measure, 337 bushels; this was loaded into a car and shipped to Toledo, and we were given credit for 397 bushels. We had as much straw as is usually found on 25 acres; it had fallen down considerably, and we had great trouble in gathering it with the reaper, and lost on that account quite an amount of grain.

Our garden, as you know, was cared for by one man. I think we helped him as much as he helped us. It was not large, but the yield was good. Your family and two other families on the farm were furnished with all the vegetables they could use. In addition to this the boarding house, where we cared for from ten to twenty-five people, also had an abundance, and Mr. Gilbert, the gardener, sold $125 worth besides, while not a few of your friends when visiting you were presented with melons, corn and numerous other things that we grew. We have on hand 500 heads of cabbage for winter, besides an abundance of other garden produce such as beans, peas, sauerkraut, turnips, beets, parsnips, squash, onions, and if I count in the canned fruit that was put up on the farm, I think it is surely worth over $200.

Our early potatoes did not yield very well, and hence we had to use part of our late potatoes to supply the table during the summer and early fall. We dug one acre for winter use, and put in the cellar 203 bushels of extra fine Rural New Yorkers, No. 2.

We have eight brood sows, and they farrowed, from April the 27th to May 29th, 59 pigs, six of which died from one cause or another. We sold two for $5.00 each when four weeks old. We butchered three. We sold 44 November 15th for $489.19. They averaged 208½ pounds each. We have four left that are as valuable as any we sold. We have 53 shoats from these same mothers now, averaging from eight to ten weeks old.

On the 28th of last January we butchered 11 hogs, worth $127.40 alive. We sold 23 in March for $347, that did not average six months in age.

On January first we had 82 cows and were milking 76. We now have 103, and are milking 95, having bought six at a cost of $215.

January first we had 23 heifer calves under one year old, and 18 over. Now we have 32 under one year old, and 20 over.

The milk yield:

January	27,647 pounds.
February	29,016 pounds.
March	34,612 pounds.
April	36,404 pounds.
May	41,397 pounds.
June	39,291 pounds.
July	38,565 pounds.

An accident occurred to my books and I cannot without going to considerable trouble, give you the report for August, September and October, and as I want to have this right away, I will omit it as not being particularly important. The yield for November was 32,635 pounds. We reserved, as you know, all the milk that the calves needed, and what was desired for the use at the farm. The rest we hauled to the city and sold to the Mondamin Meadows Dairy company.

From March 30th to this day we sold ten cows, four heifers and eleven male calves. We killed six male calves when they were born. We received $357.20 for the same.

I believe this will make a good showing for the farm and what the boys and I have done this year.

Frank G. Martin.

P. S.—For the milk sold we received $8,315.19 at wholesale rates. We paid out during the past year, for new machinery, (equal to the wear and tear of the old), wages, seed, etc., $4,726.53; for bran, $574.39; for gluten feed, $805.75, and for coal $180.

T. E. E.

What Is Rheumatism?

A Disease of the Blood.

WHAT WILL CURE RHEUMATISM?

Smith's Green Mountain Renovator.

You read thousands of arguments trying to prove that rheumatism is a disease of the nerves or is caused by cold or some other similar statement. Ask your doctor and he will tell you that rheumatism is caused by uric acid in the blood. That is why Smith's Green Mountain Renovator is guaranteed to cure rheumatism, because it drives the acid out of the system. If you have this disease and a trial of the Renovator does not cure you our agent will return your money.

Smith's Green Mountain Renovator has made its wonderful record because it cures permanently. It contains no poisons to key up the system and then leave it with weakened heart action or other organs affected; the Renovator from the Green Mountains made from pure herbs builds up the whole body and gives permanent health.

RANKE & NUSSBAUM,
Sole Agents. 88 Calhoun St.

Osmicure Medicinal Soap antiseptic, for infants, toilet, bath 25c
Osmicure Blood-Nerve Tonic great for Bladder & Kidney. 50c. $1.00
Osmicure Ointment Heals Eczema, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Piles. 25c, 50c
Osmicure's Three Remedies Cure all Skin and Blood Diseases.
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MASONIC TEMPLE.....
TONIGHT LAST OF
Nelly Lyons Healy Co.
Scenic Productions.
TONIGHT—"JACK SHEPPARD."
Night Prices—10, 20 and 30c.

MASONIC TEMPLE.
MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 9.
The Kirk LaShelle Opera Company in
"The Princess Chic."
Marguerita Sylva
Prima Donna, supported by a company of 60.
New scenery, fresh costuming, the happiest clerus in America.
Prices—50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.
Seat sale, Thursday, December 5.

MASONIC TEMPLE
TUESDAY, DEC. 10th.
A stupendous production of Joseph LeBrandt's Great Detective Play,
"Caught in the Web."
Georgeous Scenic display.
Every act a sensation, replete with startling situations and mechanical effects, sparkling comedy, thrilling climaxes. A superb company.
Never before at these prices—15, 25, 35 and 50c. Seat sale Monday.

MASONIC TEMPLE.
MONDAY, DEC. 16.
Charles Frohman Presents
Wm. H. Crane
The distinguished comedian, in the dramatization of Westcott's novel,
"DAVID HARUM"
New York cast and production.
Sale of seats begins Tuesday, Dec. 10th. Prices 50c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

SQUAN CREEK FOLKS.

Jep Jones Relates a Case of Family Trouble.

By M. QUAD.

—Copyright, 1898.

Anybody who was minded to spend an hour askin' questions could hev learned all about Squan Creek any day in the week. Everybody knowed all about everybody else, and was always glad to tell all they could. Among the things that was known was that Abner Holt's wife had only four toes on her right foot; that Deacon Parker wore a porus plaster on his back the year 'round; that Solomon Taylor shut his wife up for three days on bread and water for breakin' a gallon jug; that Perry White always licked his seven children twice a week; that Mrs. Cyrus Green was allus borrowin' white sugar of her naybors and payin' back in brown, and other things too numerous to mention. Every house was free for everbody else to run into without knockin' and if anybody got a letter and didn't let at least a dozen people read it there was gossip for a month.

Things was goin' on in this pleasant way when Hiram Carter spread the news one morning that his wife was missin'. It wasn't ten minits before Squan Creek was bublin' with excitement from end to end. As the crowd collected around Hiram at his gate he told how it was. Just before they went to bed his wife had set emptyings for bread, and in doin' so had broke a bowl. They had a jaw about it and he had cuffed her ears. He knowed she was in bed at midnight, because he dreamed of ghosts and woke up; but at daylight she was gone. She hadn't said nuthin' about committin' suicide, but it was his iden that she had gone down to the bear Jim Hopewell lie about his adventures in Mexico. When Jim got through lyin' Moses started for home. As he passed Hiram Carter's he saw a light and heard a scream and a shout. A few seconds later a voice which he could never, never forgit wailed out:

"Help! Help! Oh! Hiram, if you will only spare me this time I will never do it again!"

Moses didn't interfere. Such things occurred now and then in his own family, and he would not brook interference. He didn't even say a word to his wife when he got home, but pulled off his boots, put a piece of stickin' plaster on his sore heel and went to bed to sleep soundly till mornin'. He didn't want to say a word against Hiram Carter, who was allus ready to lend any man tobacco or fishhooks, but Hiram had no business to murder his wife. He couldn't expect his best friends to shield him in that. A search of the house found a gallon of vinegar, two pair of old shoes, four knives with the handles missing and a butcher knife with the point broken off. Some of the folks held that these were evidences of murder, and others that they only showed that Hiram Carter was a man who would stop at nuthin' when his temper was aroused. No blood stains could be found, but that didn't help Hiram any. He had three cats in the house, and of course they had licked up all the blood.

The next day after the arrest Hiram was taken before Squar' Williams to be examined. Everybody thought he would break down and confess and hope to git off with imprisonment for life. He didn't do it, though. He was as ugly and as brassy as you please, and he told the squar' that there was more fools to the inch in Squan Creek than anywhar' else on the face of the airth. He didn't hesitate to say that he'd boxed his wife's ears over that broken bowl, but the idea of his murderin' her made him laugh. Twenty-one witnesses were sworn agin him, and they made out an awful case. Accordin' to the varus stories, most of the people of Squan Creek had gone to bed every night in the year for 15 years expectin' Hiram Carter to murder his wife before mornin'. Nobody was surprised that it had come about at last. The only wonder was how sich a desperate villain had held himself in so long. When all the evidence was in and Squar' Williams was ready to bind him over, he said to Hiram:

"I know jest how you felt when your wife broke that bowl. 'Twasn't a month ago that my own wife broke the nose off a pitcher, and before I knowed it I was cullin' her ears. If you'll plead guilty and tell us what the body is, it'll count in your favor."

Hiram shook his head and grinned. The squar' called him a hardened wretch and was about to announce that he was held for trial, when the murdered woman walks into court and says:

"Dein' as Hiram boxed my ears when I wasn't to blame, and bein' I was mad about it, I got up and hid in the woodshed and hev bin there all the time!"

That was an awful blow to Squan Creek. Real estate dropped 50 per cent. right then and there, and fishhooks went up to five cents apiece before night. That wasn't all, however. Hiram Carter was a forgivin' man in a gineral way, but he wasn't forgivin' to them witnesses. It took him four weeks to git to the last man, but he kept at it till he licked every one, and the mercantile and other business suffered so that Brigantine Shoals got two years ahead of us, and has kept the lead ever since.

"THE MURDERED WOMAN WALKS INTO COURT."

WHEN YOU GET A HEADACHE

Don't waist a minute but go to your druggist and get a box of Krause's Headache Capsules. They will prevent pain, even though your skull were cracked. They are harmeless, too. Read the guarantee. Price 25c. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Your choice of 32 books for 25c. See the list in another column 5-tf

TEMPERANCE NOTES

BEGIN AGAIN.

What Tom Sands Needed After He Was Discharged from the Inebriate Asylum.

Everyone in Oakdale knew when Tom Sands was sent to an inebriate asylum. His mother was born in the village, and, although she now lived, and had for many years lived, in New York city, all the village people were interested in her and her family. When Tom was discharged, cured, he went up to his grandfather's farm in Oakdale, and all the village made ready to help him and give him good advice. The old ladies shook hands with him silently, shaking their heads as over a dead body; the old men spoke many plain words of warning.

"To think of your going down that low, Thomas! At your age!"

"Had you no thought of your mother? I hear her hair's turned white in these last two years."

These were some of the greetings which he received, and his old friends who said nothing followed him with meaning glances as a criminal condemned to death.

The old doctor gave a dinner for Tom Sands, to which the foremost men in the county were asked. He knew that the young fellow had made a hobby of geology, and asked him to give them his views on the chances of finding oil or natural gas on their farms. Tom was interested and talked well; the

JUST OUT OF AN ASYLUM.

men listened respectfully. They were cordial and friendly. After they were gone the doctor and Tom discussed the chances if Tom should take up the oil business, showing him that he expected him to make a success with his knowledge and shrewdness.

"You forget one thing," the young man said, bitterly, "that I am just out of an asylum for drunkards. You have not reminded me of it once."

"Why should I remind you of it?" said the doctor, earnestly. "Why should you remind yourself of it? When a man, with God's help, has strangled a vice, is he to sit brooding over the foul thing for the rest of his life? Carry it about with him as a criminal used to do, chained to the dead body he had killed? No; forget it, Tom. Waken the other man that is in you, strong, clean, helpful. Leave the old sin to God's mercy, and begin again, boy—begin again."

There are many lads who need this counsel as much as Tom Sands.—Youth's Companion.

TEMPERANCE FACTS.

Arrests for drunkenness in 129 cities of the United States are said to aggregate 312,000 during the last fiscal year.

Dr. Wynn Westcott, an English coroner, says: It is very rare that a teetotaler takes his own life. During the year 1899 he held 58 inquests upon suicides, 27 being males and 21 females, not one of whom was a total abstainer.

At the bottom of the wonderful physical vitality of the Turkish race is the universal abstinence of the common people. They are the most abstemious race on the earth and the healthiest. The soldiers, peasants, merchants and members of the learned professions never touch alcohol, although the upper classes of Constantinople drink considerably.

The sale of liquor by religious associations in France is causing considerable comment at the present time. It is possible that the force of public opinion will make itself felt in Rome and an end made of the iniquity. The Evangelist quotes M. Clemenceau as stating that "five religious communities sell wine wholesale; six sell liquor wholesale; two sell alcohol exclusively; four sell liquors retail; seven convents are patented as distillers, and nine as inns, with billiard playing allowed." All together there are 2,500 religious establishments in France carrying on some kind of mercantile traffic.

An Autobiography.

"My name is Ethyl Alcohol. Allow me to make a plain statement once for all. I am in whisky, but not in the grain from which it is made; in malt liquor, but not in malt; in fermented grape juice, but not in grapes; in perry, but not in pears; in cider, but not in apples. I am in nothing that grows. Neither am I, properly speaking, a product of growth; I am the offspring of decay. No chemist, giving the analysis of grain, or any of the roots of fruits from which I am manufactured, would ever dream of saying that I, Ethyl Alcohol, was found in any of them until decomposition set in."—National Advocate.

Profits of Liquor Business.

The Guinness Brewing company, of Dublin, Ireland, which brews upward of 2,000,000 barrels of beer annually, and which paid a tax of $3,890,600 upon that article to the British government last year, reports to its stockholders that its profits for the year ending June 29 last were $4,200,000, an increase of seven and one-half per cent. over the previous year. From these profits $500,000 was reserved for capital and contingent accounts, $150,000 for depreciations and $240,000 was carried to surplus. The regular preferred charges were paid, also 20 per cent. to ordinary stockholders. The ordinary stock received one per cent. more than in the previous year, and four per cent. more than in 1895.—Wine and Spirit Gazette.

MODERN ATTACK ON SALOON.

New Methods Should Be Employed to Break Its Hold Upon the Communities Where It Is Entrenched.

The only true basis of reform is a thorough understanding of actual conditions. To lead a successful assault on the camp of an enemy, one must know exactly the number and character of the fortifications, the source of supply, and the secret of its strength. In our efforts to diminish the evils arising from intemperance, and to dislodge the saloon as it exists in our American cities, it is necessary to know precisely how it has obtained and continues to hold the patronage of so large a number of the population.

In 1895, an investigation in the city of Boston estimated that about 225,000 people daily visited the saloons in that city, or approximately 50 per cent. of the entire population. A still more recent inquiry in Chicago fixed the daily patronage in the saloons of that city at something over 900,000, or over 50 per cent. of the population. The question to be carefully considered is: Why does one out of every two persons in these cities visit the saloon?

Close investigation has revealed that the saloon has entrenched itself firmly in the total of the life of the community, and ministers to many desires besides the thirst for drink. The American saloon to-day is not only a drinking-place. It is a social rendezvous, the center for gossip and fellowship for many of its patrons. It fills the place of the club of the rich man. It is a political headquarters, as many saloons openly advertise by their names. It is the only restaurant which thousands of workingmen ever frequent—and by its free meals offers irresistible attractions for many who otherwise would not enter. It is an amusement center and offers the baseball scores, the pugilistic news and vaudeville entertainment, all free of charge. It is a labor bureau, a post office, sometimes even a lodging house and always a convenient place to spend a half hour and to meet one's friends.

The literature descriptive of this aspect of the liquor question is comparatively recent. Readers may recall an article in a late number of The Outlook, on "Why Workingmen Drink." This vivid narrative clearly sets forth the firm hold of the saloon on working people. Prof. Wykoff's "The Workers," and the last volume of the Committee of Fifty on "Substitutes for the Saloons," are other contributions in which this aspect of the saloon is set forth. The conclusion to which these investigations all point is that the saloon can never be dislodged until other methods are devised for supplying the varied opportunities of the saloon. Places of popular amusement, reading-rooms, cheap lunch rooms, model lodging houses, clubs and gymnasiums—all these need to be provided, free of cost or at normal rates, for the working people, without the drink. By this means the great hold which the saloon now has on the affections and loyalty of the people will be weakened, and the saloon itself can either be banished entirely or its capacity for harm greatly diminished.

In this work of providing social attractions for the people as rivals to the saloon, the Woman's Christian Temperance Union can be of the greatest assistance. Reading-rooms can be opened along our streets; five-cent lunch rooms can be operated in the vicinity of factories, club rooms can be offered to labor unions at very low rates, gymnasiums for young men can be opened at small cost, and will never fail to be filled. In these and kindred ways an attack will be made on the saloon at a most vulnerable point. In closing this article, reference will be made to the experience of a union in Denver, which succeeded by this means in closing two saloons, which were having a most harmful influence.

Some six or seven years ago the street railway company built a large barn in the Fifteenth ward. As there were usually a large number of the employes of the company in and about the barn, the liquor men lost no time in locating two saloons and a pool room, just across the street. The inevitable results followed, and complaints were common regarding the lawlessness of the neighborhood. In 1896 the Woman's Christian Temperance union applied to the superintendent of the railway company for a room in the car-barn, in which to establish a reading-room; this the superintendent gladly furnished them free of charge. At the present time (three years later) one of the saloons has gone out of business, and the other has scarcely half the patronage that it once had. The majority of the railway employes spend the most of their spare time in the reading-room; while the "gang" that once terrorized the neighborhood has melted away.

This is only one illustration of what may be done by this method. Will not many more unions join in this modern attack upon the saloon?—Raymond Calkins, in Union Signal.

NONDRINKERS BEST FIGHTERS

What the Boer War Has Shown as to Effect of Spirituous Drinks on the Battlefield.

It is known that the sturdy president of the Transvaal republic, Kruger, is a total abstainer, and that in his country many effective measures have been taken for the suppression of alcoholism. In the present war with England, the use of alcohol has been prohibited by the Boers, and the significance of this fact has been discussed by one of the nonabstinent partakers of the campaign, Fr. van Straaten, in an article sent from Lorenzo Marques to the Deutsche Warte. He says that people in Europe are generally of the opinion that before a battle the soldier must have his brandy, that it gives him courage, warms his stomach, increases his power of resistance and endurance of fatigue, and makes him oblivious of danger and hunger. In the Boer army the drinking of brandy was forbidden, and the introduction of spirituous liquors into the camp was prevented as much as possible. "From these regulations," he says, "we have obtained the best results. In all weather our people have sat in the saddle and traveled hundreds of miles with scarcely the loss of a single man. There were no uniforms manufactured according to the teaching of hygiene. Everyone went clothed just as he would about his work in time of peace. Many had not even one warm cloak, and yet we endured the fiery heat of the African day and the following piercing cold of the night without injury to health. We were often for months under no roof, and in no bed, but no 'stomach warmer' was ever handed out.

"I have during the campaign asked various physicians their opinion on this point. They are almost universally of the opinion that the wonderful power of endurance of the Boer army has in great part been due to their total abstinence from spirituous drinks. Men say that brandy makes privation more endurable. No word of that is true. It is also a fable that when one takes spirituous drinks it relieves fatigue. All that is true is that the drinker does not measure the extent of the danger, and on that account disdains it, even if he is cowardly by nature. In earlier times when the method of fighting was to run down the antagonist by a wild dash, alcohol probably had its effect. But modern scientific warfare has other features to reckon with. The intoxicated madman who might rush over the field in vehement charges would be shot collectively and individually under the quick fire of the repeating guns. But now tranquillity, cold-blooded deliberation, iron endurance, a steady hand, a clear eye, a quick decision, are the qualifications which the warrior of the present day must possess in order to make the rifle in his hand his formidable weapon. To remain hour after hour undercover, and coolly, with the sharpshooter's eye, wait the cautious approach of the enemy, or, in attack, to scan with falcon's eye every stone, every rise of ground, every molehill in order, if possible, to come upon the enemy unperceived—that is business which requires actual courage, but not that drunken tumbling into danger with which one whose brain is clouded by the use of alcohol enters into a battle. The thing is not to underestimate danger, but to recognize it by foresight to diminish it, and, if that is not possible, to meet it coolly.

"How far the hygienic experience which we have gained by the prohibition of spirituous drinks in this war will prove correct for non-African conditions is difficult to decide at this point. Personally I think that general conclusions may very certainly be drawn from the facts here given, and will only add that the auxiliary European troops which are accustomed at home to the use of spirituous drinks have done very well with tea and coffee. Their condition of health was also entirely satisfactory, although many in this war became accustomed for the first time to the African climate, and most of them knew only by heresay of the fatiguing hunter's life of the subtropical campaign.

"Conversely, it very frequently happens where troops and officers defy all measures of prudence and break into stores of brandy or wine that great injury follows."—Berlin Educational Transcript.

Brine springs flow under the town of Norwich, England. They have been there for centuries, and were used for the production of salt long before the Christian era.

WANTED GOOD HOMES FOR CHILDREN.

Persons desiring to take children to bring up and able to give them good comfortable homes and a common school education are invited to call on or address The Allen County Orphans' home, Fort Wayne, Ind. References are required from all applicants for children. 10-15d-wtf

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SUGARS, ALL GRADES, REDUCED ½c POUND.

Granulated Sugar, 5c lb. — Coffee A Sugar, 5c lb.
Powdered Sugar, 5½c lb. — Yellow Extra C Sugar, 4½c lb.
Cut Loaf Sugar, 6½c lb. — New Orleans Sugar, 4c lb.

TEAS—GREEN, OOLONG AND JAPAN.

Fine grade of Teas command full price; beside the war in China and a heavy duty has put the price of teas up. But buying in large quantities and direct from the importer, thereby saving you a profit of 10c to 20c pound.

Extra Good Young Hyson, 35c lb. — English Breakfast, 60c lb.
Very Best Young Hyson, 50c lb. — Good Oolong, 35c; Best, 50c lb.
Gunpowder, Good, 40c lb, Best 60c lb. — Good Japan, 40c lb; Best, 50c lb.
Best Ceylon Tea, 60c lb.

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REDUCED 2 CENTS A POUND.

We make a specialty of roasting our best Rio Coffee here at home, and in this way our customers get a much fresher roast than in packages, besides you can see what you are buying, as it is loose and not in packages. It is quite a saving to our customers and a much better article.

Very Best Green Rio, 10c lb. — Our Best Roasted Rio, 12½c lb.
Old Government Java, Green, 25c lb. — Roasted Java, 31c lb.
Rich Mocha, Green, 25c lb. — Roasted Mocha, 31c lb.

LAKE FISH AND BOSTON FISH.

Family White Fish, ½bbl., $1.75. — Best Mackerel, kit, $1.90.
Family White Fish, kit, 60c. — Scotch Herring, keg, $1.25.
No. 1 White Fish, kit, $1.15. — Holland Herring, keg, 90c.
Mackerel, kit, $1.85. — Best Georgia Bank Cod Fish, whole, 8c.
Labrador Herring, 2c each. — Summer Cured Cod Fish, 9c.

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California Green Gages, 15c. — Tidal Wave Tomatoes, 10c can.
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California Apricots, 15c. — Egyptian Corn, 10c.
California Peaches, 17c. — Early June Peas, 10c can.
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Canned Tomatoes, 11 c can.

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California Raisins, 9c lb. — Domestic Apples, 6c lb.
Best California Raisins, 11c lb. — Pitted Plums, 15c lb.
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California Prunes, 6c and 9c lb. — No. 1 Blackberries, 10c lb.
Evaporated Apples, 11c lb. — California Peaches, 10c lb.

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Golden Drips, 30c gallon. — Good New Orleans, 20c gallon.
Best New Orleans, 50c gallon. — Rich Yellow Sorghum, 30c gallon.
Maple Syrup, 75c gallon. — Lyndon Maple Syrup, 25c bottle.

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Harness Oil, 50c gallon. — Neatsfoot, 60c gallon.
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German Kummel, $1.50 gallon. — Whiskies, New, $1.10 and $1.25 gallon.
German Kummel, bottles, 50c. — Whiskies, old, $1.50, $1.75, $2.50 gallon.

FINE CUT AND PLUG TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Winner Fine cut, 35c lb. — Horse Shoe Plug, 45c lb.
Sweet Cuba Tobacco, 35c lb. — Battle Ax, 35c plug; J. T., 18c plug.
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Flor De Anna Cigars, 65c per box. — Corn Cake Smoking, 25c lb.
Artistic Cigars, 65c per box. — American Star, smoking, 29c.
Tau Cigars, $1.25 per box. — Mail Pouch, 5c and 6c pack.

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Window Shades, good, 10c each. — Linoleum, good, 50c square yd.
Window Shades, extra, 25c each. — Linoleum, best, 80c square yd.
Window Shades, best, 30c each. — Floor Oil Cloth, best, 35c yard.
Rag Carpet, good, per yard, 22c. — Floor Oil Cloth, good, 25c yard.
Rag Carpet, home made, per yard, 40c. — Ingrain Carpets, good, 30c yard.
Brussels Carpets, good, yard, 75c. — Ingrain Carpets, 50c yard.
Brussels Carpets, best, yard, 85c. — Extra Supers, per yard, 60c.

Be sure and give us a call and we will save you 20 per cent. on above goods.

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One of the sound financial institutions of Fort Wayne and of this portion of Indiana, is the Davis Medical Company. The officers of the company have for years been known to the business world of Fort Wayne, and in no instance have they been found lacking in either business integrity or public-spirited enterprise. It is a well known fact that in most cities there exists among the professional men a certain well defined jealousy, but in Fort Wayne there is very little of it, and it cannot be gainsaid that among their own professional brothers none stand higher in confidence, esteem and respect than do the members of the Davis Medical Company, and among the financial houses, and business men of the city the company itself is regarded as one of the important and well founded business interests of the city.

The editors of this paper have a certain well defined policy that bars any editorial "puffs" of business men in its columns; but it never withholds its endorsement from any commercial, professional or business institution that is conducted on safe, sound business lines and whose officers are men of high standing and sound integrity in the community. It is deemed by the members of the editorial staff of this paper that it is to the best interests of the city in general and to the people who may be called on to patronize our institutions in particular, to learn from a reliable source the true worth of any institution that may be operating in our midst. It is also our belief that it is the sacred duty of a newspaper to give to the general public this information at any and all times it may be needed. We have received many inquiries from people all over this great country asking as to the reliability of this concern; this in itself is sufficient guarantee that the ground we have just taken is right. The people look to the newspaper and the newspaper men for correct, unbiased information and the editor who is unfaithful to his trust is not worthy of support, and we believe as a usual thing is not prosperous.

We have never had any hesitancy in answering any inquiries as to the reliability of this firm, by saying that there is not in the city of Fort Wayne one that stands higher, nor is there any business conducted by men who are more worthy of public confidence and esteem than are the members of the Davis Medical Company.

We say this fully and freely and with no fear of the most rigid examination that may be made, for first we have satisfied ourselves personally as to the business methods of the firm, and we find them fair, honest and open. We feel sure that anyone who may have dealings with the Davis Medical Company will never have any occasion to say other than good of its officers and employes.

SABBATH SERVICES.

ANNOUNCEMENTS OF THE HOURS OF DEVOTION IN THE CHURCHES OF FORT WAYNE.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Berry street M. E. church, corner Harrison street—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; sermon, 10:30 a. m., subject, "Devotion Declared and Proved;" general class, 12 m.; junior league, 2:30 p. m.; Epworth meeting, 6:30 p. m.; sermon, 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. H. J. Norris, pastor.

Wayne street Methodist Episcopal church, corner Broadway, Asher S. Preston, pastor—Subjects for morning and evening, respectively, "The Water of Life Changed to Wine" and "The Magnetic Christ;" Sunday school at 9:30; class at 12; junior league at 3; league at 6:30, led by Mr. H. W. Brown, topic, "The Value of Influence." Woman's Bible meeting, Tuesday, 3 p. m.; lesson, Gen. 4. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30.

Simpson Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Dawson and Harrison, one square west of Calhoun street—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., superintendent, Miss Edith Zook; morning sermon, 10:30, by Rev. J. A. Patterson, pastor; subject, "The Universal Application of Christianity;" class meeting, 11:45; junior league, 2 o'clock p. m.; vesper service, 6:30, subject, "The Value of Influence;" evening sermon by the pastor. A strong evangelical spirit has prevailed in all the services of this church for the last five or six weeks, resulting in several accessions to the church. The central thought in all these services has been applied Christianity.

St. Paul M. E. church, Walton avenue—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., C. B. Watterson, superintendent; preaching at 10:30; class meeting at 12 m.; singing practice, led by C. B. Watterson, at 3:30; preaching at 7 o'clock. Ladies' Aid will meet Wednesday at 1:30. Official meeting Monday evning, 7:30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. B. Sawyer, pastor.

Trinity M. E. church, corner of Fourth and Cass streets, Charles E. White, pastor—The services for tomorrow will be: Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., F. A. McMakin, superintendent; the pastor will preach at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m.; the morning subject will be, "The Faithful Stewardship;" the classes will meet at 11:45 a. m.; the junior league will hold its session at 3 p. m., with Mrs. Charles E. White as superintndent; the Epworth league will observe the usual devotional hour at 6:30 p. m. and Mr. John Parker will have the work in charge. Our monthly business meeting will be held on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Mid-week prayer meeting will be on Wednesday evening; also, the choir will practice after this service.

BAPTIST.

First Baptist church, Jefferson street, between Webster and Harrison—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; public worship at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; sermons by the pastor, Rev. J. N. Field; morning subject, "The Three R's of Christian Living: the Rule, the Region, the Reason;" evening subject, "Woman's Capital: Her Character and Reputation;" junior B. Y. P. U. meeting at 2 p. m.; senior B. Y. P. U. meeting at 6:30 p. m. South Wayne mission at 9 a. m. Lakeside and Hanna street missions at 3 p. m. Culture class Monday at 8 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Several cottage prayer meetings will be held next week. Definite notice will be given later.

REFORMED.

Salem Reformed church, next to postoffice. Sunday school at 9:30; morning services at 10:30; evening services at 7:30. The evening service will be in English. The monthly social of the Ladies' society will be held in their parlors in the rear of the church next Thursday afternoon. Young Peoples' meeting next Wednesday evening.

St. John's Reformed church, corner of Webster and Washington streets, John H. Bosch, pastor—9 a. m., Sunday school; 10:15 a. m., morning services and preaching, subject, "Preparing the Way for the Lord:" 2:45 p. m., meeting of the Young Peoples' Mission society; 7 p. m., devotional meeting of the Young People; 7:30 p. m., evening services and preaching; Wednesday evening, discussion and explanation of Sunday school lesson.

Grace Reformed church, on Washington street, between Barr and Lafayette streets. Sabbath morning services at 10:30, subject of sermon, "How to Make the Church Go;" evening service at 7:30, subject, "How to Win Your Friends for Christ." Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; Young People's meeting, led by the pastor, subject, "The Right Use of Ability." Mid-week service on Wednesday evening; monthly meeting of the official board on Monday evening. A. K. Zartman, pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN.

First Presbyterian church, corner of Clinton and Washington streets, Rev. D. W. Moffat, D. D., pastor. Rev. J. G. Wishard, of Indianapolis, will occupy the pulpit in the morning and will make an address on Persian missions. The meeting is the annual thank offering service of the Woman's Missionary society. Dr. Wishard will address the Sunday school and will probably exhibit the decorations bestowed upon him by the Shah of Persia. There will be special music at the morning service. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening as usual.

Westminster Presbyterian church, West Berry street, between Webster and Ewing; Rev. J. Budman Fleming, pastor.—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m., subject, "Christian Strength." Evening service at 7:30, subject, "Service and Reward." Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:45; prayer meeting Wenesday evening.

Third Presbyterian church, corner Harrison and Taber streets, Rev. J. A. P. McGaw, D. D., pastor. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m., Mr. O. B. Fitch, superintendent; morning service at 10:45, subject of sermon, "Paul and Felix;" offerings for the board of missions for Freedmen; Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m.; evening service at 7:30, subject of sermon, "Jeremiah's Vision of Two Baskets of Figs." Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7:30.

Bethany Presbyterian church, corner Boone and Fry streets. Rev. J. C. Breckinridge, pastor.—Services as follows Sabbath: Teachers' meeting, 9:15; Sunday school at 9:45; continuation of the gospel services a few nights during the week; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.; evening service at 7:30.

EPISCOPALIAN.

The services at Trinity Episcopal church on Sunday will be: Holy communion, 8 a. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; morning service and sermon, 10:45; evening service, 7:30. The St. Margaret's guild will hold its annual bazar and supper in the parish house on the afternoon and evening of Friday, the 13th.

ENGLISH LUTHERAN.

Trinity English Lutheran church, corner Wayne and Clinton streets—Sunday school, 9:30; morning service and sermon, 10:45; Luther league, 7:00; evening service, 7:30. Rev. S. Wagenhals, pastor.

Christ's Lutheran church, Jefferson and Webster streets, L. J. Motschman, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Luther league at 6:45 p. m.; divine worship at 10:45 a. m. At this time the pastor will preach the first of a series of Advent sermons in answering the question, "Why Did Christ Come to the World?" The first will be "Christ, the Fulfillment of Prophecy and Law." At 7:30 p. m. the W. H. and F. M. society will give their annual program. Meeting of the Sunday school association for the election of officers Tuesday at 7:30 p. m.

English Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, West Washington and Fulton streets. Sunday school, 9:15 a. m.; preaching, 10:30 a. m., "Christ's Coming in Glory;" evening service at 7:30, "Priests and Levites —Types of Christ and His Christians." No evening service next Sunday, Dec. 15th. Holy communion Sunday Dec. 22nd. Children's Christmas service Dec. 25th at 7:30 p. m.

Y. W. C. A.

E. A. K. Hackett will conduct the services at the Y. W. C. A. as usual Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Singing by Mrs. William Miles.

CHURCH OF CHRIST.

West Jefferson Street Church of Christ, corner of Griffith street, Rev. Edgar William Allen, pastor—10:30 a. m. Rev. John Eucill, of Syracuse, N. Y., will preach; 7:30 p. m., sermon, "Three Facts About Salvation;" 9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 3 p. m., Junior Endeavor; 6:30 p. m., Christian Endeavor; Monday, 4:30 p. m., children's hour; Monday night Rev. John Eucill will preach; there will be a baptismal service; Tuesday night the Tableau D'Art company will give an entertainment; this is the third entertainment in the People's Lecture Course; Wednesday and Thursday nights Rev. John Eucill will preach; Thursday afternoon the Ladies' Aid society meets with Mrs. Woolley, 59 Swinney avenue.

West Creighton Avenue Church of Christ, corner Miner street and West Creighton avenue, Rev. Z. A. Harris, minister—For week beginning Dec. 8: Lord's Day services: Sunday school, 9.30 a. m.; preaching, 10:30 a. m.; Mr. Burns, of the Railroad Y. M. C. A., will occupy the pulpit in the morning; there will be no evening services; Junior C. E., 3 p. m.; prayer meeting Wednesday evening; teachers' meeting Thursday evening.

UNITED BRETHREN.

Calvary U. B. church, corner of Harmer and Lewis streets, Rev. John W. Lake, pastor—Sunday services: Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., Allen A. Bowser, superintendent; Busy Bees at 2:30 o'clock; Y. P. C. U. devotional meeting at 6:30 p. m., Elmer Guffin, leader; preaching service at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; mid-week services: Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30, W. H. Woodruff, leader.

RAILROAD Y. M. C. A.

Men's meeting at 3 p. m.; address by E. G. Anderson; Bible class led by Hiram A. Phillep, 4 p. m.; regular monthly meeting of the committee of management on Monday at 7:30 p. m.

GERMAN BAPTIST.

Corner Green and Smith streets. J. Ahner, pastor. The usual Lord's day services; Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m., A. M. Ehy, superintendent; preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; song service to begin at 7 p. m.; prayer meeting on Thursday evening.

EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION.

Bethel Evangelical church, corner DeWald and Clinton streets—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; German preaching at 10:30 a. m.; Rev. C. C. Beyer, of South Bend, will preach in the morning; his subject will be "Preaching Christ, the Lord;" English preaching in the evening at 7:30; Young People's Alliance at 6:30 p. m.; subject, "The Right Use of Ability." Mid-week services: Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30; preaching Friday evening by the presiding elder. Rev. D. S. Oakes, of Kendallville. Rev. J. H. Evans, pastor.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Plymouth Congregational church, Jefferson and Harrison streets; Rev. J. Webster Bailey, pastor.—Morning service at 10:45 a. m.; subject of sermon, "God's Message to the Unchurched." Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; B. Paul Mossman, superintendent. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30 p. m. Men's prayer meeting at 6:15. Evening service at 7:30. The pastor preaches morning and evening. Second meeting for systematic Bible study Monday evening at 7:30. "The Doctrine of God." Wednesday evening, monthly missionary concert; subject, "Turkey."

South Congregational church, corner DeWald street and Hoagland avenue; Rev. D. T. Williams, pastor. The services next Sunday will be: Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Subjects of discourses, morning, "The Law of Tithing;" evening, "A Momentous Question." Bible school, 9:30 a. m.; Dr. A. E. VanBuskirk, superintendent. Jr. C. E., 3 p. m.; Sr. C. E., 6:30 p. m. Mid-week service Wednesday evening, 7:30; topic, "Glimpses of Mission Fields."

FREE METHODIST.

Free Methodist church, 268 East Creighton avenue.—Preaching Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; young people's meeting at 7 p. m.; Sunday school at 3 p. m. Cottage holiness meeting Monday night. Class meeting Tuesday night. Prayer and praise service Thursday night. P. S. Shoemaker, pastor.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

First Church of Christ, Scientist.—Services, 10:30 a. m. in Masonic Temple. Subject, "Sacrament;" golden text, "But I say unto you, I will not drink henceforth of this fruit of the vine, until that day when I drink it new with you in my Father's kingdom"—Matthew, 26:29. Responsive reading, John, 21:1-14. Testimonial meetings every Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock, in Harmony hall, 20 West Berry street. Reading rooms open every day at 103 East Berry street.

Second Church of Christ, Scientist.—Services, 10:30 a. m., Sunday, in Jewish temple, No. 96 Harrison street. Subject, "Sacrament;" golden text, "But I say unto you, I will not drink henceforth of this fruit of the vine, until that day when I drink it new with you in my Father's kingdom"—Matthew, 26:29. Responsive reading, John, 21:1-14. Testimonial meetings every Wednesday evening. Reading room open daily except Sunday from 2 to 5 p. m., in the church edifice.

NON-SECTARIAN BIBLE CLASS.

At 3 o'clock every Sunday afternoon a non-sectarian Bible class meets at 199 Lafayette street.

CITY MISSION.

At 170 West Main street, L. Hostetler, superintendent. Services each night at 7:45 and on the Sabbath at 3 p. m.

AFRICAN METHODIST.

A. M. E. church, corner Wayne and Francis streets.—Hours of service: At 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sabbath school at 3 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. Rev. A. Smith, pastor.

GERMAN LUTHERAN.

Emanuel Lutheran, West Jefferson street, Rev. C. Gross, pastor—Sunday services, 10:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

St. John's Lutheran church, corner Washington boulevard and Van Buren street, Rev. H. P. Dannecker, pastor—Services (German), 10:00 a. m.; services (German) for children, 2 p. m.; services (English), 7:30 p. m.

Trinity, corner of Huffman and Oakland streets, Rev. J. A. Bohn, pastor—Sunday services, 10 a. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

German Lutheran Zion's church, Creighton avenue and Hanna street, Rev. H. Chr. Luehr, pastor—Services, 10:00 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sundays.

Grace Lutheran church, corner Pontiac and Gay streets, Rev. A. O. Swinehart, pastor—Services, 10 a. m.; services for children, 2 p. m.

St. Paul's on Barr street, Rev. Jacob Miller, pastor—Services, 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

Evangelical Lutheran Concordia congregation, southwest corner of Fletcher and Alliger streets—Sunday services: Preaching at 10 a. m. and Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Rev. August Lange, pastor.

Emmaus Lutheran, Broadway and Creighton avenue, Rev. Philip Wambsganss, jr., pastor—Sunday services, 10:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Rt. Rev. Herman J. Alerding, D. D., bishop; Rev. P. F. Rothe, pastor; Rev. J. H. Bathe, chancellor; Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, assistant.

Masses at 6, 8, 8:30 (children's services) and 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 2 p. m.; vespers at 3 p. m.

The following meetings are held every Sunday in rotation during the month, commencing at 4 o'clock: First Sunday, Married Men's sodality, Rev. J. H. Bathe, director, and Young Men's sodality, Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director. Second Sunday, Rosary sodality. Third Sunday, Young Ladies' sodality. Fourth Sunday, Boys' sodality, Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director, and Young Girls' sodality. The Catholic Knights of America, branch 103, meets the first and third Sundays of each month, Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director. The Sacred Heart league has special devotions on the first Friday of each month at 7:30 p. m., Rev. P. J. O'Reilley, director.

St. Patrick's, corner of DeWald and Harrison streets, Rev. Joseph F. Delaney, pastor; Rev. Thomas Mungovan, assistant.—The services at the church are as follows: Mass at 7:45 a. m.; children's mass at 9 a. m.; high mass at 10:30 a. m.; catechism at 2:15 p. m.; vespers at 3 p. m. Masses at 6:30 and 8 a. m. during week days.

Following is a list of the various societies of the church and the time of meeting: Married Men's and Young Men's sodalities, first Sunday in the month; Rosary society, second Sunday; Young Ladies' sodality, third Sunday; also the first three Sundays of the month for the office of the Blessed Virgin; Boys' and Girls' sodalities, fourth Sunday at 2:30 p. m.; all other meetings at 4 o'clock, immediately after vespers; each society takes communion on Sunday of meeting; St. Vincent de Paul society meets the fourth Sunday of the month; Ladies' Catholic Benevolent association meets first and fourth Thursdays; St. Joseph Benevolent society meets third Sunday of the month. Sacred Heart devotions on the first Friday of the month at 7:30 p. m.

St. Mary's (German), corner of Lafayette and Jefferson streets, Rev. John H. Oechtering, pastor; assistant, Rev. Gustave Hottenroth—Sunday services, 8 and 10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

St. Paul's (German), corner West Washington and Griffith streets, Rev. F. J. H. Kroll, pastor—Services, 10 a. m. and 7 p. m.

St. Peter's (German), corner East DeWald and Warsaw streets, Rev. Ferdinand Koerdt, pastor—Sunday services, 7:45 and 9:45 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

St. Joseph's chapel (in connection with St. Joseph's hospital), Rev. Thomas Eisenring, C. S. S., chaplain —Sunday services, 10 a. m. and 4 p. m.; weekly services, 8 a. m.

Church of the Precious Blood, corner of Barthold and Fourth streets, Rev. Francis Nigsch, pastor—Morning mass at 7:45; high mass, with sermon, at 10 a. m., and vespers at 3 p. m.

The Law

Of health has no uniformed guardians of its peace. If it had there would be arrests innumerable in every restaurant every day of the year. Both in the quantity and quality of the food they eat and in the manner of its consumption men and women sin each day against the laws of health. Those who will not heed Nature's warnings cannot escape her punishments, and dyspepsia or stomach "trouble" is the invariable penalty of careless eating.

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"I took two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for stomach trouble" writes Clarence Carnes, Esq., of Tuckerstown, Loudoun Co., Va. "It did me so much good that I didn't take any more. I can eat most anything now. I am so well pleased with it I hardly know how to thank you for your kind information. I tried a whole lot of things before I wrote to you. There was a gentleman told me about your medicine, how it had cured his wife. I thought I would try a bottle of it. I am glad I did, for I don't know what I would have done if it had not been for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery."

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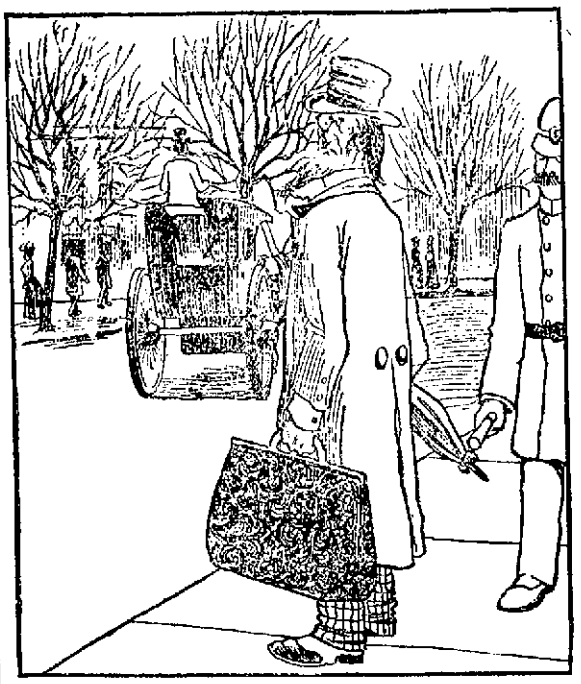
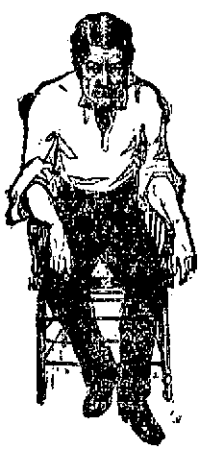


CAN YOU SEE THE BUNKO STEERER?

A Lurking Danger.



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There's a lurking danger in a bad back.

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When the kidney filters become clogged up many serious disorders follow quickly.

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Neglect sick kidneys, urinary disorders set in, Diabetes, Bright's Disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills

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South Whitley, Ind., Oct. 5, 1901.

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